



PATIENT PRESENTING CLINICAL SIGNS

Chip Cranney Vomiting multiple times. T=103.6
Abnormal PE/Chem/CBC/UA Results: WNL

SPECIES ULTRASONOGRAPHIC EXAMINATION OF THE ABDOMEN

Feline **Urinary System**

The urinary bladder, trigone, cystourethral junction, and visible pelvic urethra to a depth of 2.0 cm exhibited normal thickness and tone. Primarily anechoic urine was present in the lumen. Mild to moderate non-dependent, particulate sediment was present without evidence of calculus formation. The ureteral papillae were normal. The ureters were not visible which is normal. No evidence of inflammatory or neoplastic mural changes were noted.

BREED

DSH

SEX

Neutered Male

Normal size and margination were present in the kidneys. A normal 1:3 cortex / medulla ratio and normal corticomedullary definition were maintained. The echogenicity of the cortex was similar to or slightly less than normal liver parenchyma while the medulla echogenicity was hypoechoic to the cortex with no evidence of pelvic dilation. The left kidney measured 4.2 cm. The right kidney measured 4.3 cm.

AGE

7.5 Years

Adrenal Glands

The adrenal glands were mildly prominent in size, yet without evidence of adrenal pathology or tumors. This may be owing to stress hyperplasia or patient variant. The right adrenal gland measured 0.54 cm in width. The left adrenal gland measured 0.51 cm width.

WEIGHT

16 Pounds

Spleen

The spleen exhibited a finely textured and homogenous parenchyma which was hyperechoic to the liver and renal cortical parenchyma. The capsule was smooth and regular without apparent expansion. The splenic vasculature at the hilus was normal in volume with no evidence of congestion or thrombosis. Acute to chronic inflammatory, neoplastic, or benign parenchyma changes were not noted.

INTERPRETED BY

R. McKenzie Daniel,
DVM, DABVP
(Canine and Feline)

Liver

The liver was subjectively normal in size, structure, and contour. The liver parenchyma was uniform and hypoechoic to the spleen with a mild coarse echotexture. The hepatic and portal vasculature were normal in appearance without signs of congestion. The gallbladder was non-distended in size with thin walls and primarily anechoic luminal content. The cystic and common bile ducts were normal.

IMAGING PERFORMED BY

Dr. Rodriguez

HOSPITAL NAME

Foxfield Vet Services

Gastrointestinal

The stomach exhibited sonographically unremarkable walls with intact layering and without evidence of significant mural hypertrophy. Mild retained anechoic fluid was present primarily in the mid gastric body, extending into the gastric antrum and pylorus along with luminal gas. Potential for minor retained hairball density or similar (which appeared to be non-obstructive) is possible. Gastric body wall measured 0.34 cm. Pylorus wall measured 0.30 cm.

REFERRING VET

Dr. Rodriguez

INVOICE

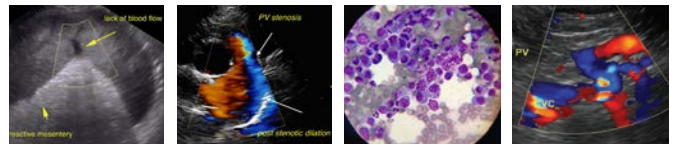
25082

The small intestine presented intact wall layering with 1:3 muscularis/mucosa ratio. Minor non-obstructive duodenal ileus was present, yet overall the small intestine was sonographically unremarkable with maintained 1:3 muscularis/mucosa ratio and without evidence of mechanical small intestinal obstruction or small intestinal foreign material. Duodenum wall measured 0.24 cm. Jejunum wall measured 0.20 cm.

DATE

8/31/21

Normal visible colon wall layers were present with apparent formed feces in lumen.



PATIENT

Pancreas

Chip Cranney

The parenchyma of the left limb, body and right limb of the pancreas presented isoechoic to the adjacent omental fat. A normal curvilinear capsule contour of the pancreas was present. The visible pancreatic duct was normal. No signs of active inflammation or neoplastic disease was evident.

SPECIES

Feline

PRIMARY FINDINGS

- Gastritis/gastroduodenitis pattern with minor retained gastric fluid and luminal gas

BREED

DSH

SECONDARY FINDINGS

- Mild to moderate particulate urinary bladder sediment

SEX

Neutered Male

INTERPRETATION OF THE FINDINGS & FURTHER RECOMMENDATIONS

No overt evidence of gastrointestinal mechanical obstruction. However, potential for a mild amount of non-obstructive gastric hair or similar density cannot be definitively excluded, especially if history of hairballs. Hospitalization with IV fluids and gastrointestinal support +/- hairball therapy (if clinically indicated) is recommended. Potential for infectious gastroenteritis possible given the mild fever. Sonographic or radiographic monitoring of the stomach to assess for persistent gas artifact or possible hairball density would be ideal.

AGE

7.5 Years

The urinary bladder sediment may suggest cellular / crystalline debris or mucus. Cystocentesis for UA +/- C/S if evidence of inflammatory cells is recommended.

WEIGHT

16 Pounds

INTERPRETED BY

R. McKenzie Daniel,
DVM, DABVP
(Canine and Feline)

IMAGING PERFORMED BY

Dr. Rodriguez

HOSPITAL NAME

Foxfield Vet Services

REFERRING VET

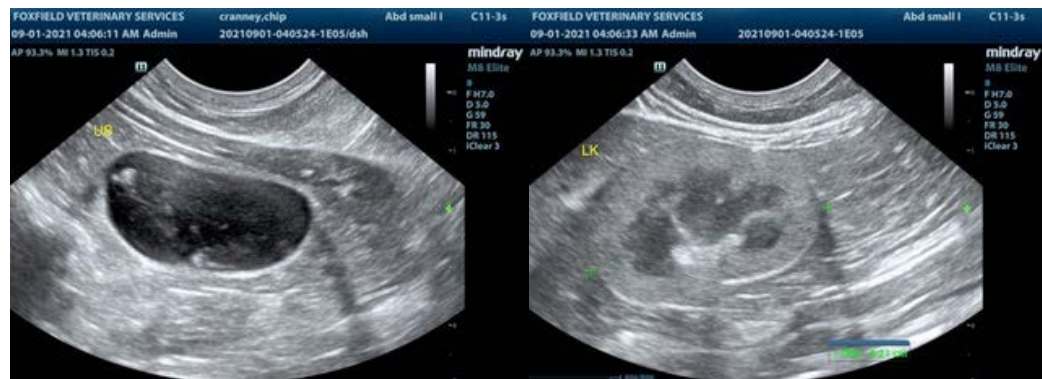
Dr. Rodriguez

INVOICE

25082

DATE

8/31/21





PATIENT

Chip Cranney

SPECIES

Feline

BREED

DSH

SEX

Neutered Male

AGE

7.5 Years

WEIGHT

16 Pounds

INTERPRETED BY

R. McKenzie Daniel,
DVM, DABVP
(Canine and Feline)

IMAGING PERFORMED BY

Dr. Rodriguez

HOSPITAL NAME

Foxfield Vet Services

REFERRING VET

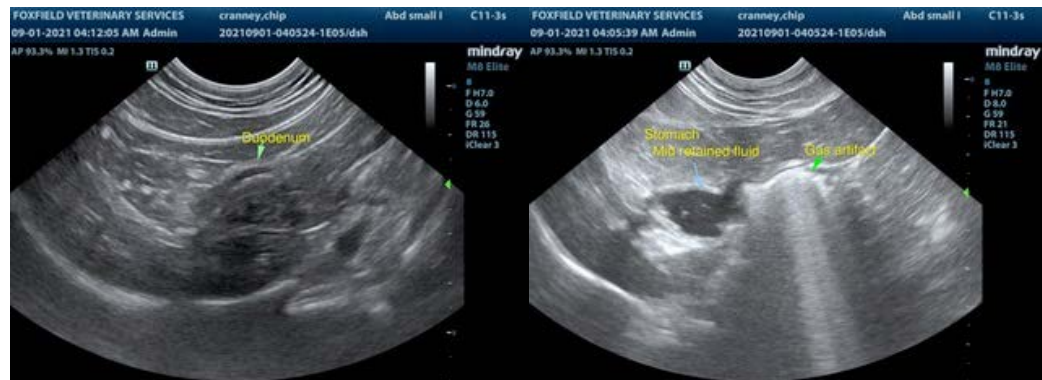
Dr. Rodriguez

INVOICE

25082

DATE

8/31/21



The information and recommendations provided are based on the images presented by the referring veterinarian. No evaluation can be communicated regarding pathology that was not visible in the image/video clips provided.

Thank you for this referral. If the clinical or image interpretation does not parallel your findings or if I can be of any further assistance please contact me.

R. McKenzie Daniel, DVM, DABVP (Canine / Feline Practice)
info@SonoPath.com