



## PATIENT

Blade Pohorence

## PRESENTING CLINICAL SIGNS

Grade II left sided heart murmur w/ palpable thrill. Current meds: Amoxi/clav 200/28mg

## SPECIES

Canine

## BREED

Chihuahua

## SEX

Male

## AGE

10 Years

## WEIGHT

6 Pounds

## ULTRASONOGRAPHIC EXAMINATION OF THE HEART

CANINE CARDIAC PARAMETERS	MR VMAX (m/s)	TR VMAX (m/s)	LA/AO (Boon method)	LA/AO (Heart Base; Swe)	FS (%)	EF (%)	EPSS (cm)
NORMAL PARAMETER	4.5-5.5	<2.7	1.3	<1.6	28-40	40-100	<0.6
PATIENT			1.45	1.5	49.4	84.4	0.16
CANINE CARDIAC PARAMETERS	HR (BPM)	AV VMAX (m/s)	PV MAX (m/s)	BODY WEIGHT (kg)	LA 2D short axis Base view (cm)	LVIDd Avg; 2D and m-mode short axis (cm)	LVIDs Avg; 2D and m-mode short axis (cm)
NORMAL PARAMETER	50-100	0.7-1.7	0.7-1.6				
PATIENT	185	1.5	1.0		2.0	1.6	

### Cardiac Presentation

The echocardiogram in this patient demonstrated normal **left atrial** size based on 3 different LA measurement methods. Chamber volumes and echogenicity were normal. The cranial and caudal **mitral** valve leaflets presented vegetative thickening consistent with endocardiosis. Doppler indicated measurable insufficiency. The **left ventricle** presented thicknesses with linear contour and was not dilated nor restricted. The **myocardium** presented normal echogenicity without subjective evidence of significant fibrotic or ischemic disease. **Contractility** of the ventricular walls was adequate and in normal range for this patient evidenced by the fractional shortening measurement and subjective evaluation of the different regions of the myocardium. The **left ventricular outflow** tract demonstrated normal laminar flow and subjective structural integrity. The **right atrium** and auricle revealed normal size, structure and content. No evidence of masses was noted or chamber overload. **Tricuspid** valvular assessment demonstrated adequate linear morphology. The **right ventricle** was of normal size (1/3 diameter of LV), chordae structure, myocardial echogenicity and thickness. **Pulmonic** tract assessment revealed normal valve structure, laminar flow, and diameter (approx. 1:1 pa/ao ratio). No visible **pericardial** or free pleura fluid was noted. No echographically detectable evidence of infiltrative disease was visible. The cranial **mediastinum** and **pericardial** regions were free of masses in the visible window.

### ULTRASONOGRAPHIC FINDINGS

- Chronic mitral valve disease (ACVIM B1)

## INVOICE

25083

## DATE

8/31/21

### INTERPRETATION OF THE FINDINGS & FURTHER RECOMMENDATIONS

The cause of the murmur is chronic degenerative valvular changes with secondary mitral valve insufficiency. The lack of left atrial enlargement as well as lack of increased left ventricle volume implies that the risk of complication is low at this time, yet prognosis is highly variable. Given these findings, medical therapy is not overtly indicated. Conservative monitoring is recommended with a recheck

## INTERPRETED BY

R. McKenzie Daniel,  
DVM, DABVP  
(Canine and Feline)

## IMAGING PERFORMED BY

Jessica Miller

## HOSPITAL NAME

North Warren

## REFERRING VET

Dr. Corrado



**PATIENT**

Blade Pohorence

echocardiogram in 6-12 months, sooner if murmur intensity increases or clinical signs suggestive of heart disease develop.

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The information and recommendations provided are based on the images presented by the referring veterinarian. No evaluation can be communicated regarding pathology that was not visible in the image/video clips provided.

**IMAGING PERFORMED BY**

Jessica Miller

Thank you for this referral. If the clinical or image interpretation does not parallel your findings or if I can be of any further assistance please contact me.

**HOSPITAL NAME**

North Warren

R. McKenzie Daniel, DVM, DABVP (Canine / Feline Practice)  
info@SonoPath.com

**REFERRING VET**

Dr. Corrado

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