



PATIENT PRESENTING CLINICAL SIGNS

Tabbs Rix losing weight, inappetence, abd mass felt, rads showed suspicion for cranial abd mass currently on gabapentin, mirtazapine.

SPECIES ULTRASONOGRAPHIC EXAMINATION OF THE ABDOMEN

Feline **Urinary System**

BREED The urinary bladder, trigone, cystourethral junction, and visible pelvic urethra to a depth of 2.0 cm exhibited normal thickness and tone. Anechoic urine was present in the lumen with no uroliths or sediment. The ureteral papillae were normal. The ureters were not visible which is normal. No evidence of inflammatory or neoplastic changes were noted.

DSH

SEX Normal size and margination were present in the kidneys. A normal 1:3 cortex / medulla ratio was maintained. The medulla and cortices were uniform in texture with some increased echogenicity and loss of corticomodullary symmetry and definition expected for the age of the patient. No evidence of pelvic dilation was present. The right kidney measured 3.8 cm. The left kidney measured 3.9 cm.

Neutered Male

AGE Adrenal Glands

16 Years The adrenal glands were indistinctly visualized owing to regional periadrenal increased omental artifact and peritoneal effusion. The left adrenal gland measured 0.57 cm. The right adrenal gland measured 0.37 cm in width.

WEIGHT Spleen

14.6 Pounds The spleen exhibited primarily finely textured parenchyma which was hyperechoic to the liver and renal cortical parenchyma. Mild generalized parenchyma heterogeneity was present without evidence of nodular changes. The capsule was smooth and regular without apparent expansion. The splenic vasculature at the hilus was normal in volume with no evidence of congestion or thrombosis. The parenchymal heterogeneity is likely consistent with benign changes such as extramedullary hematopoiesis or age related remodeling with minor potential for inflammatory or neoplastic disease. The spleen measured 0.76 cm in width at the level of the hilus.

INTERPRETED BY

R. McKenzie Daniel, DVM,
DABVP (Canine and
Feline)

IMAGING PERFORMED BY

Kelly Reschny

HOSPITAL NAME

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REFERRING VET

Dr. Haidy

INVOICE

24782

DATE

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Liver

The liver exhibited potential for mild generalized enlargement. The liver parenchyma was mildly nonuniform and hypoechoic to the spleen with a moderate coarse echotexture and subjective mild to benign parenchymal remodeling. The hepatic and portal vasculature were normal in appearance without signs of congestion. The gallbladder was non distended in size with mild to moderate, non-dependent yet non-organized debris. The cystic duct and common bile ducts were normal without evidence of dilation.

Gastrointestinal

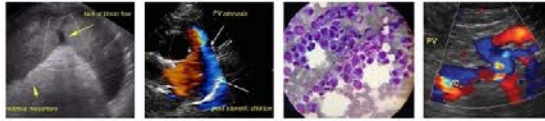
The stomach presented intact wall layering with a normal wall layer ratio. The lumen of the stomach was empty with no signs of ileus, obstruction or foreign material.

The small intestine presented intact wall layering with 1:3 muscularis/mucosa ratio. The lumen of the small intestine was empty with no signs of ileus, obstruction or foreign material.

Normal visible colon wall layers were present with apparent formed feces in lumen.

Pancreas

The pancreas was normal in size and contour with isoechoic to heterogeneous parenchyma compared to adjacent omentum. No signs of active inflammation or neoplasia.



PATIENT *Free Abdomen*

Tubbs Rix Generalized, non-uniformly echogenic mesentery with ill-defined mesenteric mass noted in the mid to cranial abdomen caudal to the liver. The mass measured approximately 4.0 cm x 4.0 cm. Moderate cellular peritoneal effusion was present. Several non-homogeneous to pinpoint hyperechoic mass lesions were noted along the ventrocaudal peritoneal surface with potential for body wall involvement. Example of peritoneal surface potential body wall nodular mass lesion measured 2.3 cm diameter.

SPECIES

Feline

PRIMARY FINDINGS

BREED

DSH

SEX

Neutered Male

- Unspecified mid to cranial abdominal omental mass lesion – potential pancreatic, omental or lymphatic origin possible.
- Ventrocaudal peritoneal surface to body wall non-homogeneous to potential pinpoint mineralized nodular mass lesions.
- Moderate cellular peritoneal effusion

SECONDARY FINDINGS

AGE

16 Years

- Bilateral moderate chronic renal changes
- Non-homogeneous liver with mild gallbladder debris

INTERPRETATION OF THE FINDINGS & FURTHER RECOMMENDATIONS

WEIGHT

14.6 Pounds

Recommend abdominocentesis, rapid cytospin and rapid slide preparation of the sediment to conserve the integrity of the cells would be recommended in order to optimize the cytological interpretation. Culture of the fluid can also be considered if any suspicion of inflammatory elements is noted. FIP is technically a potential, however considered unlikely given the age of the patient. Carcinomatosis, lymphomatosis potentially deriving from the pancreas omentum or omental lymph nodes with suspect peritoneal surface to body wall metastasis are the primary differentials.

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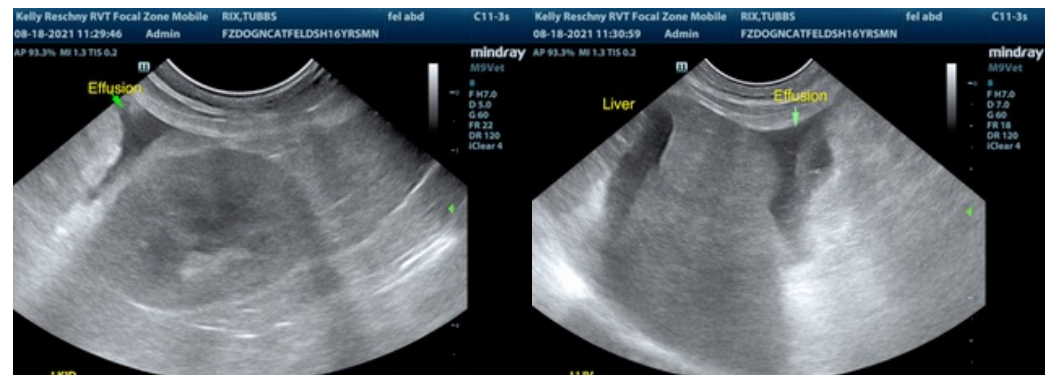
The free fluid has mild echogenic changes to it. Given that no subnormal albumin that would diminish oncotic pressures to the point of causing free fluid as well as no evidence of passive congestion with hepatic vasculature or vena cava and no significant, diffuse hepatic disease is noted as well as no evidence of intestinal perforation or other pathology that would be responsible for effusion of this nature, lymphatic obstruction owing to carcinomatosis and lymphomatosis or similar is my primary concern. Likely unfavorable prognosis is unfortunately indicated.

IMAGING PERFORMED BY

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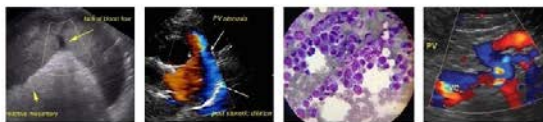
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PATIENT

Tubbs Rix

SPECIES

Feline

BREED

DSH

SEX

Neutered Male

AGE

16 Years

WEIGHT

14.6 Pounds

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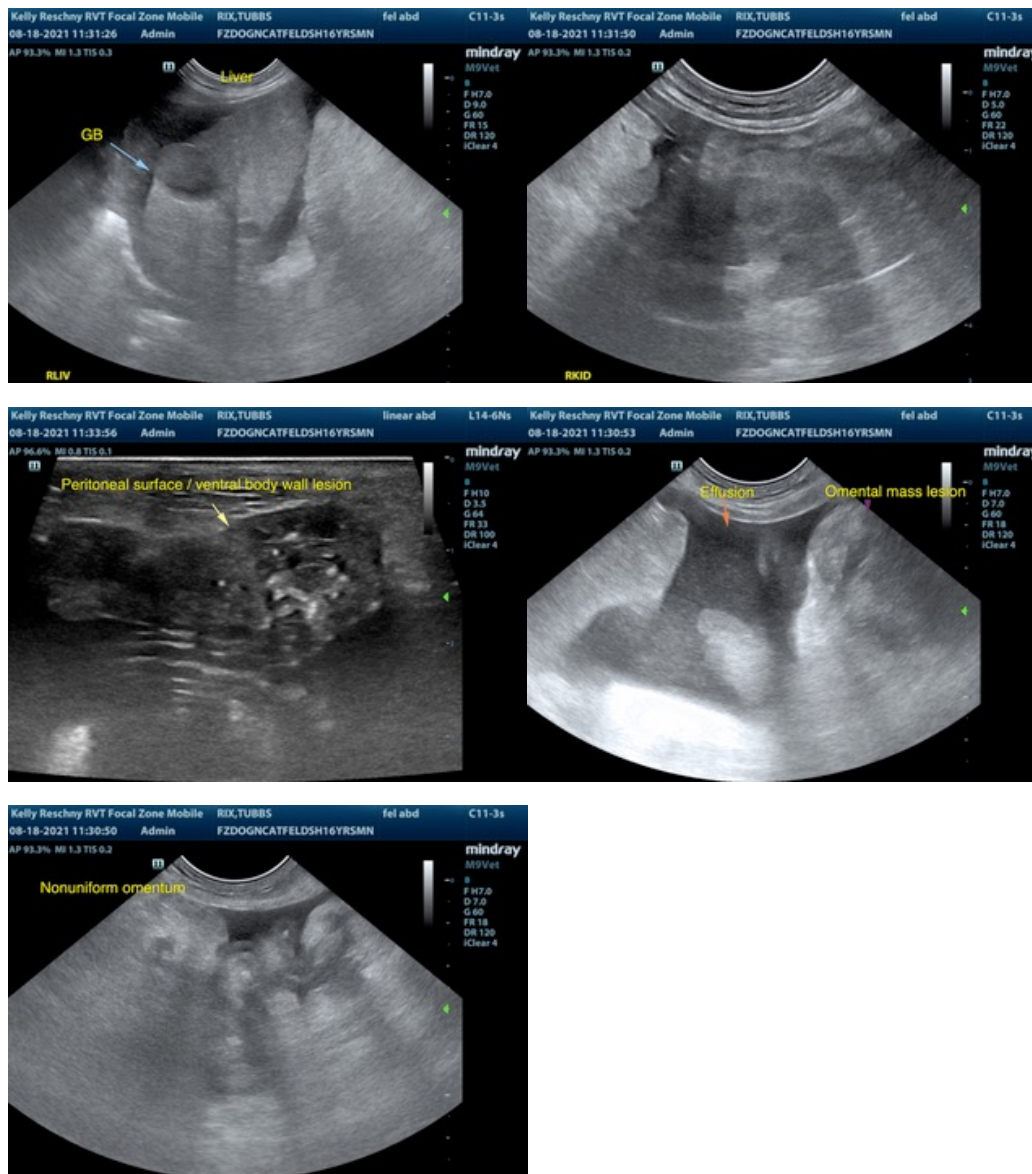
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The information and recommendations provided are based on the images presented by the referring veterinarian. No evaluation can be communicated regarding pathology that was not visible in the image/video clips provided.

Thank you for this referral. If the clinical or image interpretation does not parallel your findings or if I can be of any further assistance please contact me.

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