



PATIENT PRESENTING CLINICAL SIGNS

Charlotte Montoya normal PE Current Medications fluoxetine Primary Question/Differential to Be Answered in This Exam r/o idiopathic hypercalcemia vs neoplasia

SPECIES Abnormal PE/Chem/CBC/UA Results: elevated calcium/ionized Ca

Feline **ULTRASONOGRAPHIC EXAMINATION OF THE ABDOMEN**

BREED *Urinary System*

DSH The urinary bladder, trigone, cystourethral junction, and visible pelvic urethra to a depth of 3 cm exhibited normal thickness and tone. Anechoic urine was present in the lumen with mild dependent hyperechoic sand/micromineral along with minor non-dependent particulate to hyperechoic sediment. **SEX** The ureteral papillae were normal. The ureters were not visible which is normal. No evidence of inflammatory or neoplastic changes were noted. FS

AGE Normal size and margination were present in the kidneys. A normal 1:3 cortex / medulla ratio and normal corticomedullary definition were maintained. The echogenicity of the cortex was similar to or slightly less than normal liver parenchyma while the medulla echogenicity was hypoechoic to the cortex with no evidence of pelvic dilation. Pinpoint to minor area of medullary mineral. The left kidney measured 3.6 cm in length. The right kidney measured 3.9 cm in length.

WEIGHT 12lb The area of the aortic trifurcation was free of pathology.

INTERPRETED BY *Adrenal Glands*

R. McKenzie Daniel, DVM, DABVP (Canine and Feline) The left adrenal gland was uniform in size and contour with a uniformly hypoechoic parenchyma. The left adrenal gland measured 0.34 cm width. The right adrenal gland was uniform in size and contour with a uniformly hypoechoic parenchyma. The right adrenal gland measured 0.57 cm width.

IMAGING PERFORMED BY *Spleen*

Jenna Walsh CVT The spleen exhibited a finely textured and homogenous parenchyma which was hyperechoic to the liver and renal cortical parenchyma. The capsule was smooth and regular without apparent expansion. The splenic vasculature at the hilus was normal in volume with no evidence of congestion or thrombosis. Acute to chronic inflammatory, neoplastic, or benign parenchyma changes were not noted. The spleen measured 0.82 cm in width at the level of the hilus.

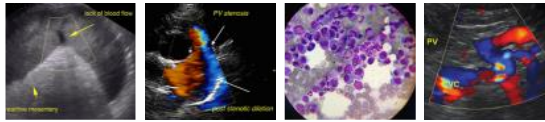
HOSPITAL NAME *Liver/Gallbladder*

VCA Vitality Animal Hospital The liver was subjectively normal in size, structure, and contour. The liver parenchyma was uniform and hypoechoic to the spleen with a mild coarse echotexture. The hepatic and portal vasculature were normal in appearance without signs of congestion. The gallbladder was non-distended in size with thin walls and primarily anechoic luminal content. The cystic and common bile ducts were normal.

REFERRING VET *Gastrointestinal*

Dr Burgt The stomach presented intact wall layering with a normal wall layer ratio. The lumen of the stomach was empty with no signs of ileus, obstruction or foreign material. The gastric body wall measured 0.24 cm.

INVOICE 14613ag
DATE 08/14/2023



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The small intestine presented intact wall layering with 1:3 muscularis/mucosa ratio. The lumen of the small intestine was empty with no signs of ileus, obstruction or foreign material. The jejunum wall measured 0.25 cm width. The ileocolic wall measured 0.35 cm width.

SPECIES

Feline

Normal visible colon wall layers were present with apparent formed feces in lumen.

Pancreas

BREED

DSH

The parenchyma of the left limb, body and right limb of the pancreas presented isoechoic to the adjacent omental fat. A normal curvilinear capsule contour of the pancreas was present. The visible pancreatic duct was normal. No signs of active inflammation or neoplastic disease was evident.

SEX

FS

Free Abdomen

No omental masses, significant/diffuse lymphadenopathy or peritoneal effusion was present.

AGE

5yr

Minor homogenous colic lymphadenopathy adjacent to the ileocolic junction was visualized.

WEIGHT

12lb

ULTRASONOGRAPHIC FINDINGS

- Mild dependent to non-dependent urinary bladder lumen sediment/sand.
- Bilateral pinpoint to minor renal medullary mineral.
- Otherwise sonographically unremarkable abdomen.

INTERPRETATION OF THE FINDINGS & FURTHER RECOMMENDATIONS

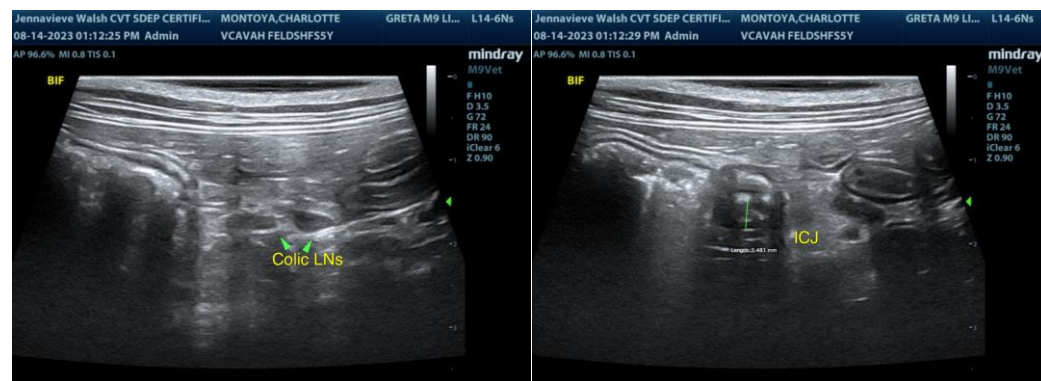
INTERPRETED BY

R. McKenzie Daniel,
DVM, DABVP
(Canine and Feline)

Overall, there is no overt evidence of significant abdominal visceral pathology. No evidence of intra-abdominal neoplastic criteria. A full urinary workup including UA, C/S and baseline UPC level if evidence of inflammatory cells is suggested. Three view chest radiographs are recommended if not done to assess for occult thoracic pathology.

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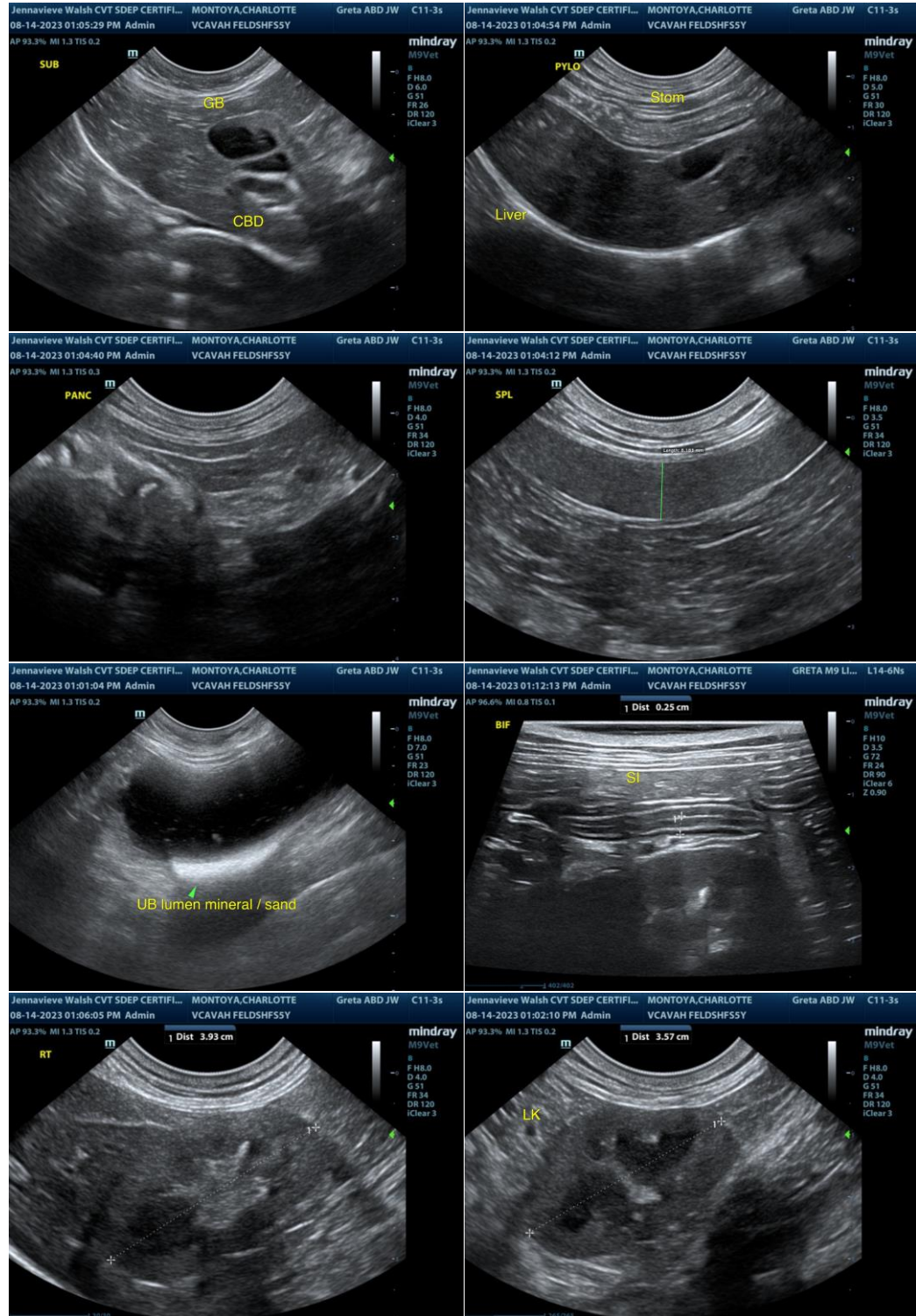
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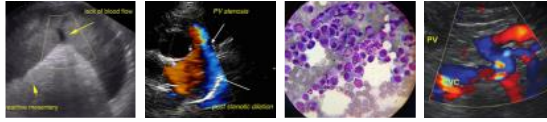
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The information and recommendations provided are based on the images presented by the referring veterinarian/sonographer. No evaluation can be communicated regarding pathology that was not



PATIENT visible in the image/video clips provided.

Charlotte Montoya

Thank you for this referral. If the clinical or image interpretation does not parallel your findings or if I can be of any further assistance please contact me.

SPECIES

R. McKenzie Daniel, DVM, DABVP (Canine / Feline Practice)

Feline

info@SonoPath.com

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