



PATIENT PRESENTING CLINICAL SIGNS

Luna Craig
SPECIES
Feline

PRESENTING COMPLAINT: Seizures **HISTORY:** idiopathic epilepsy (presumed- extracranial workup wnl, intracranial workup not performed) managed with phenobarbital- due in about an hour and a half. Patient appetite declining, had a dental recently to rule out dental pain, radiographs unremarkable. When inappetent, o able to tempt to eat with baby food. DIH
Abnormal PE/Chem/CBC/UA Results: Senior screen to Antech with add on Phenobarbital level and add on GI panel

BREED ULTRASONOGRAPHIC EXAMINATION OF THE ABDOMEN

DLH Urinary System

The urinary bladder, trigone, cystourethral junction, and visible pelvic urethra to a depth of 2.0 cm exhibited normal thickness and tone. Primarily anechoic urine was present in the lumen. Non-dependent particulate sediment was present without evidence of calculus formation. The ureteral papillae were normal. The ureters were not visible which is normal. No evidence of inflammatory or neoplastic mural changes were noted.

AGE The area of the aortic trifurcation was free of pathology.

10 Years
WEIGHT Normal size and margination were present in the right kidney. A normal 1:3 cortex / medulla ratio and normal corticomedullary definition were maintained. The echogenicity of the cortex was similar to or slightly less than normal liver parenchyma while the medulla echogenicity was hypoechoic to the cortex with no evidence of pelvic dilation. A subtle hyperechoic corticomedullary band, consistent with a medullary rim sign, was present. This is a nonspecific finding seen in both normal and abnormal kidneys. It may be associated interstitial renal disease, hypercalcemia, tubular necrosis, lymphoma, and FIP. However, it is likely an idiopathic finding. The left kidney measured 3.6 cm.

INTERPRETED BY
R. McKenzie Daniel,
DVM, DABVP
(Canine and Feline)

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IMAGING PERFORMED BY Adrenal Glands

Dr. Kristin Peterson

The left adrenal gland was uniform in size and contour with a uniformly hypoechoic parenchyma. The left adrenal gland measured 0.28 cm in width. The right adrenal gland was not definitively visualized.

HOSPITAL NAME Spleen

Willamette Vet Hospital

The spleen exhibited a finely textured and homogenous parenchyma which was hyperechoic to the liver and renal cortical parenchyma. The capsule was smooth and regular without apparent expansion. The splenic vasculature at the hilus was normal in volume with no evidence of congestion or thrombosis. Acute to chronic inflammatory, neoplastic, or benign parenchyma changes were not noted. The spleen measured 0.78 cm in width.

REFERRING VET Liver

Dr. Kristin Peterson

The liver was subjectively normal in size, structure, and contour. The liver parenchyma was uniform and hypoechoic to the spleen with a mild coarse echotexture. The hepatic and portal vasculature were normal in appearance without signs of congestion. The gallbladder was non-distended in size with thin walls and primarily anechoic luminal content. The cystic and common bile ducts were normal.

INVOICE DATE Gastrointestinal

24703
8/14/21



PATIENT

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The visualized gastric walls were sonographically unremarkable. Gastric body wall measured 0.25 cm. The lumen of the stomach contained moderate echogenic ingesta with subtle progressive distal acoustic shadowing, most consistent with post prandial presentation without signs of ileus, obstruction or foreign material.

SPECIES

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The small intestine presented intact wall layering with 1:3 muscularis/mucosa ratio. Segmental minor echogenic non-shadowing digesta/chyme was present. Duodenum wall measured 0.22 cm. Jejunum wall measured 0.21 cm.

BREED

DLH

Normal visible colon wall layers were present with apparent formed feces in lumen.

SEX

Spayed Female

Pancreas

The parenchyma of the left limb, body and right limb of the pancreas presented isoechoic to the adjacent omental fat. A normal curvilinear capsule contour of the pancreas was present. The visible pancreatic duct was normal. No signs of active inflammation or neoplastic disease was evident.

Free Abdomen

No evidence of intraabdominal masses, lymphadenopathy or effusion.

AGE

10 Years

ULTRASONOGRAPHIC FINDINGS

WEIGHT

8.38 Pounds

- Sonographically normal gastrointestinal tract with gastric and minor segmental small bowel ingesta
- Mild age related renal changes with subtle non-specific left kidney medullary rim sign
- Mild urinary bladder sediment – cellular or crystalline debris or mucus possible

INTERPRETATION OF THE FINDINGS & FURTHER RECOMMENDATIONS

INTERPRETED BY

R. McKenzie Daniel,
DVM, DABVP
(Canine and Feline)

The urinary bladder sediment may suggest cellular / crystalline debris or mucus. Cystocentesis for UA +/- C/S if evidence of inflammatory cells is recommended.

The presence of gastrointestinal ingesta was non-specific, yet in light of the history, some degree of potential gastrointestinal hypomotility may be considered. No signs of gastrointestinal foreign body, mechanical obstruction or overt gastrointestinal mural disease.

IMAGING PERFORMED BY

Dr. Kristin Peterson

Overall, an obvious cause of the weight loss and seizures was not apparent in the abdomen. Pending labs and GI panel, continued supportive care indicated.

HOSPITAL NAME

Willamette Vet
Hospital



REFERRING VET

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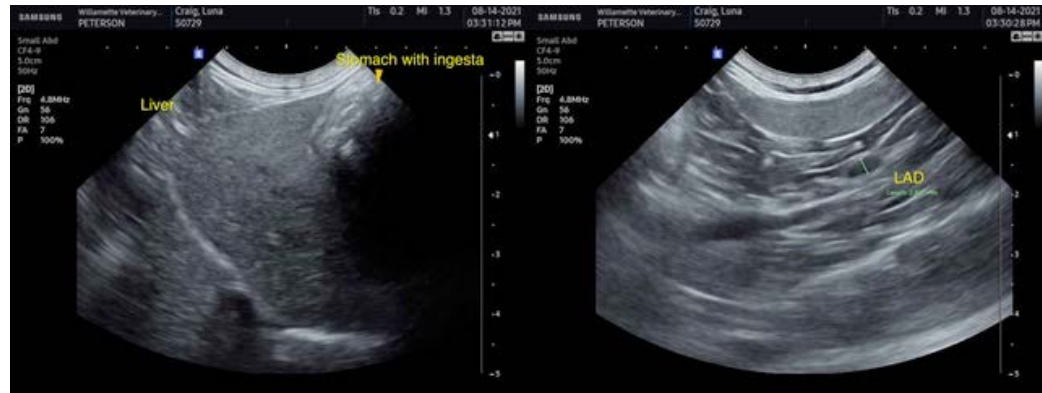
Spayed Female

AGE

10 Years

WEIGHT

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The information and recommendations provided are based on the images presented by the referring veterinarian. No evaluation can be communicated regarding pathology that was not visible in the image/video clips provided.

Thank you for this referral. If the clinical or image interpretation does not parallel your findings or if I can be of any further assistance please contact me.

R. McKenzie Daniel, DVM, DABVP (Canine / Feline Practice)

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