



PATIENT

Iris Harrison

SPECIES

Canine

BREED

Basset Hound Mix

SEX

Spayed Female

AGE

4 years

WEIGHT

42.4 lbs.

INTERPRETED BY

R. McKenzie Daniel,
DVM, DABVP
(Canine and Feline)

IMAGING PERFORMED BY

Dr. Carlos Abdul-Chani

HOSPITAL NAME

Byran Animal Hospital

REFERRING VET

Dr. Carlos Abdul-Chani

INVOICE

12129

DATE

8/13/21

PRESENTING CLINICAL SIGNS

Frequent hematuria and stranguria Current meds: None CBC/ Chem Findings: WNL UA Results: Hematuria, rods, Prot 1+ Urine Specific Gravity: 1.039

ULTRASONOGRAPHIC EXAMINATION OF THE ABDOMEN

Urinary System

The urinary bladder presented uniformly thickened primarily ventral to ventral apical and cystourethral junction walls. The luminal margin of the thickened urinary bladder wall was mildly asymmetrical in contour. The ventral urinary bladder wall thickness measured 0.63 cm width. Mineralization or echogenic foci within the thickened areas of urinary bladder wall was not present. The urinary bladder, trigone, cystourethral junction, and visible pelvic urethra exhibited normal tone to a depth of 2.0 cm. Anechoic urine was present in the lumen with no calculi or overt sediment. The ureteral papillae were normal. The ureters were not visible which is normal.

The area of the aortic trifurcation was free of pathology.

Normal size and margination were present in the kidneys. A normal 1:3 cortex / medulla ratio and normal corticomedullary definition were maintained. The echogenicity of the cortex was similar to or slightly less than normal liver parenchyma while the medulla echogenicity was hypoechoic to the cortex with no evidence of pyelectasia or overt pyelonephritis. The left kidney measured 6.8 cm in length. The right kidney measured 6.8 cm in length.

Adrenal Glands

The left adrenal gland was uniform in size and contour with a uniformly hypoechoic parenchyma. The left adrenal gland measured 0.65 cm width at the caudal pole and 0.50 cm width at the cranial pole. The right adrenal gland was uniform in size and contour with a uniformly hypoechoic parenchyma. The right adrenal gland measured 0.64 cm width at the caudal pole and 0.64 cm width at the cranial pole.

Spleen

The spleen exhibited a finely textured and homogenous parenchyma which was hyperechoic to the liver and renal cortical parenchyma. The capsule was smooth and regular without apparent expansion. The splenic vasculature at the hilus was normal in volume with no evidence of congestion or thrombosis. Acute to chronic inflammatory, neoplastic, or benign parenchyma changes were not noted.

Liver/ Gallbladder

The liver was subjectively normal in size, structure, and contour. The liver parenchyma was uniform and hypoechoic to the spleen with a mild coarse echotexture. The hepatic and portal vasculature were normal in appearance without signs of congestion. The gallbladder was non-distended in size with thin walls and primarily anechoic luminal content. The cystic and common bile ducts were normal.

Gastrointestinal

The stomach presented intact wall layering with a normal wall layer ratio. The lumen of the stomach was empty with no signs of ileus, obstruction, or foreign material.



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The small intestine presented intact wall layering with 1:3 muscularis/mucosa ratio. The lumen of the small intestine was empty with no signs of ileus, obstruction, or foreign material.

Normal visible colon wall layers were present with apparent formed feces in lumen.

Pancreas

The parenchyma of the left limb, body, and right limb of the pancreas presented isoechoic to the adjacent omental fat. A normal curvilinear capsule contour of the pancreas was present. The visible pancreatic duct was normal. No signs of active inflammation or neoplastic disease were evident.

Free Abdomen

No overt lymphadenopathy or peritoneal effusion was present.

ULTRASONOGRAPHIC FINDINGS

Primary Findings

- Moderate cystitis
- Sonographically unremarkable bilateral kidneys and proximal urethra

INTERPRETATION OF THE FINDINGS & FURTHER RECOMMENDATIONS

The overall appearance of the urinary bladder was consistent with moderate cystitis. No overt evidence of neoplastic criteria as well as no evidence of concurrent sediment / calculi. Urine culture and sensitivity on a sterile urine sample is recommended.

Given the presence of cystitis, a higher dose, shorter frequency antibiotic protocol i.e., Clavamox or Enrofloxacin 20 mg/kg PO SID for 4-5 days +/- urinary probiotics ideally based on urine C/S results may be considered as this protocol may have less detrimental effects on normal urinary bladder flora. Recheck urine C/S 7 days post completion of antibiotics, as well as sonographic reassessment of the urinary bladder, would be ideal. As-needed analgesia given the presence of stranguria may also prove beneficial.





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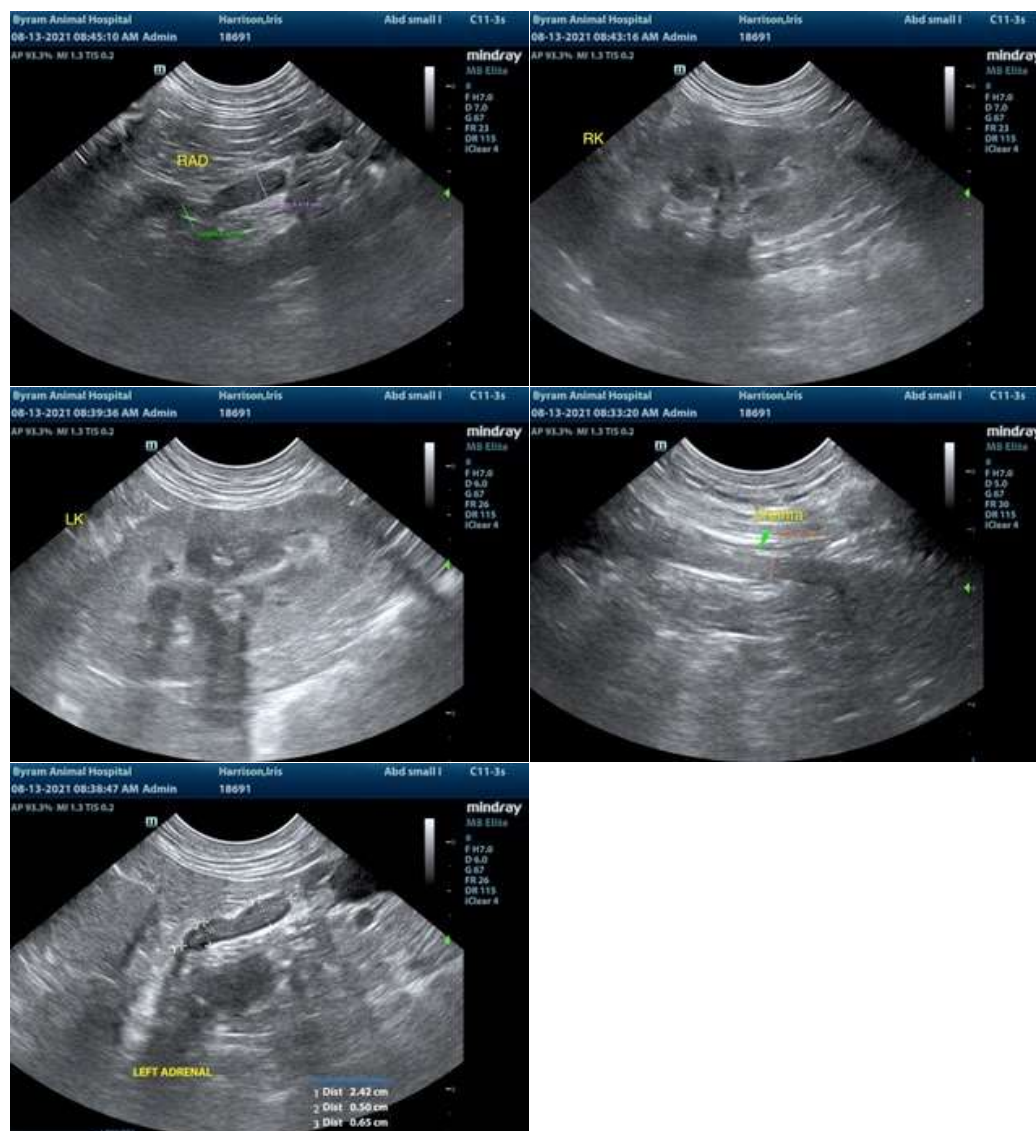
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The information and recommendations provided are based on the images presented by the referring veterinarian. No evaluation can be communicated regarding pathology that was not visible in the image/video clips provided.

Thank you for this referral. If the clinical or image interpretation does not parallel your findings or if I can be of any further assistance please contact me.

R. McKenzie Daniel, DVM, DABVP (Canine / Feline Practice)
info@SonoPath.com