



**PATIENT PRESENTING CLINICAL SIGNS**

**PATIENT** Kili Claessens  
**SPECIES** Canine  
**BREED** Mixed  
**SEX** FS  
**AGE** 11yr  
**WEIGHT** 39lb

Screening for mets of multiple high grade cutaneous MCT that were removed, subcutaneous MCT also excised. Unremarkable CBC/Chem/UA, see attachment. Current Medications Diphenhydramine & Famotidine BID Primary Question/Differential to Be Answered in This Exam Goal: Splenic aspiration to observe for mets of MCT

**ULTRASONOGRAPHIC EXAMINATION OF THE ABDOMEN**

**Urinary System**

The urinary bladder, trigone, cystourethral junction, and visible pelvic urethra to a depth of 4 cm exhibited normal thickness and tone. Anechoic urine was present in the lumen with no uroliths or sediment. The ureteral papillae were normal. The ureters were not visible which is normal. No evidence of inflammatory or neoplastic changes were noted.

Normal size and margination were present in the kidneys. A normal 1:3 cortex / medulla ratio was maintained. The medulla and cortices were uniform in texture with some increased echogenicity and mild loss of corticomedullary symmetry and definition expected for the age of the patient. No evidence of pelvic dilation was present. The left kidney measured 5.4 cm in length. The right kidney measured 5.5 cm in length.

The area of the iliac trifurcation was free of pathology including no evidence of medial, iliac or sublumbar lymphadenopathy or masses.

**INTERPRETED BY Adrenal Glands**

R. McKenzie Daniel, DVM, DABVP (Canine and Feline)

The bilateral adrenal glands were normal in size. Mild parenchyma heterogeneity and mild capsule asymmetry was present without suspicion for overt primary or metastatic neoplasia. The left adrenal gland measured 2.5 cm length and 0.78 cm width in the caudal pole. The right adrenal gland measured 1.9 cm length and 0.49 cm width in the caudal pole.

**IMAGING PERFORMED BY Spleen**

Jenna Walsh CVT

The spleen exhibited a finely textured and homogenous parenchyma which was hyperechoic to the liver and renal cortical parenchyma. The capsule was smooth and regular without apparent expansion. The splenic vasculature at the hilus was normal in volume with no evidence of congestion or thrombosis. Acute to chronic inflammatory, neoplastic, or benign parenchyma changes were not noted.

**HOSPITAL NAME Liver/Gallbladder**

VCA salem Animal hospital

**REFERRING VET** Hallden

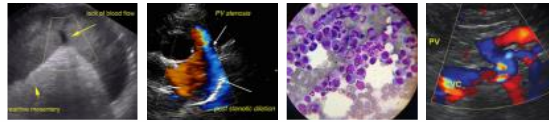
The liver was subjectively normal in size, structure, and contour. The liver parenchyma was uniform and hypoechoic to the spleen with a mild coarse echotexture. The hepatic and portal vasculature were normal in appearance without signs of congestion. The gallbladder was non-distended in size with thin walls and primarily anechoic luminal content with minor cranial lumen congealed sediment. The cystic and common bile ducts were normal.

**INVOICE Gastrointestinal**

14585ag

**DATE** 08/11/2023

The stomach presented intact wall layering with a normal wall layer ratio. The lumen of the stomach was empty with no signs of ileus, obstruction or foreign material.



**PATIENT**

The small intestine presented intact wall layering with 1:3 muscularis/mucosa ratio. The lumen of the small intestine was empty with no signs of ileus, obstruction or foreign material.

Kili Claessens

Normal visible colon wall layers were present with apparent formed feces in lumen.

**SPECIES**

**Pancreas**

Canine

The parenchyma of the left limb, body and right limb of the pancreas presented isoechoic to the adjacent omental fat. A normal curvilinear capsule contour of the pancreas was present. The visible pancreatic duct was normal. No signs of active inflammation or neoplastic disease was evident.

**BREED**

Mixed

**Free Abdomen**

**SEX**

No omental masses, overt lymphadenopathy or peritoneal effusion was present.

**FS**

**ULTRASONOGRAPHIC FINDINGS**

**AGE**

- Sonographically unremarkable abdomen.
- Mild chronic renal changes.

11yr

**INTERPRETATION OF THE FINDINGS & FURTHER RECOMMENDATIONS**

**WEIGHT**

Overall, there is no overt evidence of significant abdominal visceral pathology. No evidence of intra-abdominal neoplastic or metastatic criteria. Correlation with pending splenic FNA is suggested. Sonographic monitoring of the abdomen based on oncology recommendations is recommended.

39lb

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DVM, DABVP  
(Canine and Feline)

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Jenna Walsh CVT

**HOSPITAL NAME**

VCA salem Animal hospital

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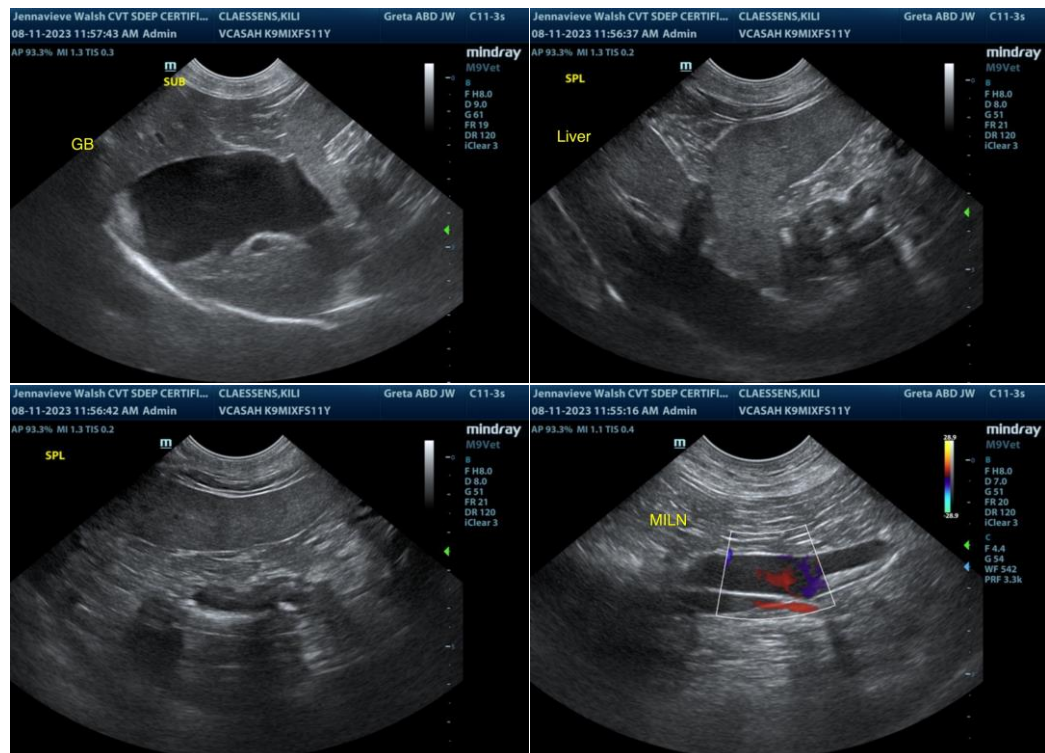
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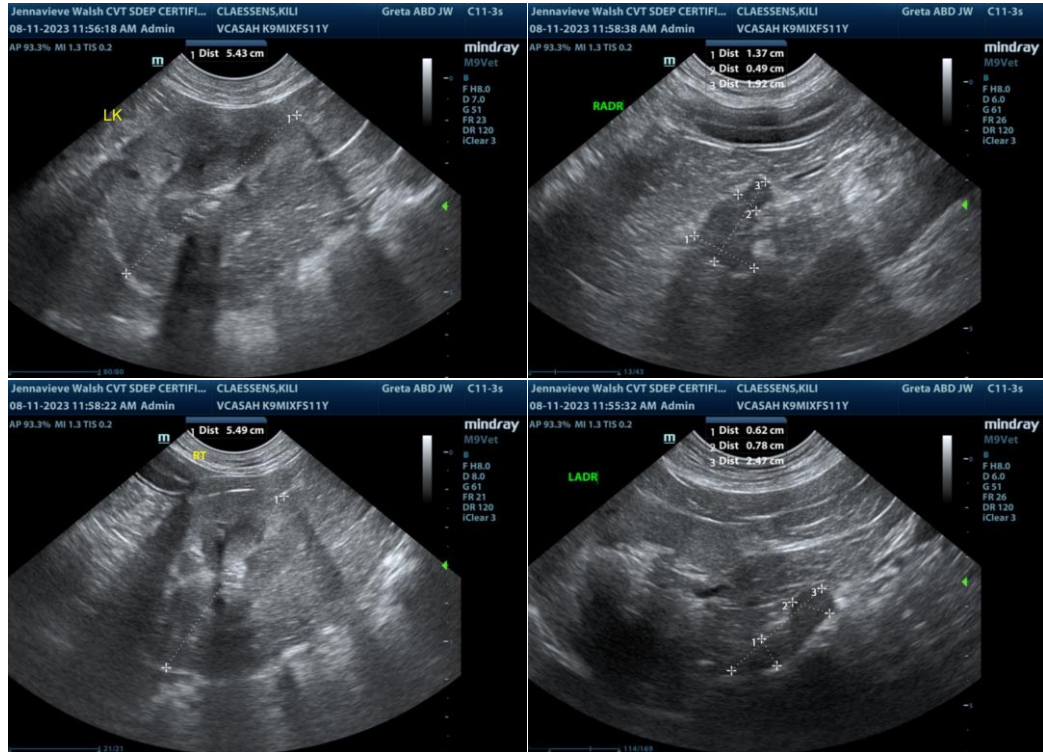
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The information and recommendations provided are based on the images presented by the referring veterinarian/sonographer. No evaluation can be communicated regarding pathology that was not visible in the image/video clips provided.

Thank you for this referral. If the clinical or image interpretation does not parallel your findings or if I can be of any further assistance please contact me.

R. McKenzie Daniel, DVM, DABVP (Canine / Feline Practice)

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