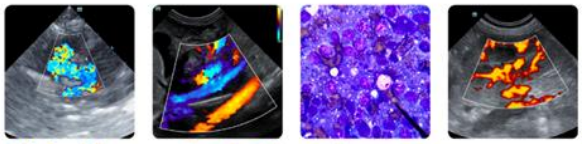


PATIENT
Koda Insco

SPECIES
Canine

BREED
German Shepherd

SEX
MN

AGE
8yr

WEIGHT
115lb

INTERPRETED BY
R. McKenzie Daniel, DVM, DABVP (Canine and Feline)

IMAGING PERFORMED BY
Rodriguez

HOSPITAL NAME
Foxfield Veterinary Services

REFERRING VET
Rodriguez

INVOICE
25039

DATE
06/08/2026

PRESENTING CLINICAL SIGNS

Intermit vomiting. Bloodwork WNL. Vomiting began after a few doses of NSAIDS/Gabapentin

Abnormal PE/Chem/CBC/UA Results: WNL

ULTRASONOGRAPHIC EXAMINATION OF THE ABDOMEN

Urinary System

The urinary bladder, trigone, cystourethral junction, and visible pelvic urethra to a depth of 3 cm exhibited normal thickness and tone. Anechoic urine was present in the lumen with no evidence of urine/lumen sediment, mineral, or calculi. The ureteral papillae were normal. The ureters were not visible which is normal. No evidence of inflammatory or neoplastic changes was noted.

Normal size and margination were present in the kidneys. A normal 1:3 cortex / medulla ratio and normal corticomedullary definition were maintained. The echogenicity of the cortex was similar to or slightly less than normal liver parenchyma while the medulla echogenicity was hypoechoic to the cortex with no evidence of pelvic dilation. The left kidney measured 7.8 cm in length. The right kidney measured 8.1 cm in length.

The area of the aortic trifurcation was free of pathology.

The residual prostate appeared normal and free of pathology.

Adrenal Glands

The left adrenal gland was uniform in size and contour with a uniformly hypoechoic parenchyma. The left adrenal gland measured 0.73 cm width at the caudal pole. The right adrenal gland was uniform in size and contour with a uniformly hypoechoic parenchyma. The right adrenal gland measured 0.97 cm width at the caudal pole.

Spleen

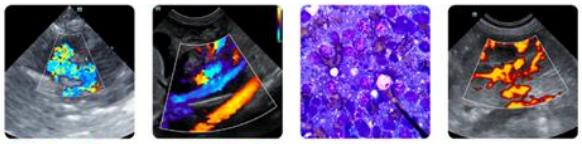
The spleen exhibited a finely textured and homogenous parenchyma which was hyperechoic to the liver and renal cortical parenchyma. The capsule was smooth and regular without apparent expansion. The splenic vasculature at the hilus was normal in volume with no evidence of congestion or thrombosis. Acute to chronic inflammatory, neoplastic, or benign parenchyma changes were not noted.

Liver/Gallbladder

The liver was subjectively normal in size, structure, and contour. The liver parenchyma was uniform and hypoechoic to the spleen with a mild coarse echotexture. Normal vascular volume. The hepatic and portal vasculature were normal in appearance without signs of congestion. The gallbladder was non-distended in size with thin walls and primarily anechoic luminal content. The cystic and common bile ducts were normal.

Gastrointestinal

The stomach presented mild to variably thickened wall exhibiting intact to mild indistinct wall layer detail. The stomach contained lumen gas and a mild amount of retained anechoic fluid. The gastric body wall measured 0.73 cm width. No obstruction to pyloric outflow.



PATIENT

Koda Insco

SPECIES

Canine

BREED

German Shepherd

SEX

MN

AGE

8yr

WEIGHT

115lb

INTERPRETED BY

R. McKenzie Daniel, DVM, DABVP (Canine and Feline)

IMAGING PERFORMED BY

Rodriguez

HOSPITAL NAME

Foxfield Veterinary Services

REFERRING VET

Rodriguez

INVOICE
25039

DATE
06/08/2026

The small intestine presented intact wall layering with maintained muscularis/mucosa ratio. Borderline prominent to thickened intestinal wall. The small intestine exhibited mild segmental non-obstructive intestinal ileus and non-shadowing chyme to the level of the colon. The duodenum wall measured 0.64 cm width. The jejunum wall measured 0.5 cm width.

Normal visible colon wall layers were present with semi formed to possible soft feces in lumen.

Pancreas

The area of the pancreas was sonographically normal.

Free Abdomen

No omental masses, overt lymphadenopathy or peritoneal effusion was present.

ULTRASONOGRAPHIC FINDINGS

Primary

- Mildly thickened hypomotile stomach
- Mild non-obstructive intestinal ileus /chyme
- Semi-formed to soft fecal matter in colon
- Normal area of pancreas

INTERPRETATION OF THE FINDINGS & FURTHER RECOMMENDATIONS

The stomach suggests hypomotile gastritis criteria with potential for more generalized non-specific gastroenteropathy. No evidence of mechanical gastrointestinal obstruction, overt ulceration, active pancreatitis or definitive neoplastic criteria which is thought less likely.

Gastrointestinal support indicated which may include dietary trial, broad-spectrum gastroprotectants, +/- empirical deworming with clinical monitoring. Sonographic reassessment indicated if non-responsive or continued gastrointestinal signs or evidence of weight loss. Upper gastrointestinal endoscopy may be considered if persistent clinical signs. A GI panel to include PLI/TLI/Cobalamin/Folate and screening cortisol may be considered.

PATIENT

Koda Insco

SPECIES

Canine

BREED

German Shepherd

SEX

MN

AGE

8yr

WEIGHT

115lb

INTERPRETED BY

R. McKenzie Daniel, DVM, DABVP (Canine and Feline)

IMAGING PERFORMED BY

Rodriguez

HOSPITAL NAME

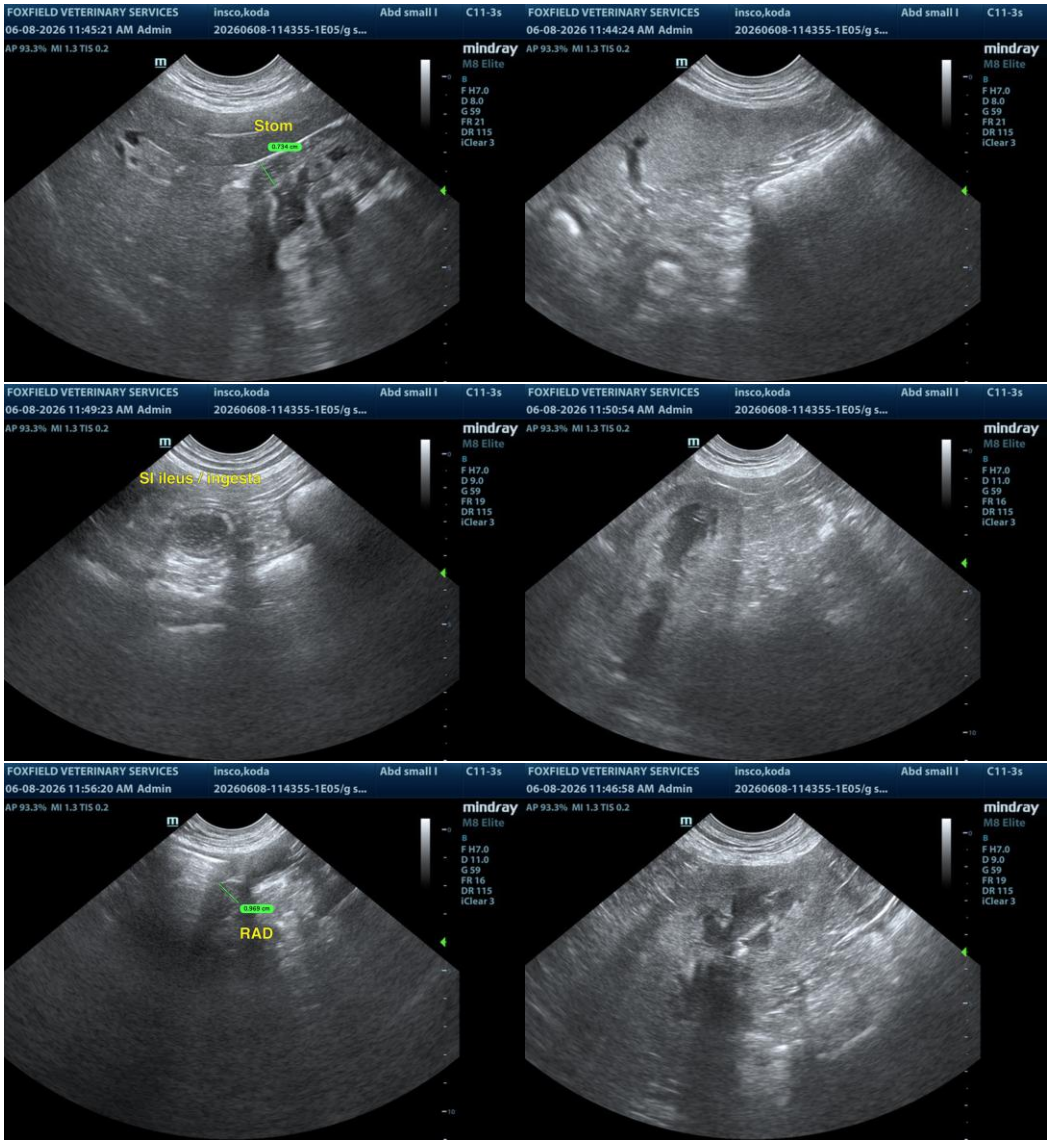
Foxfield Veterinary Services

REFERRING VET

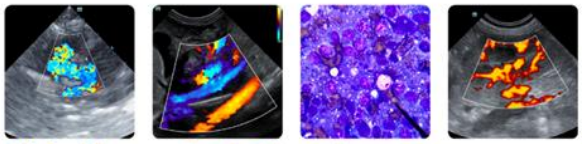
Rodriguez

INVOICE
25039

DATE
06/08/2026



SonoPath
FOSTERING THE ART OF VETERINARY MEDICINE™



Clinical Sonography & Telecytology
Educational Teleconsultation Services™

SonoPath.com info@sonopath.com 1.800.838.4268

PATIENT

Koda Insco

SPECIES

Canine

BREED

German Shepherd

SEX

MN

AGE

8yr

WEIGHT

115lb

INTERPRETED BY

R. McKenzie Daniel, DVM, DABVP (Canine and Feline)

IMAGING PERFORMED BY

Rodriguez

HOSPITAL NAME

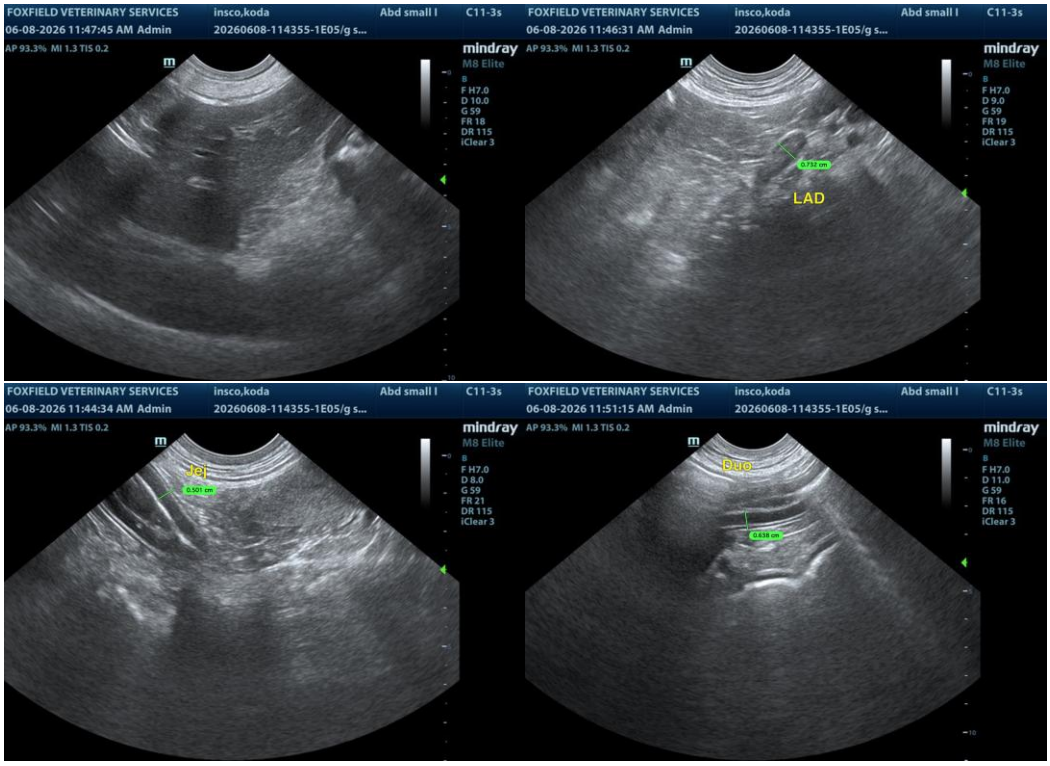
Foxfield Veterinary Services

REFERRING VET

Rodriguez

INVOICE
25039

DATE
06/08/2026



The information and recommendations provided are based on the images presented by the referring veterinarian/sonographer. No evaluation can be communicated regarding pathology that was not visible in the image/video clips provided.

Thank you for this referral. If the clinical or image interpretation does not parallel your findings or if I can be of any further assistance, please contact me.

R. McKenzie Daniel, DVM, DABVP (Canine/Feline Practice)
info@sonopath.com