



PATIENT

Archie Medeiros

SPECIES

Feline

BREED

DMH

SEX

MN

AGE

3 years

WEIGHT

12.07 lbs.

INTERPRETED BY

R. McKenzie Daniel, DVM,
DABVP (Canine and
Feline)

**IMAGING
PERFORMED BY**

Pamela Harrigan, RDMS

HOSPITAL NAME

Rhode Island AMC

REFERRING VET

Rachel Rogoff, DVM

INVOICE

14021

DATE

6/3/22

PRESENTING CLINICAL SIGNS

History hyperthyroidism - Tx. I-131 (Feb 2022). ALT 733; Alb 4.3; Eosin 17; T4 0.5. Prior AUS (1/21/22 Ocean State Veterinary Specialists): Unremarkable - no significant abnormalities.

ULTRASONOGRAPHIC EXAMINATION OF THE ABDOMEN

Urinary System

Moderate primarily nondependent, particulate sediment was present without evidence of mineral or calculus formation. The urinary bladder walls were normal without evidence of inflammatory or neoplastic criteria. The urethra exhibited normal structure and tone to a depth of 2.0 cm.

The area of the aortic trifurcation was free of pathology.

Normal size and margination were present in the kidneys. A normal 1:3 cortex / medulla ratio and normal corticomedullary definition were maintained. The echogenicity of the cortex was similar to or slightly less than normal liver parenchyma while the medulla echogenicity was hypoechoic to the cortex with no evidence of pyelectasia or pyelonephritis. The left kidney measured 3.9 cm in length. The right kidney measured 4.0 cm in length.

Adrenal Glands

The left adrenal gland was uniform in size and contour with a uniformly hypoechoic parenchyma. The left adrenal gland measured 0.37 cm width. The right adrenal gland was uniform in size and contour with a uniformly hypoechoic parenchyma. The right adrenal gland measured 0.33 cm width.

Spleen

The spleen exhibited a finely textured and homogenous parenchyma which was hyperechoic to the liver and renal cortical parenchyma. The capsule was smooth and regular without apparent expansion. The splenic vasculature at the hilus was normal in volume with no evidence of congestion or thrombosis. Acute to chronic inflammatory, neoplastic, or benign parenchyma changes were not noted.

Liver/ Gallbladder

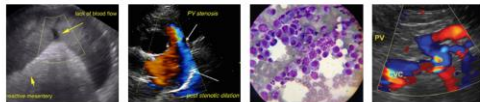
The liver exhibited subjective mild enlargement, maintained symmetrical to mildly rounded hepatic contour, and normal echogenicity with mild to moderate coarse echotexture. No hepatic masses or nodules were noted. The gallbladder was non-distended in size with thin walls and primarily anechoic luminal content. The cystic and common bile ducts were normal.

Gastrointestinal

The stomach presented intact wall layering with a normal wall layer ratio. The lumen of the stomach was empty with no signs of ileus, obstruction, or foreign material.

The small intestine presented intact wall layering with 1:3 muscularis/mucosa ratio. The lumen of the small intestine was empty with no signs of ileus, obstruction, or foreign material. No evidence of pathology in the area of the ileocolic junction.

Normal visible colon wall layers were present with apparent formed feces in lumen.



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Pancreas

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The parenchyma of the left limb, body, and right limb of the pancreas presented isoechoic to the adjacent omental fat. A normal curvilinear capsule contour of the pancreas was present. The visible pancreatic duct was normal. No signs of active inflammation or neoplastic disease were evident.

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Free Abdomen

No omental masses, lymphadenopathy or peritoneal effusion were present.

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ULTRASONOGRAPHIC FINDINGS

SEX

- Moderate urinary bladder sediment

MN

- Hepatopathy - subjectively benign, suspect primary vs. secondary inflammatory or reactive / metabolic hepatopathy, or other

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INTERPRETATION OF THE FINDINGS & FURTHER RECOMMENDATIONS

Overall, no overt evidence of significant abdominal visceral pathology was noted.

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Ultrasound-guided FNA of the liver, assuming normal clotting status and using a 25-gauge needle, could be considered for screening cytology primarily to assess for evidence of inflammatory cells. Hepatosupportive medications may be considered.

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The urinary bladder sediment may suggest cellular / crystalline debris or mucus. Cystocentesis for UA +/- C/S if evidence of inflammatory cells is recommended.

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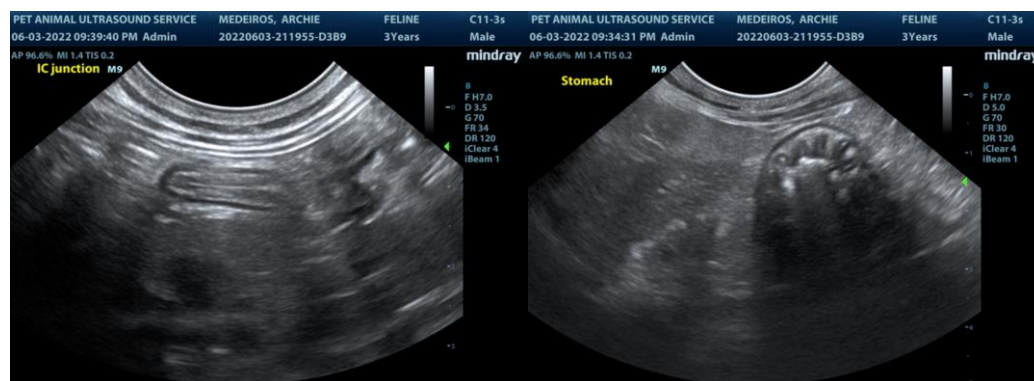
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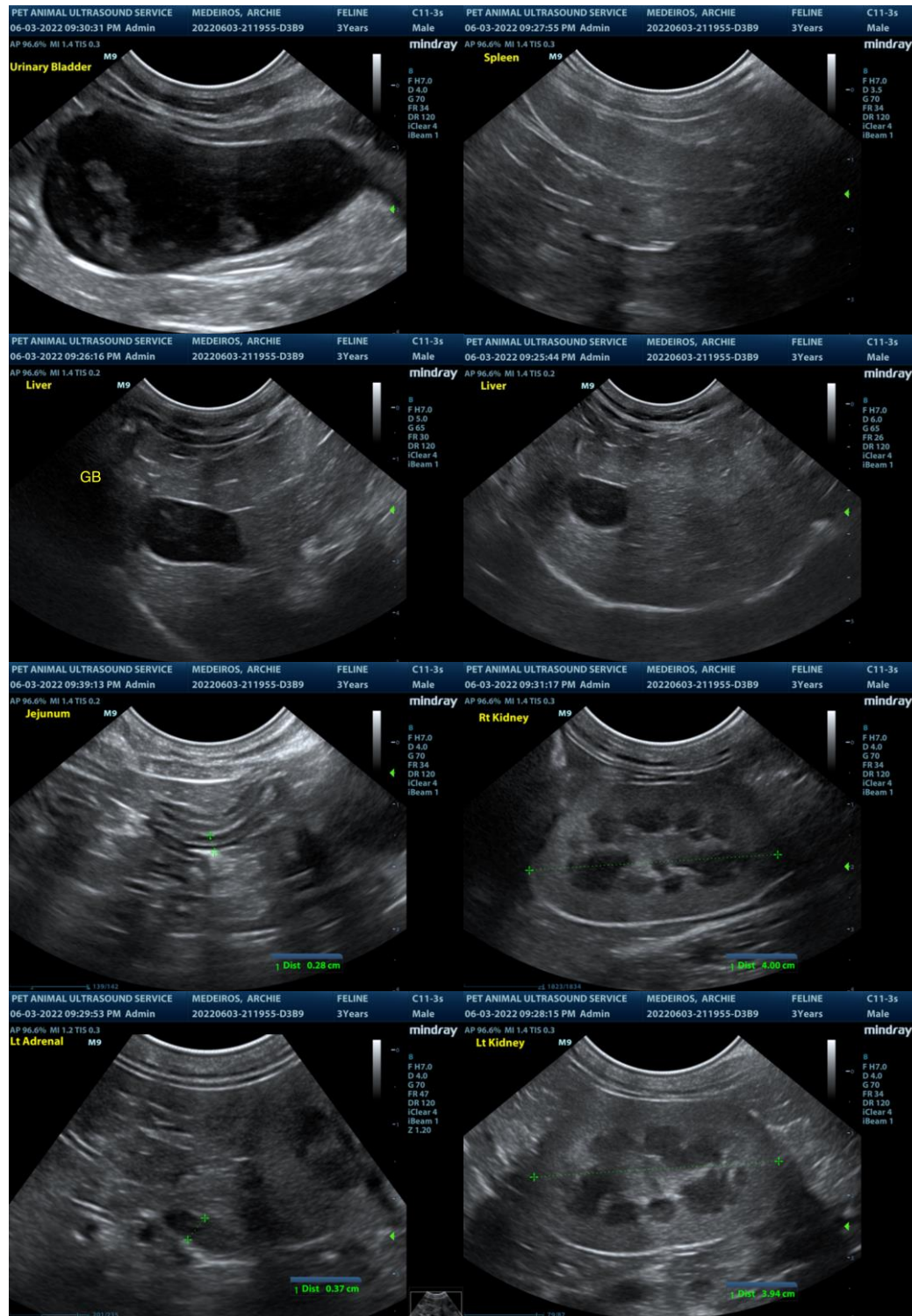
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The information and recommendations provided are based on the images presented by the referring veterinarian/sonographer. No evaluation can be communicated regarding pathology that was not visible in the image/video clips provided.

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Thank you for this referral. If the clinical or image interpretation does not parallel your findings or if I can be of any further assistance please contact me.

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info@SonoPath.com

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