



PATIENT PRESENTING CLINICAL SIGNS

Charlie Barbieri

H/o HM. Considering anesthesia/surgery for mass removal. Chronic dermatitis, allergies, pyoderma, otitis. Periodontal DZ, large firm mass ventrum. Grade 4-5/6 HM

SPECIES

Canine

ULTRASONOGRAPHIC EXAMINATION OF THE HEART

BREED

Cavalier

SEX

MN

AGE

9 yrs

WEIGHT

32.2 lbs.

CANINE CARDIAC PARAMETERS	MR VMAX (m/s)	TR VMAX (m/s)	LA/AO (M-Mode)	LA/AO (Heart Base; Swe)	FS (%)	EF (%)	EPSS (cm)
NORMAL PARAMETER	4.5-5.5	<2.7	1.3	Up to 1.6	28-40	40-100	<0.6
PATIENT	5.2	-	-	1.45	48	81	0.3
CANINE CARDIAC PARAMETERS	HR (BPM)	AV VMAX (m/s)	PV MAX (m/s)	BODY WEIGHT	LAD LA MAX4 Chamber	LVIDd Avg; 2D and m-mode short axis (cm)	LVIDs Avg; 2D and m-mode short axis (cm)
NORMAL PARAMETER	50-100	0.7-1.7	0.7-1.6				
PATIENT	142	1.4	1.0	32.2 lbs.	3.4	3.5	-

INTERPRETED BY

R. McKenzie Daniel, DVM, DABVP (Canine and Feline)

Cardiac Presentation

The echocardiogram in this patient demonstrated normal **left atrial** size based on 2 different LA measurement methods. The cranial and caudal **mitral** valve leaflets presented thickening consistent with degenerative change / endocardiosis with mild valvular prolapse. Doppler indicated measurable moderate eccentric MR (MR velocity 5.2 m/s). The **left ventricle** presented thicknesses with linear contour and was not dilated nor restricted. The **myocardium** presented normal echogenicity without subjective evidence of significant fibrotic or ischemic disease. **Contractility** of the ventricular walls was adequate and in normal range for this patient evidenced by the fractional shortening measurement and subjective evaluation of the different regions of the myocardium. The **left ventricular outflow** tract demonstrated normal laminar flow and subjective structural integrity. The **right atrium** and auricle revealed normal size, structure and content. No evidence of masses was noted or chamber overload. **Tricuspid** valvular assessment demonstrated adequate linear morphology. The **right ventricle** was of normal size (1/3 diameter of LV), chordae structure, myocardial echogenicity and thickness. **Pulmonic** tract assessment revealed normal valve structure, laminar flow, and diameter (approx. 1:1 pa/ao ratio). No visible **pericardial** or free pleura fluid was noted. No echographically detectable evidence of cardiac / pericardial tumors was visible.

IMAGING PERFORMED BY

Kerri Becker

HOSPITAL NAME

Packanack AH

REFERRING VET

Dr. Gonzaga

INVOICE

11028

DATE

6/17/26

ULTRASONOGRAPHIC FINDINGS

- Chronic mitral valve disease with mild valve prolapse (B1)



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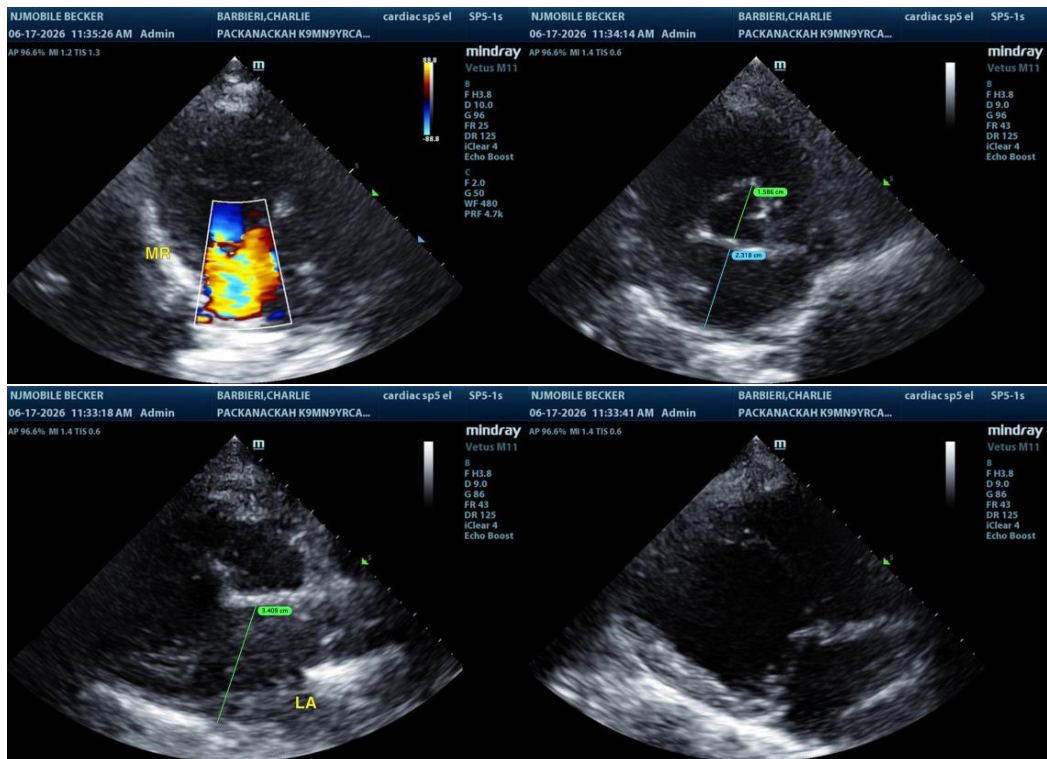
DATE

6/17/26

INTERPRETATION OF THE FINDINGS & FURTHER RECOMMENDATIONS

The cause of the murmur is chronic degenerative valvular changes with secondary eccentric mitral valve insufficiency. The lack of left atrial enlargement implies that the risk of complication secondary to mitral valve insufficiency is low at this time and, without current clinical signs, indicates that medical therapy is not required. Prognosis is considered variable, given the breed, and sonographic monitoring is recommended. Recheck echocardiogram is suggested in 6 months, sooner if clinical signs arise.

Anesthetic risk is considered low to mild at this stage. The following protocol is suggested with clinical monitoring and appropriate to judicious IV fluid administration. Suggested anesthetic protocol may include opioid or Benzodiazepine pre-med, induction with Propofol or Alfaxalone, and appropriate gas anesthesia with avoidance of alpha 2 agonists.



The information and recommendations provided are based on the images presented by the referring veterinarian/sonographer. No evaluation can be communicated regarding pathology that was not visible in the image/video clips provided.

Thank you for this referral. If the clinical or image interpretation does not parallel your findings or if I can be of any further assistance, please contact me.

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