



PATIENT PRESENTING CLINICAL SIGNS

Milo Deutsch History of chronic allergies, was on z/d and owner changed to Farmer's Dog several weeks ago, lethargy for several weeks.

SPECIES Medication: Apoquel, Cytopoint, antihistamines

Canine Unremarkable CBC, BUN 45, Creatinine 3.0, SDMA 27, Urine specific gravity 1.014, 3+ protein, negative glucose

BREED ULTRASONOGRAPHIC EXAMINATION OF THE ABDOMEN

Corgi *Urinary System*

SEX The urinary bladder, trigone, cystourethral junction, and visible pelvic urethra to a depth of 3.0 cm exhibited normal thickness and tone. Anechoic urine was present in the lumen with no uroliths or sediment. No evidence of mineral or calculi was noted. The ureteral papillae were normal. The ureters were not visible which is normal. No evidence of inflammatory or neoplastic changes was noted.

AGE The residual prostate was free of pathology.

2017 The area of the aortic trifurcation was free of pathology.

WEIGHT Normal renal size with asymmetrical margination were present in both kidneys. The renal cortex presented uniformly increased in echogenicity with uniform echotexture. The renal cortex appeared to be hypertrophied resulting in an altered cortex: medulla ratio. Mild to moderate loss of corticomedullary distinction was also present. The renal medullary volume was mildly reduced. Pinpoint dystrophic medullary mineral was noted. No pyelectasia was present. The left kidney measured 4.3 cm in length. The right kidney measured 4.6 cm in length.

INTERPRETED BY

R. McKenzie Daniel,
 DVM, DABVP
 (Canine and Feline)

Adrenal Glands

The left adrenal gland was uniform in size and contour with a uniformly hypoechoic parenchyma. The left adrenal gland measured 2.6 cm length x 0.79 cm width at the caudal pole. The right adrenal gland was uniform in size and contour with a uniformly hypoechoic parenchyma. The right adrenal gland measured 2.6 cm length x 0.60 cm width at the caudal pole.

IMAGING PERFORMED BY

Rebekah Jakum, CVT
 ARDMS/RVT

HOSPITAL NAME

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Spleen

The spleen exhibited a finely textured and homogenous parenchyma which was hyperechoic to the liver and renal cortical parenchyma. The capsule was smooth and regular without apparent expansion. The splenic vasculature at the hilus was normal in volume with no evidence of congestion or thrombosis. Acute to chronic inflammatory, neoplastic, or benign parenchyma changes were not noted.

REFERRING VET

Dr. Eckman

Liver/ Gallbladder

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The liver was subjectively normal in size, structure, and contour. The liver parenchyma was uniform and hypoechoic to the spleen with a mild coarse echotexture. The hepatic and portal vasculature were normal in appearance without signs of congestion. The gallbladder was non-distended in size with thin walls and primarily anechoic luminal content. The cystic and common bile ducts were normal.

DATE

5/10/23



PATIENT *Gastrointestinal*

Milo Deutsch The stomach presented intact wall layering with a normal wall layer ratio. The lumen of the stomach was empty with no signs of ileus, obstruction, or foreign material.

SPECIES The small intestine presented intact wall layering with 1:3 muscularis/mucosa ratio. The lumen of the small intestine was empty with no signs of ileus, obstruction, or foreign material.

Canine Normal visible colon wall layers were present with apparent formed feces in lumen.

BREED *Pancreas*

Corgi The parenchyma of the left limb, body, and right limb of the pancreas presented isoechoic to the adjacent omental fat. A normal curvilinear capsule contour of the pancreas was present. The visible pancreatic duct was normal. No signs of active inflammation or neoplastic disease were evident.

SEX *Free Abdomen*

MN No overt lymphadenopathy or peritoneal effusion was present.

AGE **ULTRASONOGRAPHIC FINDINGS**

- Bilateral chronic nephropathy
- Sonographically unremarkable gastrointestinal tract

WEIGHT **INTERPRETATION OF THE FINDINGS & FURTHER RECOMMENDATIONS**

32.2 Considerations for the kidneys may include nonspecific chronic nephritis. Potential renal dysplasia, given the relatively young age of the patient, early-onset chronic renal disease, or other nephropathy is possible. Further renal staging to include screening C/S and UPC level is recommended. Renal biopsy would be required for a definitive diagnosis.

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CKD therapy with monitoring of renal response and renal parameters going forward is recommended. Although considered less likely, a resting cortisol level as a screening test for unlikely occult Addison's Disease may be considered.

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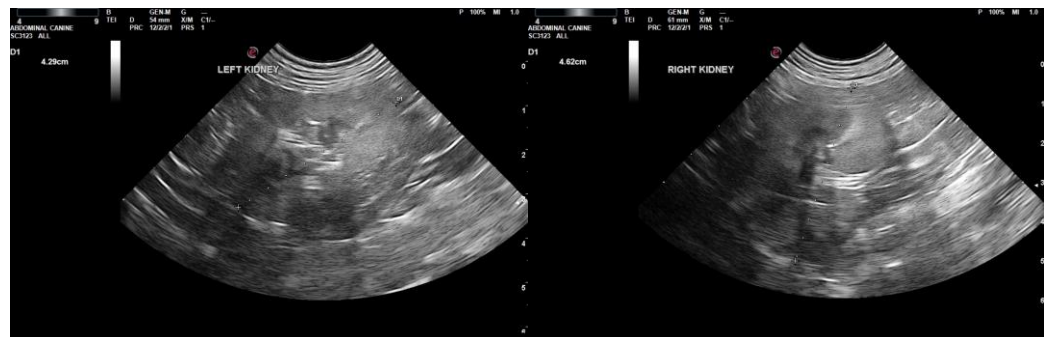
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PATIENT

Milo Deutsch

SPECIES

Canine

BREED

Corgi

SEX

MN

AGE

2017

WEIGHT

32.2

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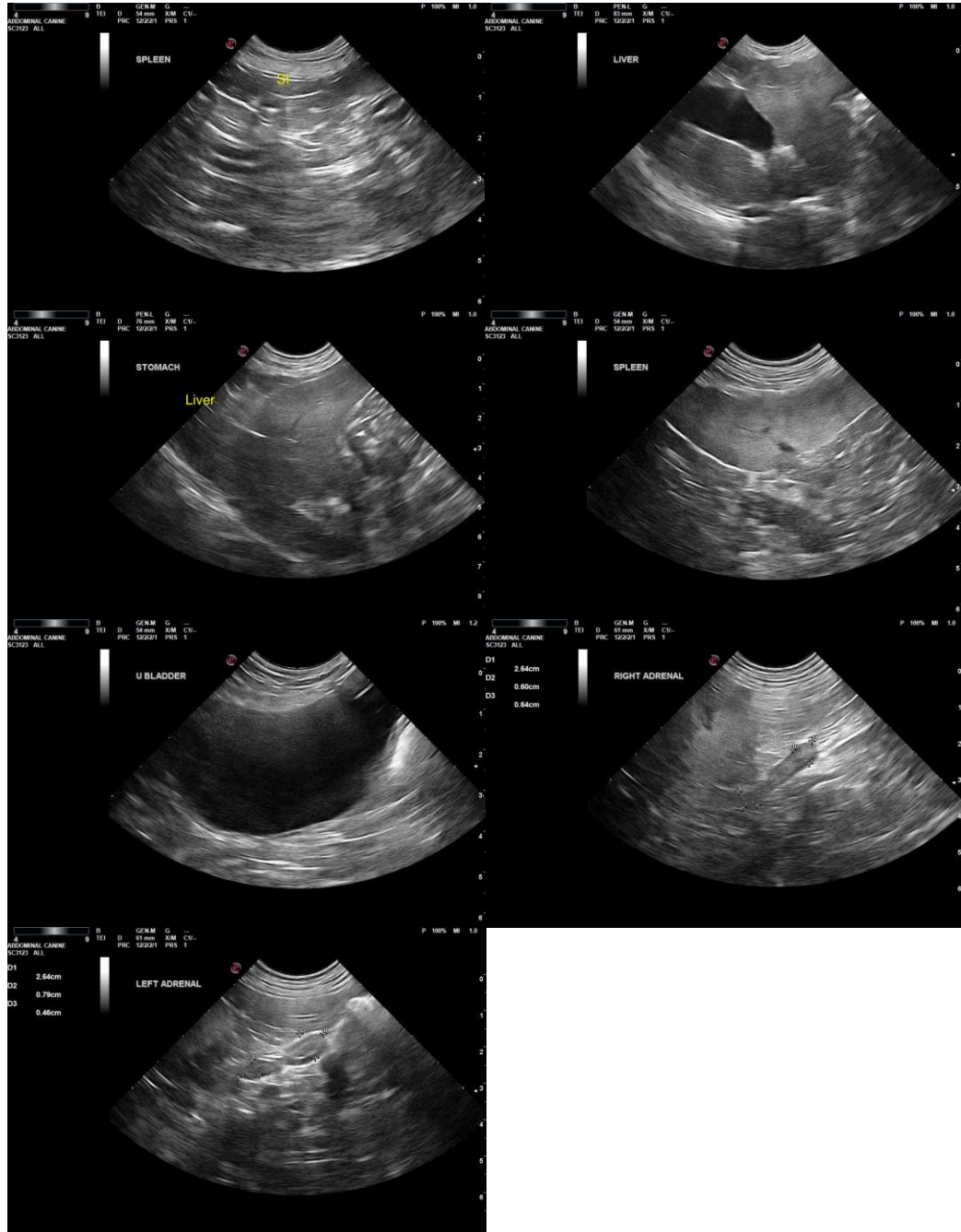
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The information and recommendations provided are based on the images presented by the referring veterinarian/sonographer. No evaluation can be communicated regarding pathology that was not visible in the image/video clips provided.

Thank you for this referral. If the clinical or image interpretation does not parallel your findings or if I can be of any further assistance, please contact me.

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