



**PATIENT**

Memo Neira

**SPECIES**

Canine

**BREED**

Yorkshire Terrier

**SEX**

Neutered Male

**AGE**

11

**WEIGHT**

10

**INTERPRETED BY**

R. McKenzie Daniel,  
DVM, DABVP (Canine  
/ Feline Practice)

**IMAGING PERFORMED BY**

Dr. Sharkawy

**HOSPITAL NAME**

Union Vet Animal  
Hospital

**REFERRING VET**

Dr. Lara

**INVOICE**

15679

**DATE**

05/01/26

**PRESENTING CLINICAL SIGNS**

Mild compensated mitral regurgitation (MR) was observed

Abnormal PE/Chem/CBC/UA Results: Heart murmur grade 3/6 BW- elevated ALPK

**ULTRASONOGRAPHIC EXAMINATION OF THE HEART**

CANINE CARDIAC PARAMETERS	MR VMAX (m/s)	TR VMAX (m/s)	LA/AO (M-Mode)	LA/AO (Heart Base; Swe)	FS (%)	EF (%)	EPSS (cm)
NORMAL PARAMETER	4.5-5.5	<2.7	1.3	Up to 1.6	28-40	40-100	<0.6
PATIENT	--	--	NM	1.2	40	74	0.2
CANINE CARDIAC PARAMETERS	HR (BPM)	AV VMAX (m/s)	PV MAX (m/s)	BODY WEIGHT	LAD LA MAX 4 Chamber	LVIDd Avg; 2D and m-mode short axis (cm)	LVIDs Avg; 2D and m-mode short axis (cm)
NORMAL PARAMETER	50-100	0.7-1.7	0.7-1.6				
PATIENT	NM	1.2	0.9	10	2.4	2.6	--

**Cardiac Presentation**

The echocardiogram in this patient demonstrated normal **left atrial** size based on 2 different LA measurement methods. The cranial and caudal **mitral** valve leaflets presented mild thickening consistent with mild degenerative change. Doppler revealed mild eccentric MR. The **left ventricle** presented thicknesses with linear contour and was not dilated nor restricted. The **myocardium** presented normal echogenicity without subjective evidence of significant fibrotic or ischemic disease. **Contractility** of the ventricular walls was adequate and in normal range for this patient evidenced by the fractional shortening measurement and subjective evaluation of the different regions of the myocardium. The **left ventricular outflow** tract demonstrated normal laminar flow and subjective structural integrity. The **right atrium** and auricle revealed normal size, structure and content. No evidence of masses was noted or chamber overload. **Tricuspid** valvular assessment demonstrated adequate linear morphology. The **right ventricle** was of normal size (1/3 diameter of LV), chordae structure, myocardial echogenicity and thickness. **Pulmonic** tract assessment revealed normal valve structure, laminar flow, and diameter (approx.1:1 pa/ao ratio). No visible **pericardial** or free pleura fluid was noted. No echographically detectable evidence of cardiac / pericardial tumors was visible.

**ULTRASONOGRAPHIC FINDINGS**

- Persistent compensated mild mitral valve insufficiency (B1).

**INTERPRETATION OF THE FINDINGS & FURTHER RECOMMENDATIONS**



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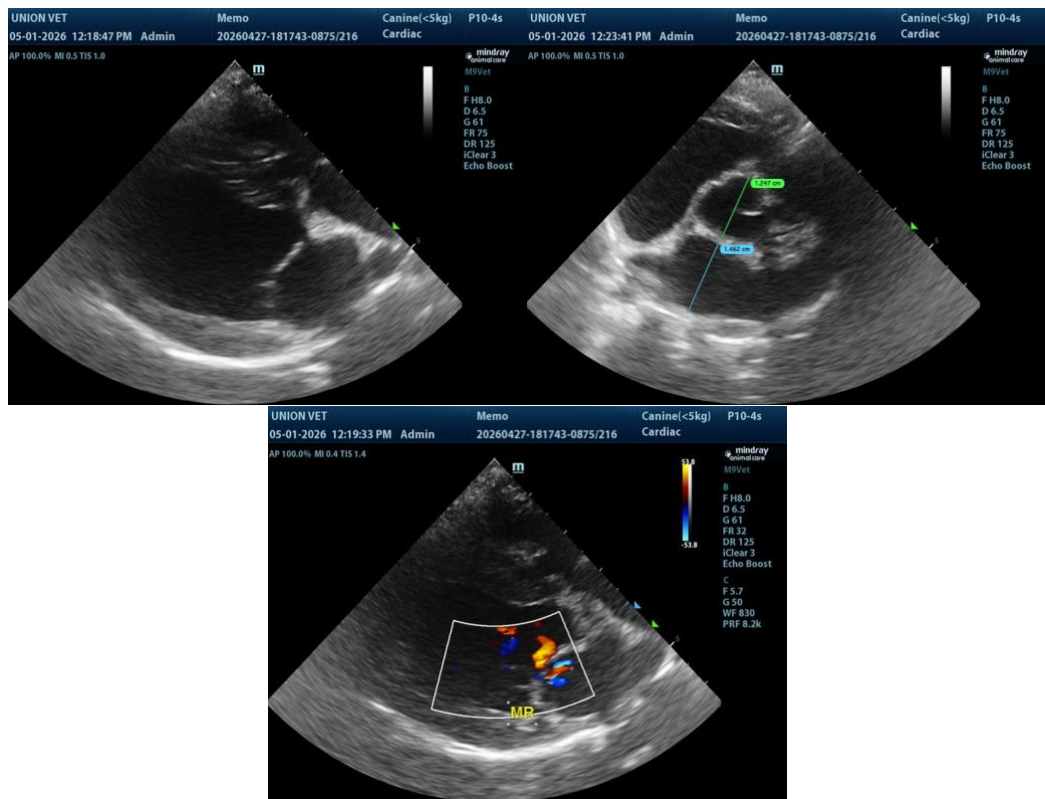
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No evidence of progression compared to the previous study with continued lack of LA enlargement indicative of low risk of complication. No indication for cardiac medications. Echocardiographic monitoring is recommended for further assessment with recheck suggested in 8-12 months, sooner if clinical signs arise. Anesthetic risk is considered low. Suggested anesthetic protocol may include opioid or Benzodiazepine pre-med, induction with Propofol or Alfaxalone, and appropriate gas anesthesia with avoidance of alpha 2 agonists.



The information and recommendations provided are based on the images presented by the referring veterinarian/sonographer. No evaluation can be communicated regarding pathology that was not visible in the image/video clips provided.

Thank you for this referral. If the clinical or image interpretation does not parallel your findings or if I can be of any further assistance, please contact me.

R. McKenzie Daniel, DVM, DABVP (Canine / Feline Practice)

[info@SonoPath.com](mailto:info@SonoPath.com)