



PATIENT	PRESENTING CLINICAL SIGNS
Daisy Kloewer	Chronic elevation of ALT. ALP normal, no clinical illness. Physical = periodontal disease. P started denamarin on 3/22/23
SPECIES	Abnormal PE/Chem/CBC/UA Results: See attached labs: 3/1/2022 ALT = 167. (10-125 U/L) 5/16/2022 ALT = 233, 11/12/2022 ALT = 180, 3/21/2023 ALT = 275.
Canine	
	ULTRASONOGRAPHIC EXAMINATION OF THE ABDOMEN
BREED	Urinary System
Havanese	The urinary bladder, trigone, cystourethral junction, and visible pelvic urethra exhibited normal thickness and tone. Anechoic urine was present in the lumen with no uroliths or sediment. The ureteral papillae were normal. The ureters were not visible which is normal. No evidence of inflammatory or neoplastic changes were noted.
SEX	
FS	Normal size and margination were present in the kidneys. A normal 1:3 cortex / medulla ratio and normal corticomedullary definition were maintained. The echogenicity of the cortex was similar to or slightly less than normal liver parenchyma while the medulla echogenicity was hypoechoic to the cortex with no evidence of pelvic dilation. No evidence of renal calculi. The left kidney measured 3.7 cm in length. The right kidney measured 3.8 cm in length.
AGE	
6yr	The area of the aortic trifurcation was free of pathology.
WEIGHT	Adrenal Glands
13lb	The left adrenal gland was uniform in size and contour with a uniformly hypoechoic parenchyma. The left adrenal gland measured 0.43 cm width at the caudal pole and 0.39 cm width at the cranial pole. The right adrenal gland was uniform in size and contour with a uniformly hypoechoic parenchyma. The right adrenal gland measured 0.41 cm width at the caudal pole and 0.5 cm width at the cranial pole.
INTERPRETED BY	Spleen
R. McKenzie Daniel, DVM, DABVP (Canine and Feline)	The spleen exhibited a finely textured and homogenous parenchyma which was hyperechoic to the liver and renal cortical parenchyma. The capsule was smooth and regular without apparent expansion. The splenic vasculature at the hilus was normal in volume with no evidence of congestion or thrombosis. Acute to chronic inflammatory, neoplastic, or benign parenchyma changes were not noted.
IMAGING PERFORMED BY	Liver/Gallbladder
Jasmine Palacios	The liver exhibited borderline subnormal size with normal structure and contour. The liver parenchyma was uniform and hypoechoic to the spleen with a mild coarse echotexture. The hepatic and portal vasculature were normal in appearance without signs of congestion. The gallbladder was non-distended in size with thin walls and primarily anechoic luminal content. The cystic and common bile ducts were normal.
HOSPITAL NAME	Gastrointestinal
Rivers Edge Pet Medical Center	The stomach presented intact wall layering with a normal wall layer ratio. The lumen of the stomach was empty with no signs of ileus, obstruction or foreign material.
REFERRING VET	
Dr. Hayes	The small intestine presented intact wall layering with 1:3 muscularis/mucosa ratio. The lumen of the small intestine was empty with no signs of ileus, obstruction or foreign material.
INVOICE	Normal visible colon wall layers were present with apparent formed feces in lumen.
13402ag	
DATE	
04/04/2023	



PATIENT

Pancreas

Daisy Kloewer

The parenchyma of the left limb, body and right limb of the pancreas presented isoechoic to the adjacent omental fat. A normal curvilinear capsule contour of the pancreas was present. The visible pancreatic duct was normal. No signs of active inflammation or neoplastic disease was evident.

SPECIES

Canine

Free Abdomen

No omental masses, overt lymphadenopathy or peritoneal effusion was present.

BREED

Havanese

ULTRASONOGRAPHIC FINDINGS

- Low grade hepatopathy with subjective borderline subnormal hepatic size.
- Normal gallbladder/CBD.
- Normal bilateral kidneys/urinary bladder-no evidence of urinary tract mineral/calculi.

SEX

FS

INTERPRETATION OF THE FINDINGS & FURTHER RECOMMENDATIONS

Low grade primary parenchymal disease i.e. inflammatory hepatopathy with potential for portal hypoplasia/microvascular dysplasia may be a primary differential diagnosis in this patient. A macroscopic portosystemic shunt was not overtly obvious and may be considered less likely given lack of commonly seen comorbidities including urinary calculi and without evidence of clinical hepatic disease.

AGE

6yr

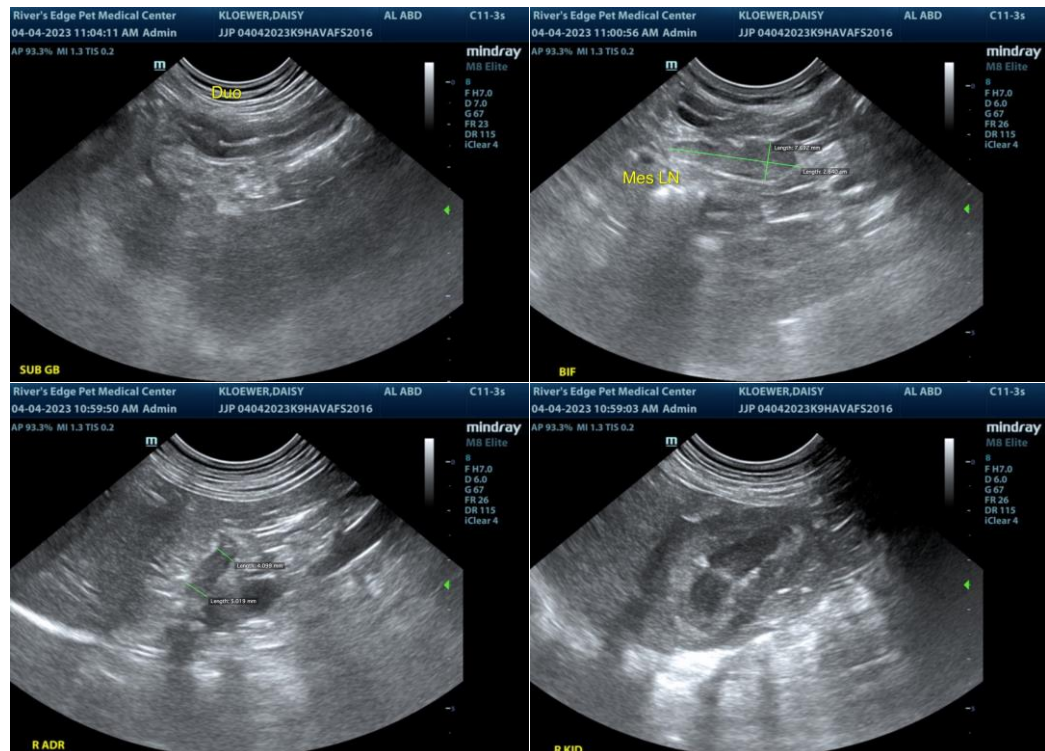
Pre and post prandial bile acids to assess hepatic function or core surgical hepatic biopsy could be considered for definitive diagnosis. Depending on the degree of periodontal disease dental prophylaxis with hepatosupportive medications and reassessment of ALT levels could be considered.

WEIGHT

13lb

INTERPRETED BY

R. McKenzie Daniel,
DVM, DABVP
(Canine and Feline)



IMAGING PERFORMED BY

Jasmine Palacios

HOSPITAL NAME

Rivers Edge Pet Medical Center

REFERRING VET

Dr. Hayes

INVOICE

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PATIENT

Daisy Kloewer

SPECIES

Canine

BREED

Havanese

SEX

FS

AGE

6yr

WEIGHT

13lb

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REFERRING VET

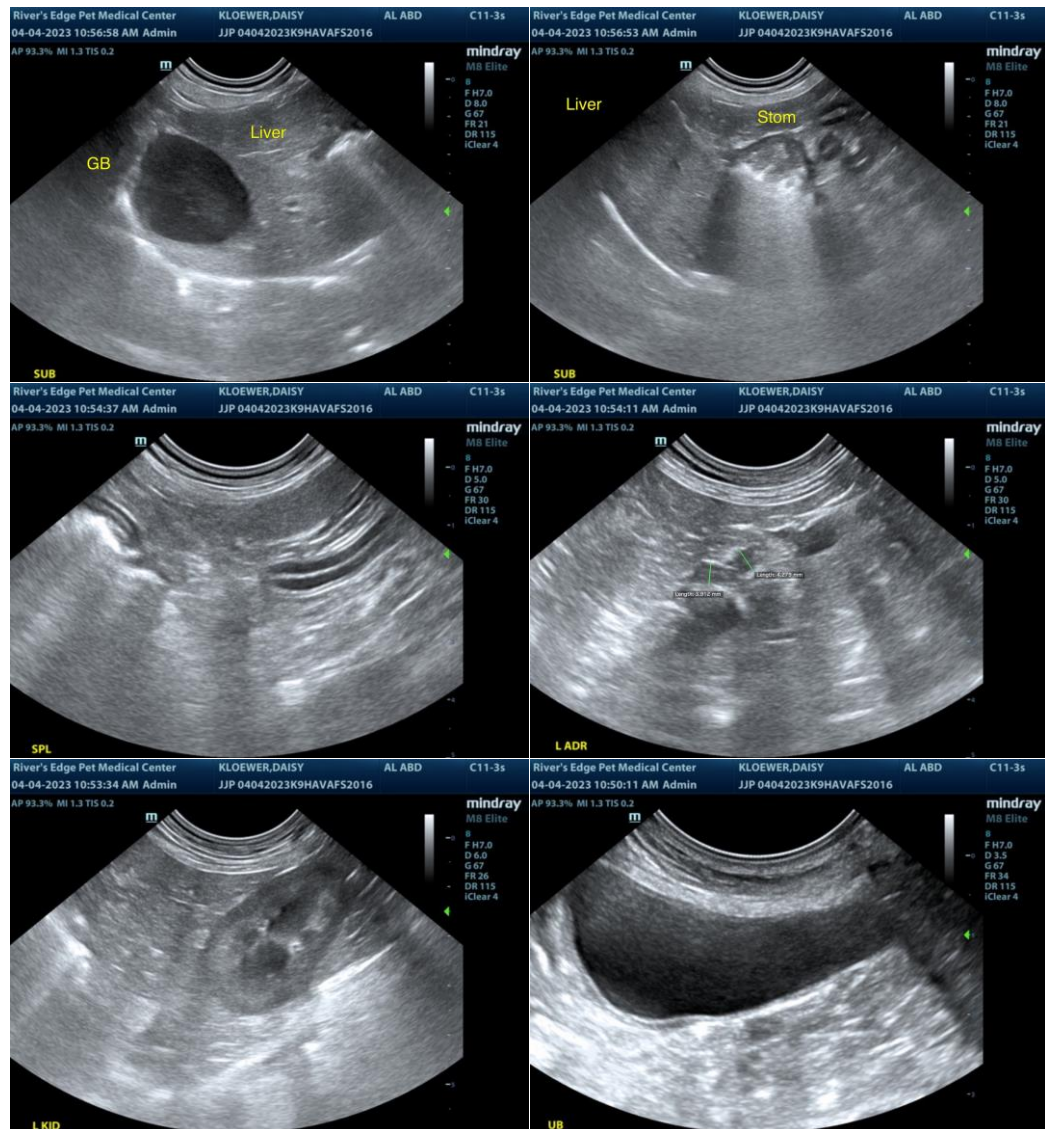
Dr. Hayes

INVOICE

13402ag

DATE

04/04/2023



The information and recommendations provided are based on the images presented by the referring veterinarian/sonographer. No evaluation can be communicated regarding pathology that was not visible in the image/video clips provided.

Thank you for this referral. If the clinical or image interpretation does not parallel your findings or if I can be of any further assistance, please contact me.

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