



PATIENT	PRESENTING CLINICAL SIGNS
Mogul Decalesta	thinning of the skin on the pinnae ABD palpation spongy feel but no masses noted muscle atrophy - generalized Primary Question/Differential to Be Answered in This Exam Cushings (concern would be adrenal mass), DM, renal failure, neoplasia, open
SPECIES	
Canine	ULTRASONOGRAPHIC EXAMINATION OF THE ABDOMEN
BREED	Urinary System
Labradoodle	The urinary bladder, trigone, cystourethral junction, and visible pelvic urethra to a depth of 2.0 cm exhibited normal thickness and tone. Primarily anechoic urine was present in the lumen. Mild, nondependent, particulate sediment was present without evidence of calculus formation. The ureteral papillae were normal. The ureters were not visible which is normal. No evidence of inflammatory or neoplastic mural changes were noted. No evidence of mineral or calculi was noted.
SEX	
MN	
AGE	The residual prostate was free of pathology.
10 y	The area of the aortic trifurcation was free of pathology.
WEIGHT	
20 lbs	Normal size and margination were present in the kidneys. A normal 1:3 cortex / medulla ratio was maintained. The medulla and cortices were uniform in texture with some increased echogenicity and mild loss of corticomedullary symmetry and definition expected for the age of the patient. No evidence of pelvic dilation was present. The left kidney measured 5.4 cm in length. The right kidney measured 5.5 cm in length.
INTERPRETED BY	Adrenal Glands
R. McKenzie Daniel, DVM, DABVP (Canine and Feline)	The bilateral adrenal glands were mildly prominent in size yet maintained capsule integrity with subtle, nonhomogeneous yet nonmineralized parenchyma. No evidence of adrenal neoplastic criteria was noted. The left adrenal gland measured 0.85 cm width at the caudal pole and 0.83 cm width at the cranial pole. The right adrenal gland measured 0.78 cm width at the caudal pole and 1.2 cm width at the cranial pole.
IMAGING PERFORMED BY	Spleen
Jenna Walsh, CVT	The spleen was normal in size and maintained a symmetrical capsule contour with nonhomogeneous parenchyma exhibiting diffuse pinpoint hyperechoic parenchyma foci along with mild nonhomogeneous hyperechoic splenic nodules primarily medial parenchyma and adjacent to the hilus. No splenic masses were noted.
HOSPITAL NAME	Liver/ Gallbladder
West Eugene AH	The liver was moderately enlarged in size. The parenchyma of the liver was subjectively increased in echogenicity compared to the spleen and renal cortices. The echotexture of the liver parenchyma was uniform with a mild coarse echotexture. The capsule of the liver was symmetrical in margination. The hepatic and portal vasculature were normal in appearance without signs of congestion.
REFERRING VET	
Dr. Larsen	
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DATE	
4/19/23	



PATIENT

Mogul Decalesta

The gallbladder was non-distended in size containing anechoic content with mild variably hyperechoic gallbladder debris primarily along the inner luminal wall. No evidence of peripheral gallbladder inflammation was noted. The cystic and common bile ducts were normal.

SPECIES

Gastrointestinal

Canine

The stomach presented intact wall layering with a normal wall layer ratio. The lumen of the stomach contained moderate, nonshadowing echogenic ingesta and fluid without signs of obstruction or foreign material. No evidence of mechanical pyloric outflow obstruction was noted.

BREED

Labradoodle

The small intestine presented intact wall layering with 1:3 muscularis/mucosa ratio. The lumen of the small intestine was empty with no signs of ileus, obstruction, or foreign material.

SEX

Normal visible colon wall layers were present with apparent formed feces in lumen.

MN

AGE

Pancreas

10 y

The pancreas exhibited generalized variably prominent size with capsule asymmetry and isoechoic to heterogeneous parenchyma compared to adjacent omentum. No signs of active inflammation or neoplasia.

WEIGHT

20 lbs

Free Abdomen

No overt lymphadenopathy or peritoneal effusion was present.

INTERPRETED BY

R. McKenzie Daniel,
DVM, DABVP
(Canine and Feline)

ULTRASONOGRAPHIC FINDINGS

IMAGING PERFORMED BY

Jenna Walsh, CVT

- Mild urinary bladder sediment
- Mild chronic renal changes
- Bilateral adrenomegaly
- Benign hyperechoic splenic nodules with diffuse pinpoint hyperechoic splenic foci - benign myelolipomas, pinpoint areas of splenic microinfarction, fibrosis, or micro to macro mineralization sometimes seen with underlying endocrine disease
- Hepatomegaly exhibiting parenchyma hyperechogenicity
- Gallbladder debris - not consistent with mucocele criteria
- Moderate gastric ingesta / fluid
- Enlarged, irregular, nonhomogeneous pancreas - benign remodeling owing to previous inflammation, potential for low-grade chronic to chronic active pancreatitis

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INTERPRETATION OF THE FINDINGS & FURTHER RECOMMENDATIONS

If not done, a full CBC/Chemistry panel and Urinalysis with C/S are suggested if evidence of inflammatory urinary bladder sediment. Full adrenal workup with LDDST is suggested if strong clinical suspicion for hyperadrenocorticism i.e., PU/PD, Polyphagia, etc. Screening hepatic FNA cytology



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HOSPITAL NAME

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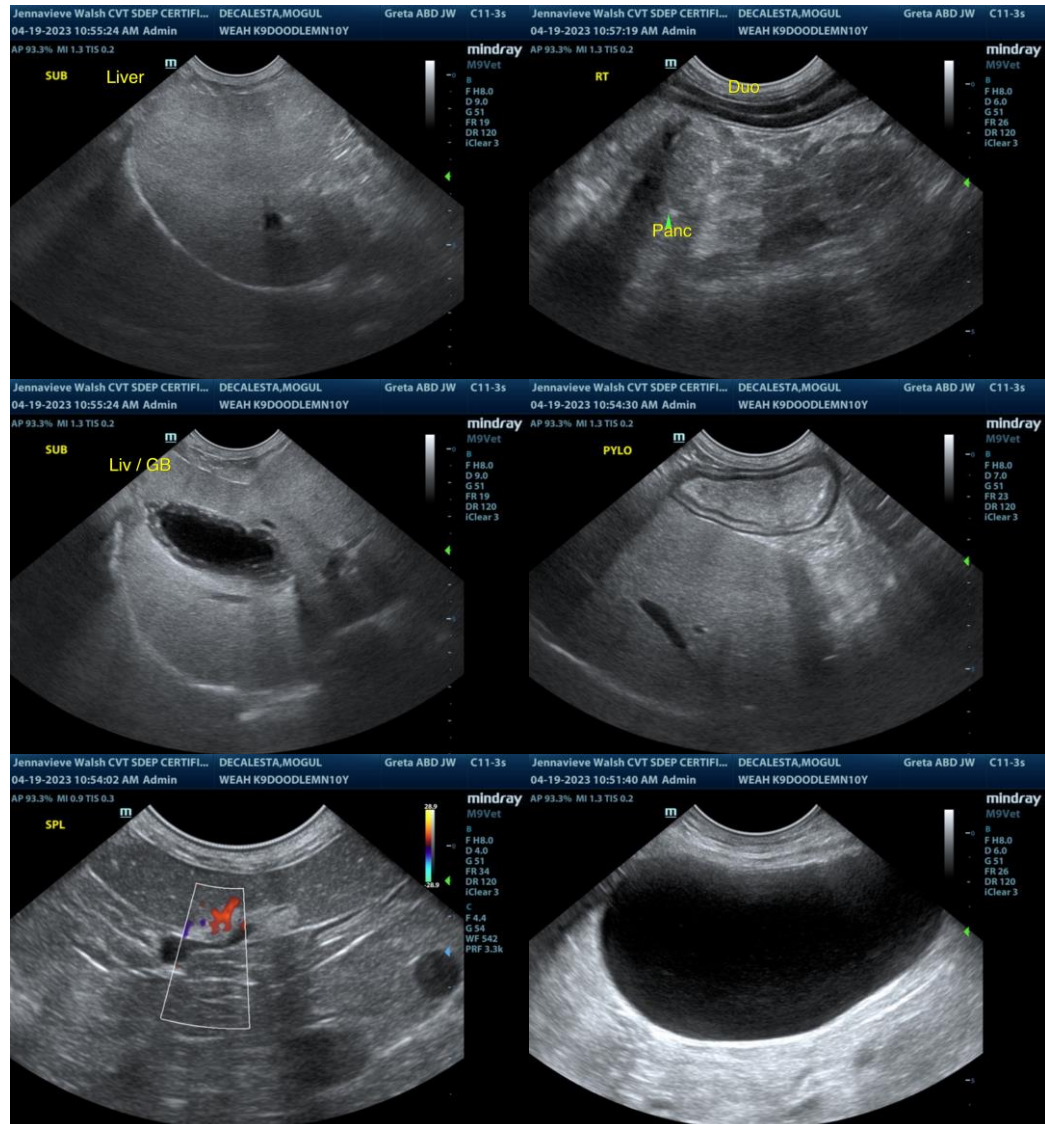
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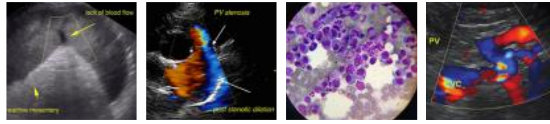
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could be considered assuming normal clotting status and if clinically indicated. Hepatosupportive medications including Denamarin and Ursodiol are recommended if evidence of cholestasis. No overt evidence of intraabdominal neoplastic criteria with occult infiltrative hepatic neoplasia thought less likely.





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SEX

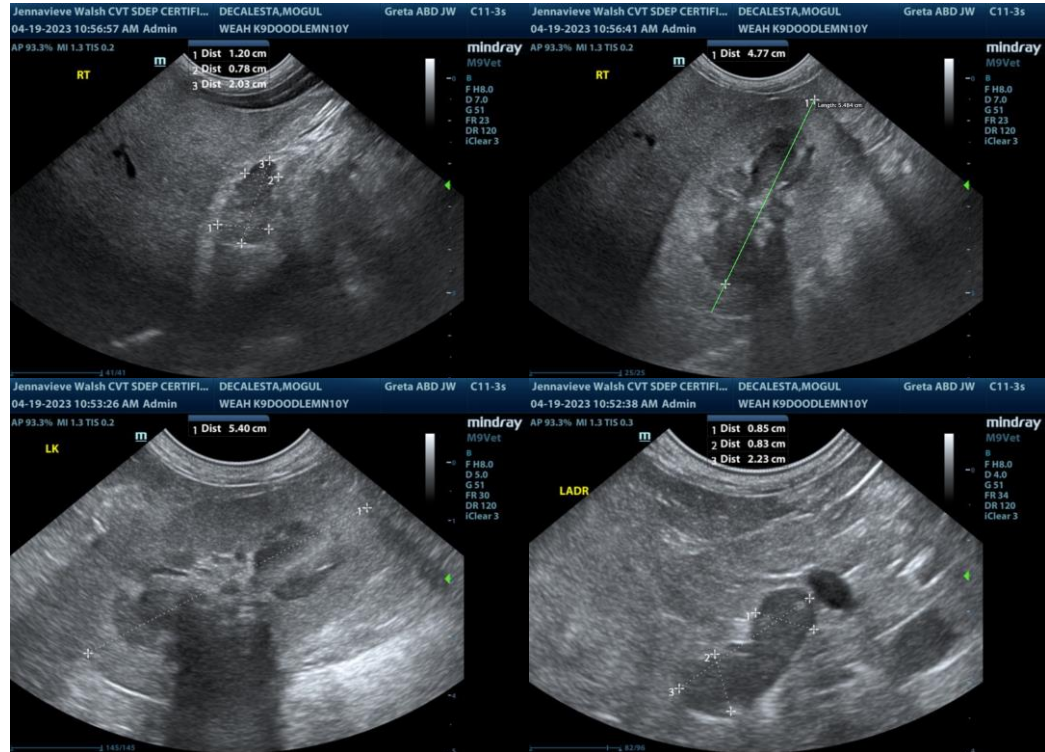
MN

AGE

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WEIGHT

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The information and recommendations provided are based on the images presented by the referring veterinarian/sonographer. No evaluation can be communicated regarding pathology that was not visible in the image/video clips provided.

Thank you for this referral. If the clinical or image interpretation does not parallel your findings or if I can be of any further assistance please contact me.

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