



PATIENT PRESENTING CLINICAL SIGNS

Apex Steindorf History: Stool is black and tarry every few months and appetite is diminished during episodes nsf on cbc/chem panel blind bilateral enucleation

SPECIES ULTRASONOGRAPHIC EXAMINATION OF THE ABDOMEN

Canine

Urinary System

BREED

The urinary bladder, trigone, cystourethral junction, and visible pelvic urethra to a depth of 3.0 cm exhibited normal thickness and tone. Anechoic urine was present in the lumen with no uroliths or sediment. The ureteral papillae were normal. The ureters were not visible which is normal. No evidence of inflammatory or neoplastic changes were noted.

Husky

SEX

The area of the residual prostate appeared normal and free of pathology.

Neutered Male

The area of the aortic trifurcation was free of pathology.

AGE

Normal size and margination were present in the kidneys. A normal 1:3 cortex / medulla ratio and normal corticomedullary definition were maintained. The echogenicity of the cortex was similar to or slightly less than normal liver parenchyma while the medulla echogenicity was hypoechoic to the cortex with no evidence of pelvic dilation. The left kidney measured 7.0 cm in length. The right kidney measured 6.5 cm in length.

4 Years

WEIGHT

64.7 Pounds

Adrenal Glands

INTERPRETED BY

The left adrenal gland was uniform in size and contour with a uniformly hypoechoic parenchyma. The left adrenal gland measured 1.9 cm in length x 0.62 cm width at the caudal pole.

R. McKenzie Daniel, DVM,
DABVP (Canine and
Feline)

The right adrenal gland was uniform in size and contour with a uniformly hypoechoic parenchyma. The right adrenal gland measured 2.5 cm in length x 0.45 cm width at the caudal pole.

IMAGING PERFORMED BY

Spleen

Sara Hansen

The spleen exhibited a finely textured and homogenous parenchyma which was hyperechoic to the liver and renal cortical parenchyma. The capsule was smooth and regular without apparent expansion. The splenic vasculature at the hilus was normal in volume with no evidence of congestion or thrombosis. Acute to chronic inflammatory, neoplastic, or benign parenchyma changes were not noted.

HOSPITAL NAME

Albany AH

Liver

REFERRING VET

Dr. Fletcher

The liver was subjectively normal in size, structure, and contour. The liver parenchyma was uniform and hypoechoic to the spleen with a mild coarse echotexture. The hepatic and portal vasculature were normal in appearance without signs of congestion. The gallbladder was non-distended in size with thin walls and primarily anechoic luminal content. The cystic and common bile ducts were normal.

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Gastrointestinal

DATE

3/3/22

The stomach presented intact wall layering with a normal wall layer ratio. The lumen of the stomach was empty with no evidence of retained ingesta, fluid or foreign material. The gastric body wall measured 0.49 cm.



PATIENT No evidence of loss of intestinal wall layering, altered muscularis/mucosa ratio or intestinal masses. The lumen of the small intestine was empty with no signs of ileus, obstruction or foreign material. The duodenum wall measured 0.46 cm. The jejunum wall measured 0.35 cm.
Apex Steindorf

SPECIES Normal visible colon wall layers were present with apparent formed feces in lumen.

Canine **Pancreas**

BREED The parenchyma of the left limb, body and right limb of the pancreas presented isoechoic to the adjacent omental fat. A normal curvilinear capsule contour of the pancreas was present. The visible pancreatic duct was normal. No signs of active inflammation or neoplastic disease was evident.
Husky

SEX **Free Abdomen**

Neutered Male Multiple, hypoechoic mid abdominal mesenteric to mesenteric root lymph nodes were present. The lymph nodes exhibited symmetrical to rounded margination with abnormal width: length ratio (>0.5). The enlarged lymph nodes were bordered by echogenic to reactive mesentery. An example of lymph node size measured 4.5 cm x 3.0 cm. No effusion was present.

AGE 4 Years

ULTRASONOGRAPHIC FINDINGS

WEIGHT

64.7 Pounds

- Enlarged, hypoechoic to swollen mid abdominal mesenteric/mesenteric root lymphadenopathy with regional perilymphatic inflammation- moderate to significant lymphadenitis with potential for neoplastic lymphadenopathy possible
- Overtly normal gastrointestinal tract

INTERPRETED BY

R. McKenzie Daniel, DVM,
DABVP (Canine and
Feline)

INTERPRETATION OF THE FINDINGS & FURTHER RECOMMENDATIONS

Overt evidence of gastrointestinal mural pathology, such as masses or ulceration as an obvious cause of intestinal bleeding was not definitively evident. The possibility of non-sonographically evident microulceration cannot be definitively excluded.

IMAGING PERFORMED BY

Sara Hansen

Assuming normal clotting status, and if accessible, ultrasound guided FNA of an enlarged mesenteric to mesenteric root lymph node recommended for screening cytology +/- culture and sensitivity.

HOSPITAL NAME

Albany AH

Gastric protectant protocol, including sucralfate and as needed gastrointestinal support recommended during episode of potential melena and decreased appetite. Sonographic reassessment of the gastrointestinal tract and mid abdominal mesenteric/mesenteric root lymphadenopathy in 10-14 days would be a more conservative approach.

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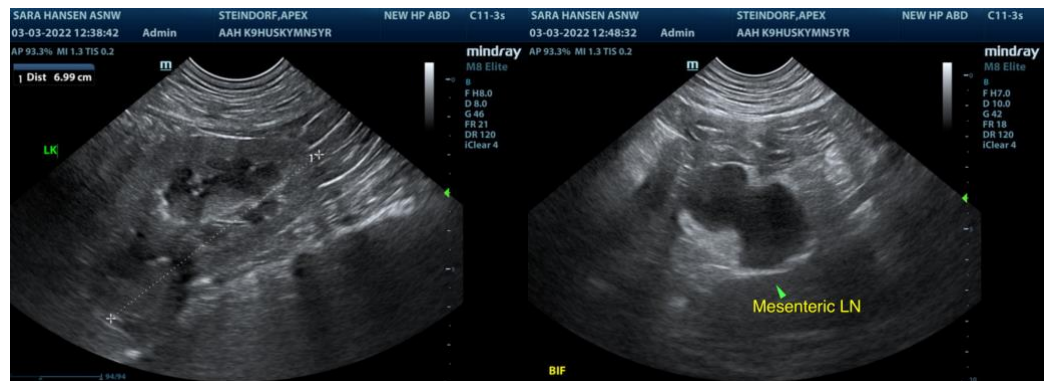
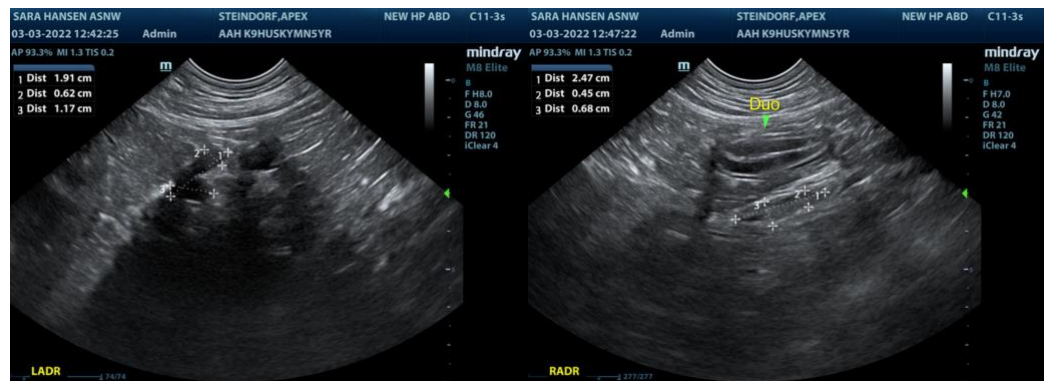
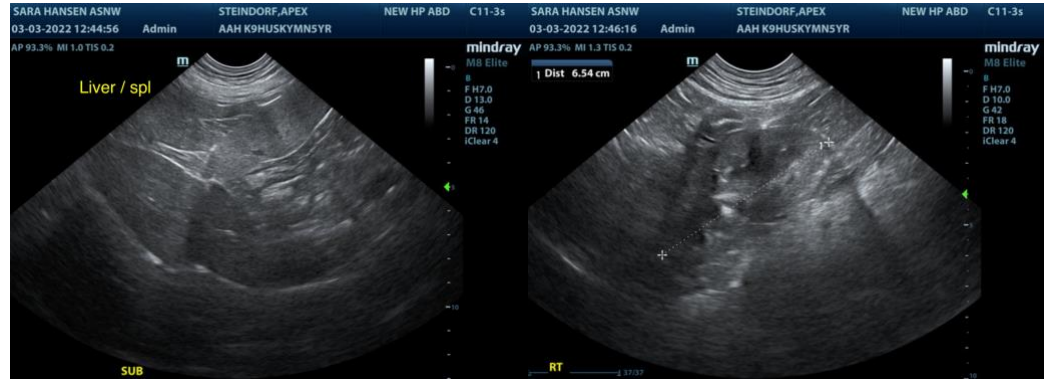
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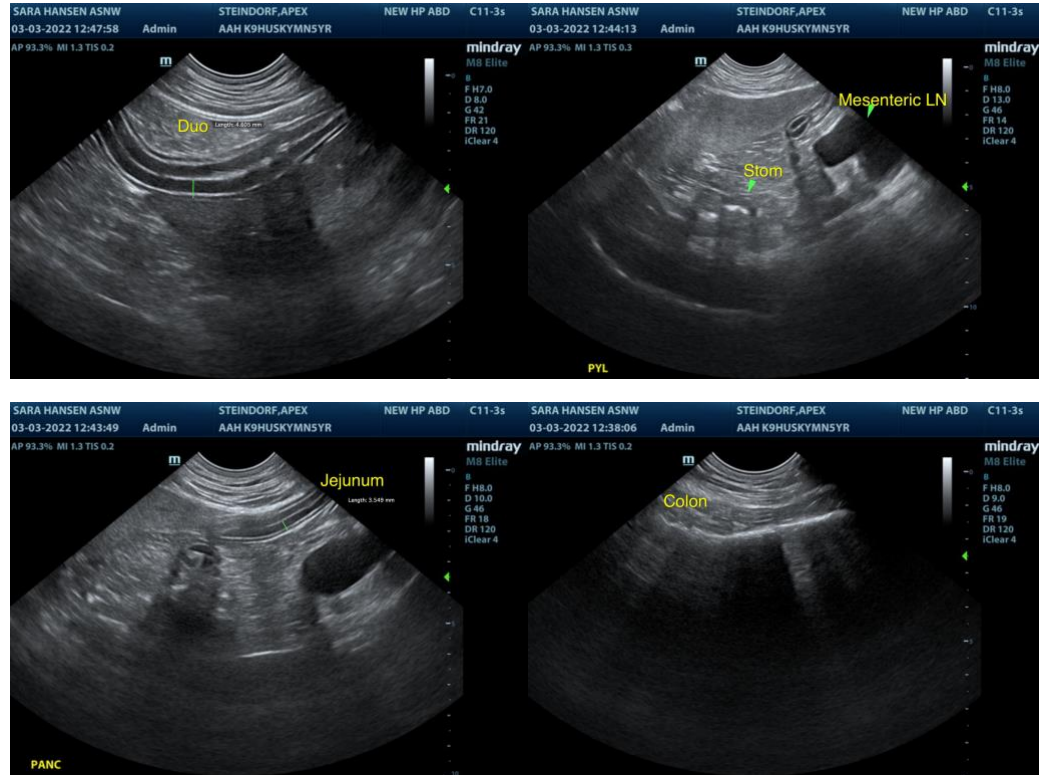
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The information and recommendations provided are based on the images presented by the referring veterinarian. No evaluation can be communicated regarding pathology that was not visible in the image/video clips provided.

Thank you for this referral. If the clinical or image interpretation does not parallel your findings or if I can be of any further assistance please contact me.

R. McKenzie Daniel, DVM, DABVP (Canine / Feline Practice)
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