



PATIENT PRESENTING CLINICAL SIGNS

Lucia Deckert History: Current meds : Tramadol and Gabapentin. Mild non-regenerative anemia, marked elevation in ALP, mild elevation in ALT.

SPECIES Abnormal PE/Chem/CBC/UA Results: Urinalysis- Protein 3+ Glucose 1+ normal blood glucose, Sp. Grav 1.020

Canine

BREED ULTRASONOGRAPHIC EXAMINATION OF THE ABDOMEN

Schnauzer

Urinary System

SEX

Spayed female

The urinary bladder, trigone, cystourethral junction, and visible pelvic urethra to a depth of 2 cm exhibited normal thickness and tone. Anechoic urine was present in the lumen with mild accumulated mineral to small calculus measuring 1.0 cm in diameter was observed. The ureteral papillae were normal. The ureters were not visible which is normal. No evidence of inflammatory or neoplastic changes were noted.

AGE

11 years

Normal size and margination was present in the kidneys. A normal 1:3 cortex / medulla ratio was maintained. The medulla and cortices were uniform in texture with some mildly increased echogenicity and mild loss of corticomedullary symmetry and definition expected for the age of the patient. Focal areas of nonobstructive medullary mineral to small renoliths were observed. Bilateral mild pyelectasia was present. The left kidney measured 5.5 cm in length. The right kidney measured 5.4 cm in length.

WEIGHT

9.4 kg

The area of the aortic trifurcation was free of pathology.

Adrenal Glands

INTERPRETED BY

R. McKenzie Daniel,
DVM, DABVP
(Canine and Feline)

The left adrenal gland was uniform in size and contour with a uniformly hypoechoic parenchyma. The left adrenal gland measured 0.53 cm width at the caudal pole and 0.46 cm width at the cranial pole. The right adrenal gland was indistinctly visualized yet without overt pathology. The right adrenal gland measured 0.78 cm width at the caudal pole.

IMAGING PERFORMED BY

Crystal Hill

Spleen

HOSPITAL NAME

New Hamburd
Veterinary Clinic

The spleen exhibited a finely textured and homogenous parenchyma which was hyperechoic to the liver and renal cortical parenchyma. The capsule was smooth and regular without apparent expansion. The splenic vasculature at the hilus was normal in volume with no evidence of congestion or thrombosis. Acute to chronic inflammatory, neoplastic, or benign parenchyma changes were not noted.

REFERRING VET

Dr. Findlater

Liver

INVOICE

10107ag

The liver was subjective moderate generalized enlargement with normal structure and contour. A cystic to focally mineralized macronodular to small mass noted in the caudal aspect of the caudate liver lobe measuring 4.4 cm in diameter was observed. The liver parenchyma was mildly nonuniform and hypoechoic to the spleen with a moderate coarse echotexture. The hepatic and portal vasculature were normal in appearance without signs of congestion.

DATE

03/02/2022

The gallbladder was non-distended in size with thin walls and mild gallbladder debris. No evidence of inflammatory mural changes or peripheral inflammation was noted. The cystic and common bile ducts were normal.



PATIENT *Gastrointestinal*

Lucia Deckert The stomach presented intact wall layering with a normal wall layer ratio. The lumen of the stomach was empty with no signs of ileus, obstruction or foreign material.

SPECIES The small intestine presented intact wall layering with 1:3 muscularis/mucosa ratio. The lumen of the small intestine was empty with no signs of ileus, obstruction or foreign material.

Canine

Normal visible colon wall layers were present with apparent formed feces in lumen.

BREED *Pancreas*

Schnauzer

The parenchyma of the left limb, body and right limb of the pancreas presented isoechoic to the adjacent omental fat. A normal curvilinear capsule contour of the pancreas was present. The visible pancreatic duct was normal. No signs of active inflammation or neoplastic disease was evident.

SEX

Spayed female

ULTRASONOGRAPHIC FINDINGS

AGE

11 years

- Mild accumulated urinary bladder mineral to small calculus.
- Mild chronic renal changes with nonobstructive medullary mineral to small renoliths.
- Hepatopathy with cystic to focally mineralized caudate lobe macronodule/small mass.

INTERPRETATION OF THE FINDINGS & FURTHER RECOMMENDATIONS

WEIGHT

9.4 kg

Further renal staging to include urine C/S and protein: creatinine ratio on sterile urine sample may be considered. The pyelectasia noted in both kidneys may be owing to renal scarring secondary to calculi passage.

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(Canine and Feline)

The liver is suggestive of chronic benign hepatopathy although the caudate lobe micronodule/small mass was nonspecific. If accessible, an ultrasound guided FNA of the caudate nodule/mass could be considered for screening cytology with concurrent hepatic parenchyma cytology however this nodule may be inaccessible due to depth. Empirically hepatosupportive medications including Denamarin and Ursodiol may prove beneficial.

IMAGING PERFORMED BY

Crystal Hill

Screening BP given the presence of proteinuria to assess for evidence of hypertension is suggested.

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Veterinary Clinic

Abdominal CT may be considered for further assessment of the overall liver as well as the caudate nodule/small mass. Sonographic monitoring with initial recheck in 6-8 weeks would be a more conservative approach.

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SPECIES

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BREED

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SEX

Spayed female

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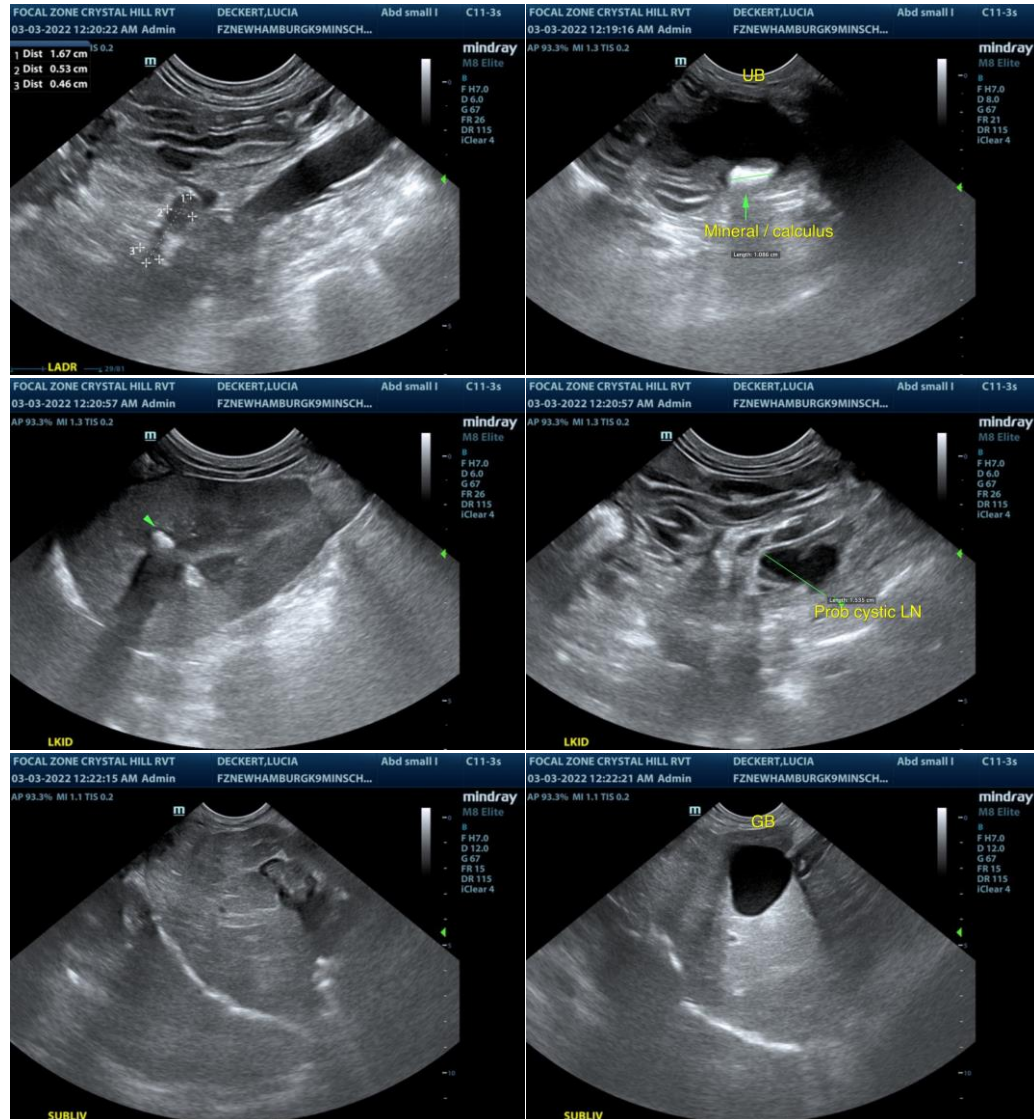
Dr. Findlater

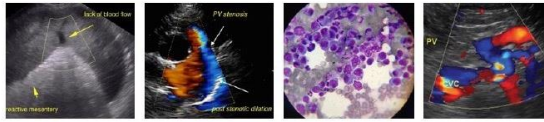
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PATIENT

Lucia Deckert

SPECIES

Canine

BREED

Schnauzer

SEX

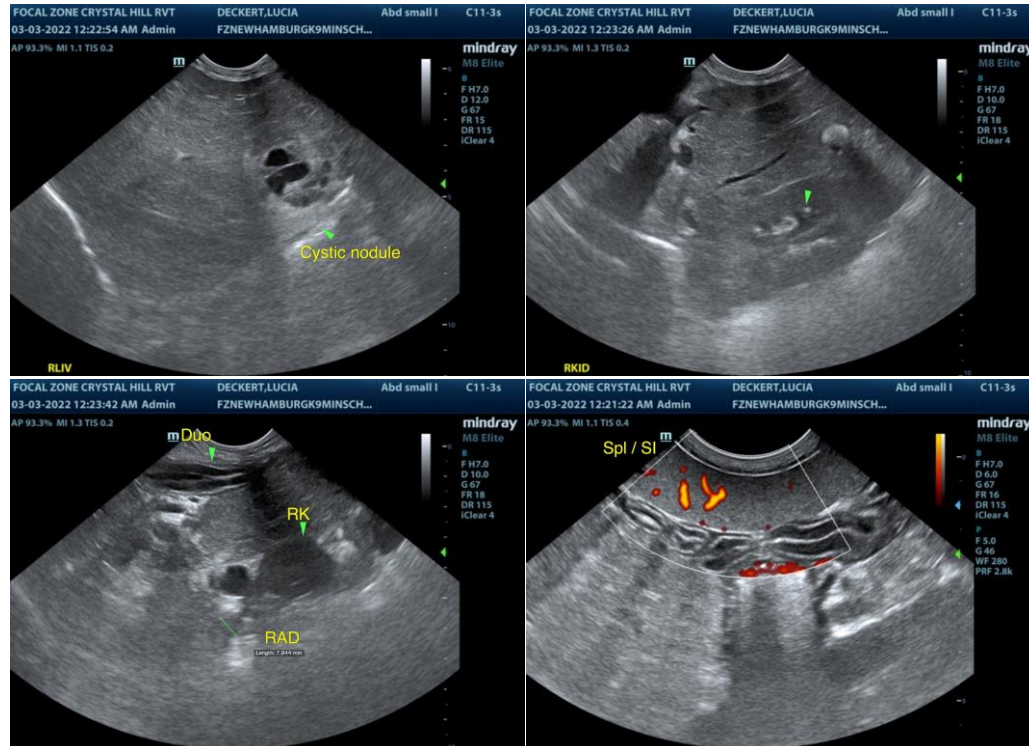
Spayed female

AGE

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WEIGHT

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The information and recommendations provided are based on the images presented by the referring veterinarian/sonographer. No evaluation can be communicated regarding pathology that was not visible in the image/video clips provided.

Thank you for this referral. If the clinical or image interpretation does not parallel your findings or if I can be of any further assistance please contact me.

R. McKenzie Daniel, DVM, DABVP (Canine / Feline Practice)

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