



PATIENT

Ollie Crow

PRESENTING CLINICAL SIGNS

Elevated Ca, blood in urine On cytopoint

SPECIES

Canine

Abnormal PE/Chem/CBC/UA Results: 2/13 - Elevated Ca, ALP 435, 9/24/22 - elevated ALP 504, Ca 13.2, Crea 2.0 UA: 2/13/23 - Blood 3+, RBC >50, 9/27/22 Blood, RBC, Bacteria SG: 1.018

ULTRASONOGRAPHIC EXAMINATION OF THE ABDOMEN

BREED

Terrier Mix

Urinary System

The urinary bladder, trigone, cystourethral junction, and visible pelvic urethra exhibited normal tone. Mild nonuniform thickening of the urinary bladder wall was present. Dependent to accumulated focal areas of likely adhered luminal mineral was present along the apical and ventroapical surface.

SEX

MN

Normal size and margination were present in the kidneys. A normal 1:3 cortex / medulla ratio was maintained. The medulla and cortices were uniform in texture with some increased echogenicity and mild loss of corticomedullary symmetry and definition expected for the age of the patient. No evidence of pelvic dilation was present. Focal areas of mild non-obstructive medullary mineral was present. The left kidney measured 5.0 cm in length. The right kidney measured 5.3 cm in length.

AGE

11.5yr

The area of the aortic trifurcation was free of pathology.

The area of the residual prostate appeared normal and free of pathology.

WEIGHT

25.6lb

The area of the iliac trifurcation was free of pathology including no evidence of medial, iliac or sublumbar lymphadenopathy.

Adrenal Glands

INTERPRETED BY

R. McKenzie Daniel,
DVM, DABVP
(Canine and Feline)

The left adrenal gland was uniform in size and contour with a uniformly hypoechoic parenchyma. The left adrenal gland measured 0.59 cm width at the caudal pole and 2.4 cm length. The right adrenal gland was uniform in size and contour with a uniformly hypoechoic parenchyma. The right adrenal gland measured 0.58 cm width at the caudal pole and 2.8 cm width at the cranial pole. No adrenal tumors or evidence of adrenomegaly.

IMAGING PERFORMED BY

Val Shumskaya

Spleen

The spleen exhibited primarily finely textured parenchyma which was hyperechoic to the liver and renal cortical parenchyma. Mild generalized parenchyma heterogeneity was present without evidence of nodular changes. The capsule was smooth and regular without apparent expansion. The splenic vasculature at the hilus was normal in volume with no evidence of congestion or thrombosis. No splenic masses or nodules present. The parenchymal heterogeneity is likely consistent with benign changes such as extramedullary hematopoiesis or age related remodeling with minor potential for inflammatory or neoplastic disease.

HOSPITAL NAME

Ramapo Valley AH

REFERRING VET

Dr. Katara

Liver/Gallbladder

The liver presented enlarged in size. The parenchyma of the liver was subjectively normal in echogenicity compared to the spleen and renal cortices. The liver parenchyma was uniform with a mildly coarse echotexture. The capsule of the liver was symmetrically rounded to mildly swollen in margination. The hepatic and portal vasculature were normal in appearance without signs of congestion. The gallbladder was non-distended in size with primarily anechoic luminal content and minor echogenic debris. No evidence of gallbladder or peripheral gallbladder inflammation was present. The cystic and common bile ducts were normal.

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DATE

03/01/2023



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Gastrointestinal

Ollie Craw

The stomach presented intact wall layering with a normal wall layer ratio. The lumen of the stomach was empty with no signs of ileus, obstruction or foreign material.

SPECIES

Canine

The small intestine presented intact wall layering with 1:3 muscularis/mucosa ratio. The lumen of the small intestine was empty with no signs of ileus, obstruction or foreign material.

Normal visible colon wall layers were present with apparent formed feces in lumen.

BREED

Pancreas

Terrier Mix

The pancreas was normal in size and contour with isoechoic to heterogeneous parenchyma compared to adjacent omentum, likely consistent with age related changes and considered incidental. No signs of active inflammation or neoplasia.

SEX

MN

Free Abdomen

No omental masses, overt lymphadenopathy or peritoneal effusion was present.

AGE

11.5yr

ULTRASONOGRAPHIC FINDINGS

- Dependent focally adhered urinary bladder mineral/calculi with concurrent cystitis
- Non-obstructive bilateral renal medullary mineral
- Benign hepatomegaly/hepatopathy-sonographically suggestive of vacuolar hepatopathy pattern
- Mild gallbladder debris (non-mucocele)

WEIGHT

25.6lb

INTERPRETATION OF THE FINDINGS & FURTHER RECOMMENDATIONS

INTERPRETED BY

R. McKenzie Daniel,
DVM, DABVP
(Canine and Feline)

No evidence of intra-abdominal neoplastic criteria. Assuming normal clotting status and using a 25g needle, a hepatic FNA for screening cytology could be considered for further assessment. The urinary bladder sediment may suggest cellular / crystalline debris or mucus. Cystocentesis for UA +/- C/S if evidence of inflammatory cells is recommended. A definitive cause of the hypercalcemia was not obvious within the abdominal cavity. Three view chest radiographs are recommended if not done to assess for occult thoracic pathology. Rectal palpation is suggested if not done. A hypercalcemia panel to include Ca⁺⁺, PTHrP and PTH is suggested.

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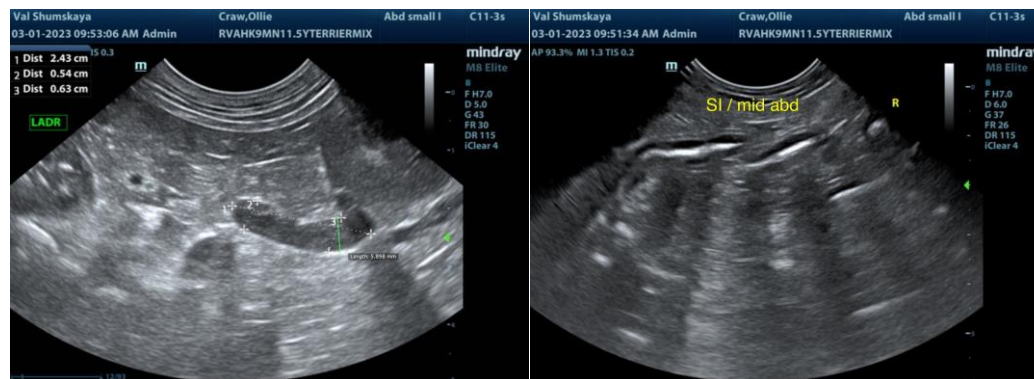
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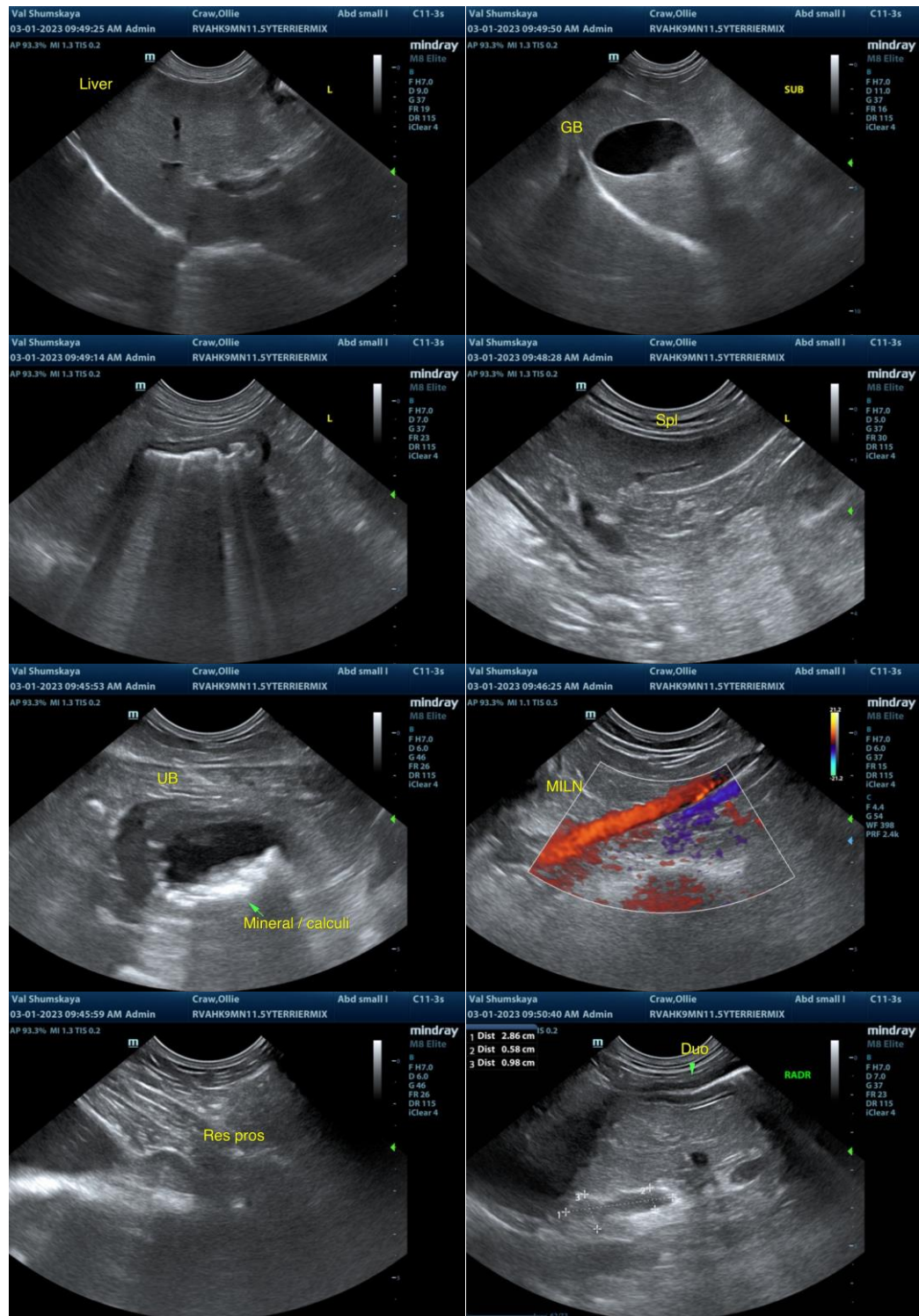
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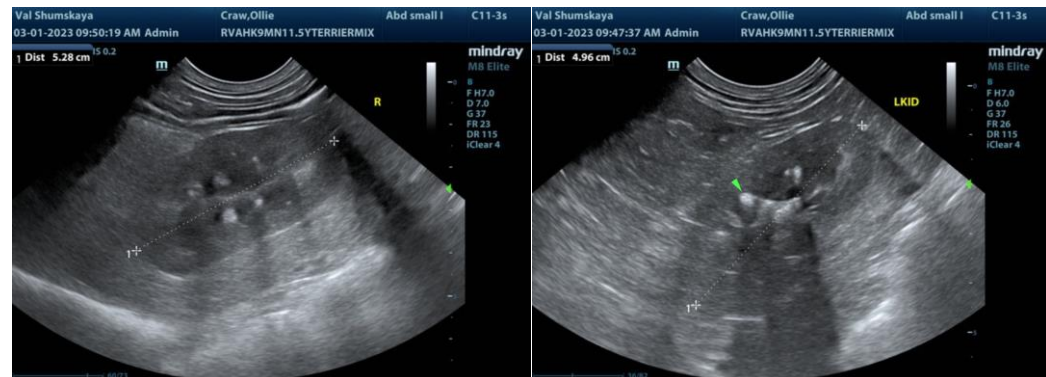
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The information and recommendations provided are based on the images presented by the referring veterinarian/sonographer. No evaluation can be communicated regarding pathology that was not visible in the image/video clips provided.

Thank you for this referral. If the clinical or image interpretation does not parallel your findings or if I can be of any further assistance, please contact me.

R. McKenzie Daniel, DVM, DABVP (Canine/Feline Practice)
mac.daniel@sonopath.com