



**PATIENT**

Mackie Klimiuk

**SPECIES**

Canine

**BREED**

Cavalier King /  
Poodle

**SEX**

M/N

**AGE**

16

**WEIGHT**

12.5

**INTERPRETED BY**

R. McKenzie Daniel,  
DVM, DABVP  
(Canine and Feline)

**IMAGING PERFORMED BY**

Dr. Sharkaway

**HOSPITAL NAME**

Kew Gardens AH

**REFERRING VET**

Dr. Sharkaway

**INVOICE**

16062

**DATE**

2/7/23

**PRESENTING CLINICAL SIGNS**

Weight loss Anorexia History of hyperadrenocorticism, the patient on trilostane.

Abnormal PE/Chem/CBC/UA Results: Blood work–within normal limits ACTH test–within the therapeutic level Radiograph–suspected mass caudal to the liver

**ULTRASONOGRAPHIC EXAMINATION OF THE ABDOMEN**

**Urinary System**

The urinary bladder, trigone, cystourethral junction, and visible pelvic urethra exhibited normal thickness and tone. Anechoic urine was present in the lumen with no uroliths or sediment. The ureteral papillae were normal. The ureters were not visible which is normal. No evidence of inflammatory or neoplastic changes was noted.

The residual prostate was free of overt pathology.

The area of the aortic trifurcation was free of pathology.

Normal size and margination were present in the kidneys. A normal 1:3 cortex / medulla ratio was maintained. The medulla and cortices were uniform in texture with some increased echogenicity and mild loss of corticomedullary symmetry and definition expected for the age of the patient. No evidence of pelvic dilation or pyelectasia was present. The left kidney measured 4.0 cm in length. The right kidney measured 4.5 cm in length. Pinpoint medullary mineral was noted.

**Adrenal Glands**

The left adrenal gland was not definitively visualized. The right adrenal gland was mildly prominent in size based on caudal pole width measurement in light of the patient's body weight measuring 0.60 cm width at the caudal pole.

**Spleen**

The spleen exhibited overall normal size with primarily maintained symmetrical capsule contour and generalized mild parenchyma heterogeneity. A solitary, mildly expansive, isoechoic to nonhomogeneous nodule was present in the medial spleen with subtle associated distortion of the medial splenic capsule without evidence of parenchymal escape measuring 1.6 cm in diameter.

**Liver/ Gallbladder**

The liver exhibited subjective mild enlargement with areas of mild hepatic capsule asymmetry and nonuniform, mildly mixed echogenic hepatic parenchyma exhibiting intermittent, nondisruptive, discrete, hypoechoic nodules. A concurrent, solitary, thinly walled, intraparenchymal cyst containing anechoic fluid was present in the mid-ventral liver.

Suspect markedly distended gallbladder with suspected gallbladder displacement into the area of the gastric axis and caudal hepatic margins. The gallbladder potentially measured 5.0-6.0 cm in diameter containing anechoic content with mild to moderate, nonorganized, variably hyperechoic gallbladder sludge. The common bile duct was not definitively visualized yet was without evidence of definitive common bile duct dilation, stasis, or obstructive criteria.



<b>PATIENT</b>	<b><i>Gastrointestinal</i></b>
Mackie Klimiuk	The stomach presented intact wall layering with a normal wall layer ratio. Moderate, variably echogenic, progressively shadowing ingesta was present.
<b>SPECIES</b>	
Canine	The small intestine presented intact wall layering with 1:3 muscularis/mucosa ratio. Concurrent mild segmental nonshadowing ingesta / chyme was present with no evidence of an overt gastrointestinal obstructive pattern or foreign material.
<b>BREED</b>	
Cavalier King / Poodle	Normal visible colon wall layers were present with apparent formed feces in lumen.
<b>SEX</b>	<b><i>Pancreas</i></b>
M/N	The pancreas was normal in size and contour with isoechoic to heterogeneous parenchyma compared to adjacent omentum. No signs of active inflammation or neoplasia.
<b>AGE</b>	<b><i>Free Abdomen</i></b>
16	No overt lymphadenopathy or peritoneal effusion was present.
<b>WEIGHT</b>	<b>ULTRASONOGRAPHIC FINDINGS</b>
12.5	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Heterogeneous mild irregular discretely nodular liver with solitary intraparenchymal cyst</li> <li>• Suspect markedly distended gallbladder with caudal gallbladder displacement and mild to moderate nonorganized sludge</li> <li>• Overtly normal gastrointestinal tract with gastric and segmental intestinal ingesta / chyme - Some degree of possible gastrointestinal stasis or nonobstructive hypomotility could be possible if documented NPO</li> <li>• Pancreatic remodeling - suspect age-related changes and incidental, possible low-grade to chronic pancreatitis</li> <li>• Bilateral chronic renal changes with minor medullary mineral</li> <li>• Mildly prominent right adrenal gland - likely consistent with pituitary-dependent hyperadrenocorticism</li> <li>• Nonspecific mildly expansive splenic nodule - hyperplasia, hematopoiesis, splenitis, granuloma, possible emerging neoplasia are all potentials</li> </ul>
<b>INTERPRETED BY</b>	<b><u>INTERPRETATION OF THE FINDINGS &amp; FURTHER RECOMMENDATIONS</u></b>
R. McKenzie Daniel, DVM, DABVP (Canine and Feline)	The reported cranial abdominal mass effect is suspected to correlate with the markedly distended, likely displaced gallbladder. Given the lack of reported icterus or evidence of cholestasis on lab work, this is of unclear clinical significance. Alternatively, a large hepatobiliary cyst with non-visualized gallbladder cannot be excluded. Ursodiol therapy may prove beneficial. No other evidence of intraabdominal masses was noted.
<b>IMAGING PERFORMED BY</b>	
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2/7/23	Assuming normal clotting status, FNA cytology of the splenic nodule using a 25-gauge needle could be considered for further clarification vs. sonographic monitoring for evidence of progression.



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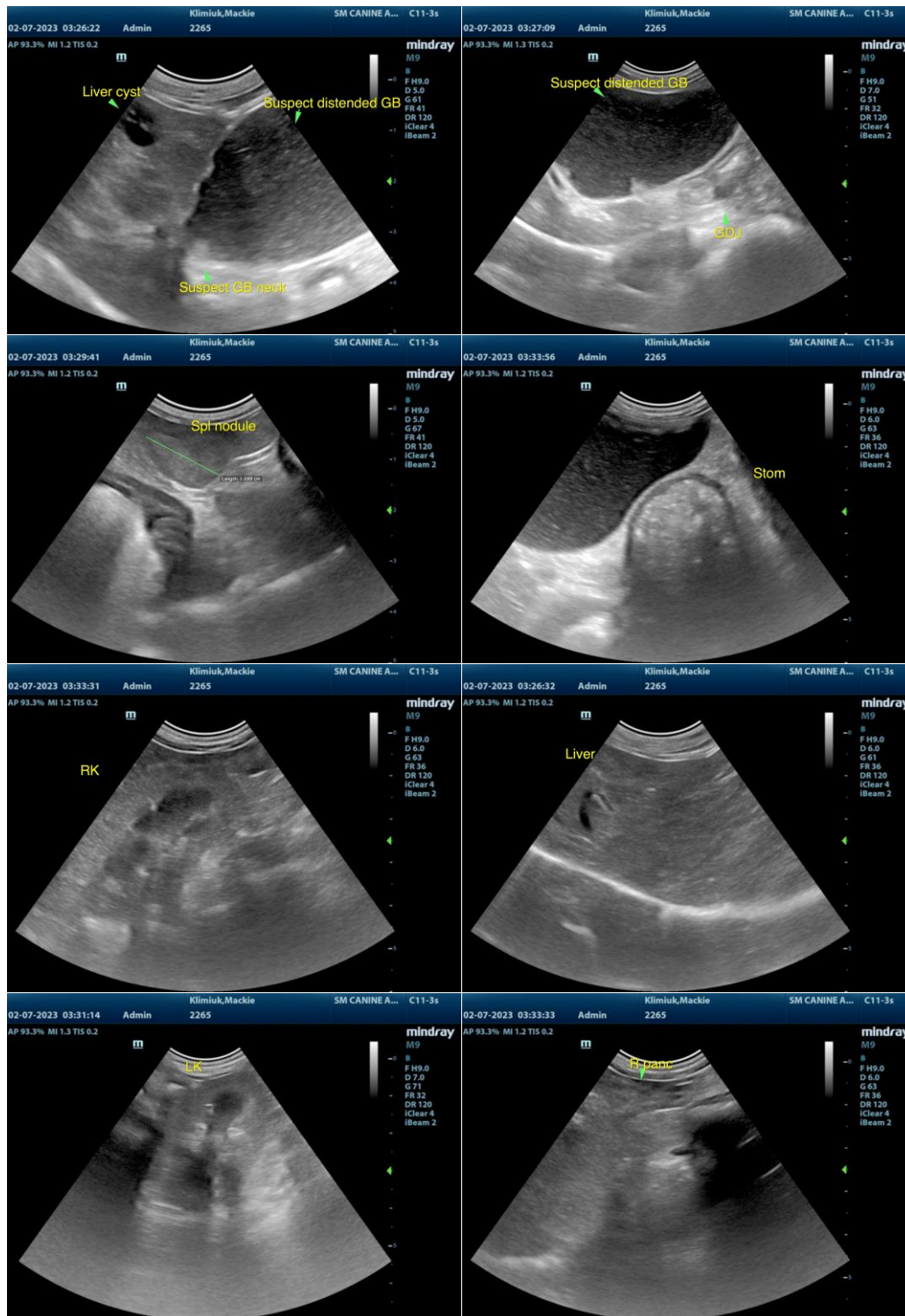
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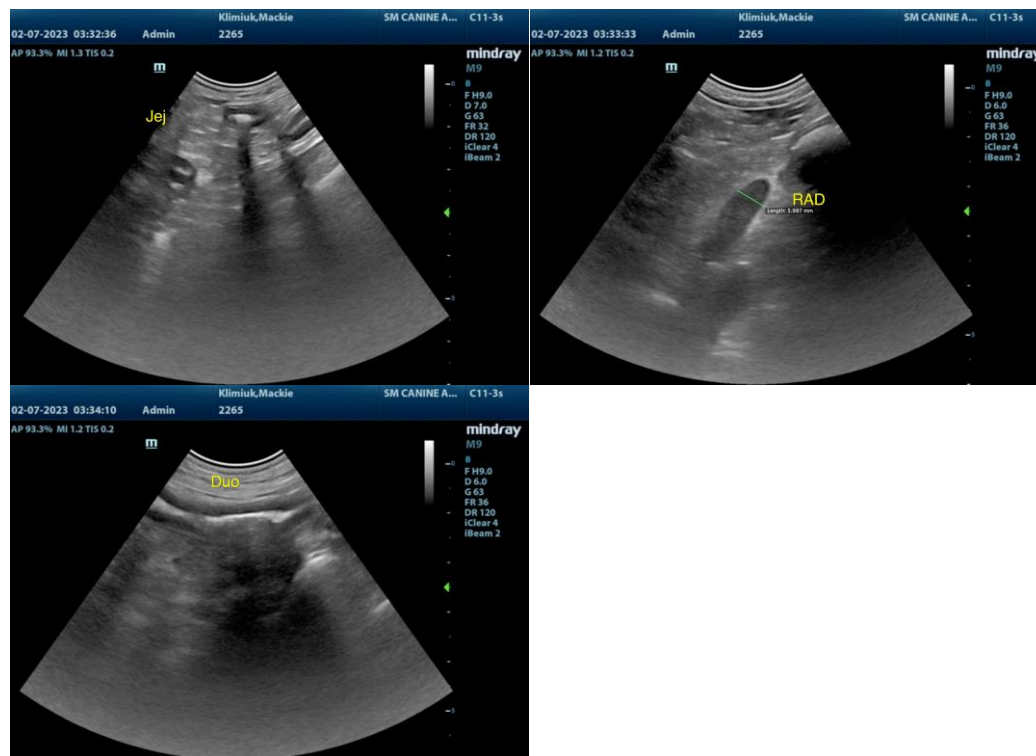
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**The information and recommendations provided are based on the images presented by the referring veterinarian/sonographer. No evaluation can be communicated regarding pathology that was not visible in the image/video clips provided.**

Thank you for this referral. If the clinical or image interpretation does not parallel your findings or if I can be of any further assistance please contact me.

**R. McKenzie Daniel, DVM, DABVP (Canine / Feline Practice)**  
info@SonoPath.com