



PATIENT

Loki Long

SPECIES

Feline

BREED

DSH

SEX

M/N

AGE

16 years

WEIGHT

19 lbs.

INTERPRETED BY

R. McKenzie Daniel,
DVM, DABVP
(Canine and Feline)

IMAGING PERFORMED BY

Dr. Jennifer Todd

HOSPITAL NAME

Lambs Gap AH

REFERRING VET

Dr. Lindsey Knouse

INVOICE

16277

DATE

2/23/23

PRESENTING CLINICAL SIGNS

Loki is a sixteen year old, MN, DSH cat with a history of hyperthyroidism and diabetic remission. Loki does not tolerate methimazole gastrointestinally so his owner would like to pursue I131 treatment. On exam on 1/23/23, Dr. Knouse palpated a possible soft tissue mass in Loki's mid-abdomen. However, abdominal radiographs on 12/8/22 showed normal geriatric abdomen per radiology report. Bloodwork, thoracic rads and abdominal ultrasound are performed today for I131 treatment pre-screening

ULTRASONOGRAPHIC EXAMINATION OF THE ABDOMEN

Urinary System

The urinary bladder, trigone, cystourethral junction, and visible pelvic urethra to a depth of 2.0 cm exhibited normal thickness and tone. Anechoic urine was present in the lumen with no uroliths or sediment. The ureteral papillae were normal. The ureters were not visible which is normal. No evidence of inflammatory or neoplastic changes was noted.

The area of the aortic trifurcation was free of pathology.

Normal renal size with asymmetrical margination were present in both kidneys. The renal cortex presented uniformly increased in echogenicity with uniform echotexture. The renal cortex appeared to be hypertrophied resulting in an altered cortex: medulla ratio. Moderate loss of corticomedullary distinction was also present. The renal medullary volume was subjectively reduced. Mild left kidney pyelectasia was present. No evidence of left hydronephrosis was noted. No evidence of pyelectasia was found in the right kidney. The left kidney measured 4.8 cm in length. The right kidney measured 5.2 cm in length.

Adrenal Glands

The adrenal gland were normal in size, position, and shape. The left adrenal gland measured 0.43 cm width. The right adrenal gland measured 0.50 cm width.

Spleen

The spleen exhibited primarily finely textured parenchyma which was hyperechoic to the liver and renal cortical parenchyma. Mild generalized parenchyma heterogeneity was present without evidence of nodular changes. The capsule was smooth and regular without apparent expansion. The splenic vasculature at the hilus was normal in volume with no evidence of congestion or thrombosis. The parenchymal heterogeneity is likely consistent with benign changes such as extramedullary hematopoiesis or age-related remodeling with minor potential for inflammatory or neoplastic disease.

Liver/ Gallbladder

The liver was subjectively normal in size, structure, and contour. The liver parenchyma was uniform and hypoechoic to the spleen with a mild coarse echotexture. The hepatic and portal vasculature were normal in appearance without signs of congestion. The gallbladder was non-distended in size with thin walls and primarily anechoic luminal content. The cystic and common bile ducts were normal.



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Gastrointestinal

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The stomach presented intact wall layering with a normal wall layer ratio. The lumen of the stomach was empty with no signs of ileus, obstruction, or foreign material.

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The small intestine presented intact wall layering with 1:3 muscularis/mucosa ratio. The lumen of the small intestine was empty with no signs of ileus, obstruction, or foreign material.

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Pancreas

The parenchyma of the left limb, body, and right limb of the pancreas presented isoechoic to the adjacent omental fat. A normal curvilinear capsule contour of the pancreas was present. The visible pancreatic duct was normal. No signs of active inflammation or neoplastic disease were evident.

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Free Abdomen

No omental masses, lymphadenopathy, or evidence of peritoneal effusion were noted.

WEIGHT

19 lbs.

ULTRASONOGRAPHIC FINDINGS

- Moderate chronic renal changes with mild left kidney pyelectasia
- Sonographically unremarkable peritoneal cavity - no evidence of intraabdominal masses, lymphadenopathy, or free fluid

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INTERPRETATION OF THE FINDINGS & FURTHER RECOMMENDATIONS

No sonographic evidence of significant visceral pathology, i.e., neoplastic criteria or lymphadenopathy, with largely geriatric changes present.

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The mild pyelectasia is nonspecific yet suspected to be secondary to chronic renal scarring or chronic renal changes. Correlation with pending lab work, as well as recommended additional renal staging to include screening C/S and baseline UPC level if evidence of proteinuria, is warranted.

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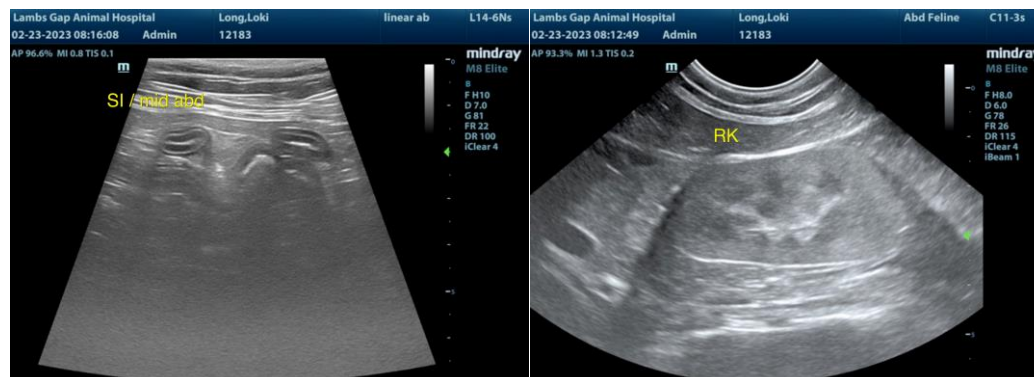
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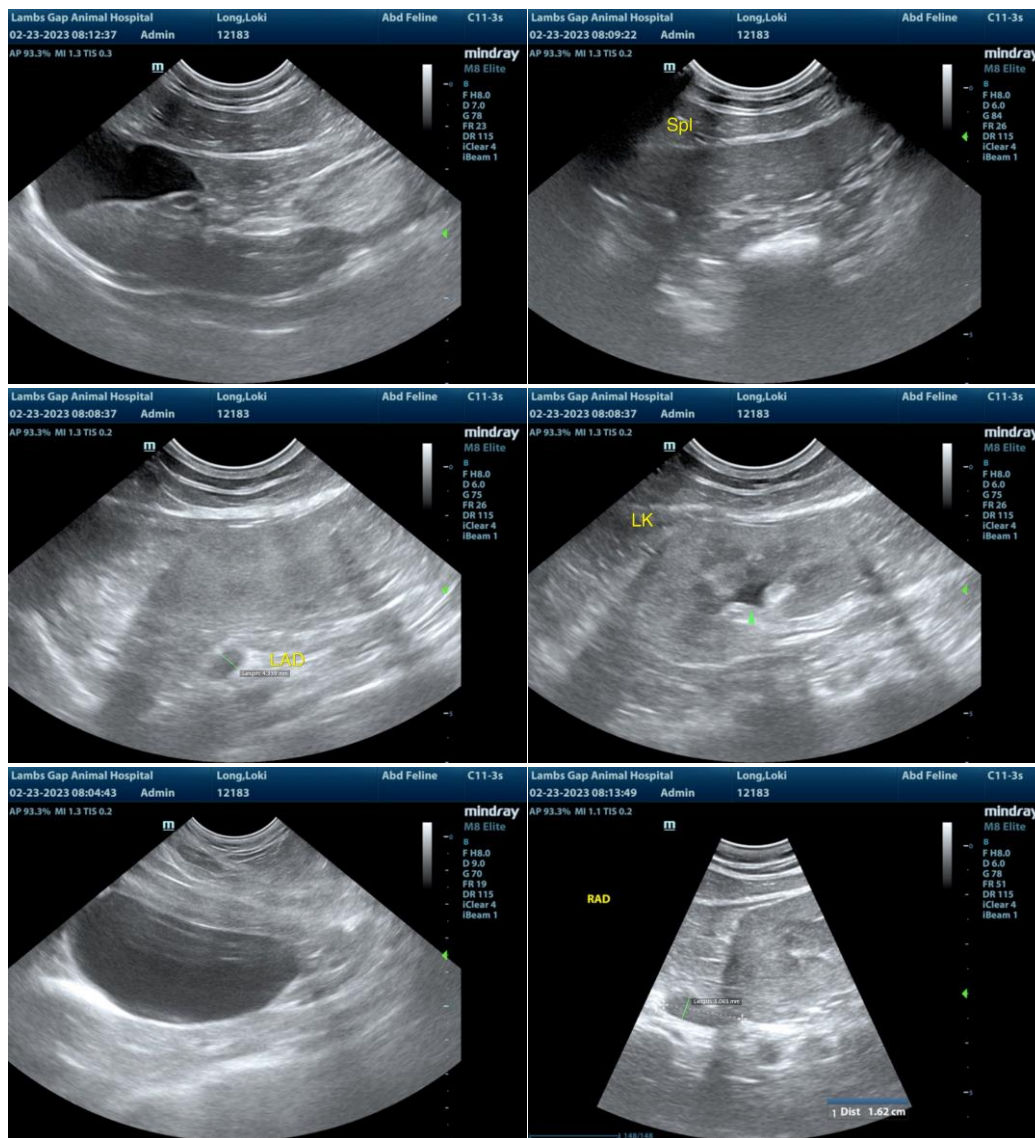
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The information and recommendations provided are based on the images presented by the referring veterinarian/sonographer. No evaluation can be communicated regarding pathology that was not visible in the image/video clips provided.

Thank you for this referral. If the clinical or image interpretation does not parallel your findings or if I can be of any further assistance please contact me.

R. McKenzie Daniel, DVM, DABVP (Canine / Feline Practice)
info@SonoPath.com