



PATIENT

Obi-Wan Tunnillo

SPECIES

Canine

BREED

Alaskan Malamute

SEX

Intact Male

AGE

1 year

WEIGHT

61.7 lbs.

INTERPRETED BY

R. McKenzie Daniel,
DVM, DABVP
(Canine and Feline)

**IMAGING
PERFORMED BY**

Kelly Vazquez

HOSPITAL NAME

Westwood Regional
Veterinary Hospital

REFERRING VET

Dr. Aranow

INVOICE

15666

DATE

12/20/22

PRESENTING CLINICAL SIGNS

Patient presents for vomiting and thin body condition. No reported fecal/deworming, patient does tend to eat things he shouldn't. Very BAR at time of ultrasound.

ULTRASONOGRAPHIC EXAMINATION OF THE ABDOMEN

Urinary System

The urinary bladder, trigone, cystourethral junction, and visible pelvic urethra to a depth of 4.0 cm exhibited normal thickness and tone. Anechoic urine was present in the lumen with no uroliths or sediment. The ureteral papillae were normal. The ureters were not visible which is normal. No evidence of inflammatory or neoplastic changes was noted.

The residual prostate exhibited the expected size and presentation for a young intact male canine, measuring 3.2 cm in diameter.

The area of the aortic trifurcation was free of pathology.

Normal size and margination were present in the kidneys. A normal 1:3 cortex / medulla ratio and normal corticomedullary definition were maintained. The echogenicity of the cortex was similar to or slightly less than normal liver parenchyma while the medulla echogenicity was hypoechoic to the cortex with no evidence of pelvic dilation. The left kidney measured 6.2 cm in length. The right kidney measured 5.5 cm in length.

Adrenal Glands

The left adrenal gland was uniform in size and contour with a uniformly hypoechoic parenchyma. The left adrenal gland measured 2.6 cm length x 0.57 cm width at the caudal pole. The right adrenal gland was uniform in size and contour with a uniformly hypoechoic parenchyma. The right adrenal gland measured 2.2 cm length x 0.36 cm width at the caudal pole.

Spleen

The spleen exhibited a finely textured and homogenous parenchyma which was hyperechoic to the liver and renal cortical parenchyma. The capsule was smooth and regular without apparent expansion. The splenic vasculature at the hilus was normal in volume with no evidence of congestion or thrombosis. Acute to chronic inflammatory, neoplastic, or benign parenchyma changes were not noted.

Liver/ Gallbladder

The liver was subjectively normal in size, structure, and contour. The liver parenchyma was uniform and hypoechoic to the spleen with a mild coarse echotexture. The hepatic and portal vasculature were normal in appearance without signs of congestion. The gallbladder was non-distended in size with thin walls and primarily anechoic luminal content. The cystic and common bile ducts were normal.



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Gastrointestinal

The stomach presented intact wall layering with a normal wall layer ratio. The lumen of the stomach was empty with no signs of ileus, obstruction, or foreign material. No evidence of retained ingesta for foreign material with mild luminal gas.

The small intestine presented intact wall layering with 1:3 muscularis/mucosa ratio. The lumen of the small intestine was empty with no signs of ileus, obstruction, or foreign material.

Normal visible colon wall layers were present with apparent formed feces in lumen.

Pancreas

The parenchyma of the left limb, body, and right limb of the pancreas presented isoechoic to the adjacent omental fat. A normal curvilinear capsule contour of the pancreas was present. The visible pancreatic duct was normal. No signs of active inflammation or neoplastic disease were evident.

Free Abdomen

Intermittent, midabdominal mesenteric lymph nodes were present. The lymph nodes were essentially isoechoic to adjacent omentum without evidence of peripheral inflammation and maintaining a normal width: length ratio (<0.5). The lymph nodes were not consistent with inflammatory or neoplastic criteria and considered incidental suggestive of mild benign lymphoid hyperplasia or potential immunologic immaturity. No evidence of peritoneal free fluid.

ULTRASONOGRAPHIC FINDINGS

- Sonographically normal abdomen

INTERPRETATION OF THE FINDINGS & FURTHER RECOMMENDATIONS

No evidence of visceral pathology, specifically no evidence of gastrointestinal mural pathology, obstructive pattern, or evidence of gastrointestinal foreign material. No indication for surgical intervention.

Dietary intolerance / food allergy, occult parasitism, structurally insignificant nonspecific gastrointestinal disease, and less likely occult Addison's Disease are all potentials. Novel protein or hydrolyzed diet trial, empirical deworming, i.e., Panacur 50 mg/kg PO SID for at least 5 consecutive days, as as-needed gastrointestinal support +/- assessment of caloric plane or competitive eating environment, if clinically indicated, is recommended. If persistent or progressive gastrointestinal signs are noted including the development of diarrhea, a GI panel to include PLI/TLI/Cobalamin/Folate and resting cortisol level could be considered to assess for occult disease.



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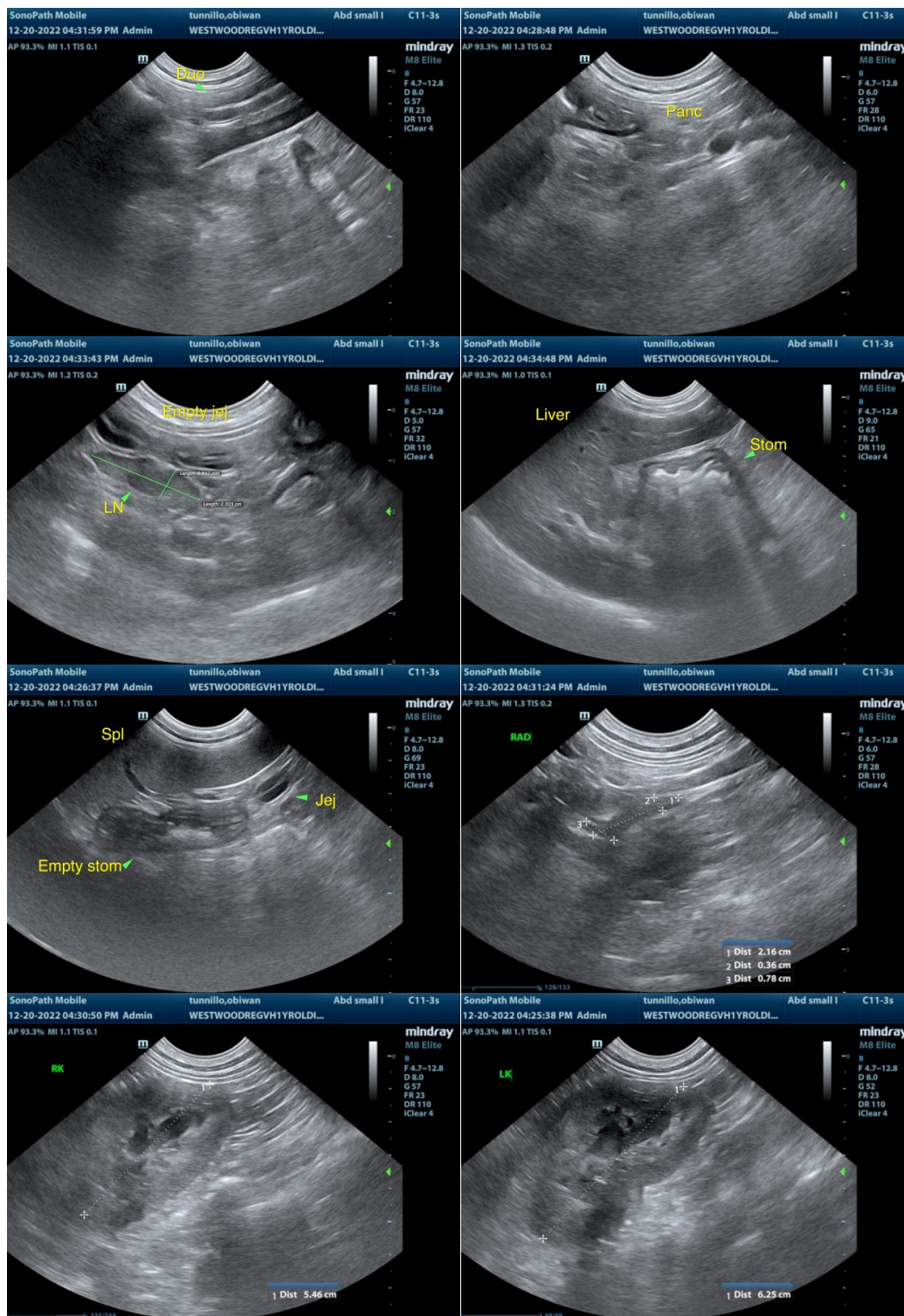
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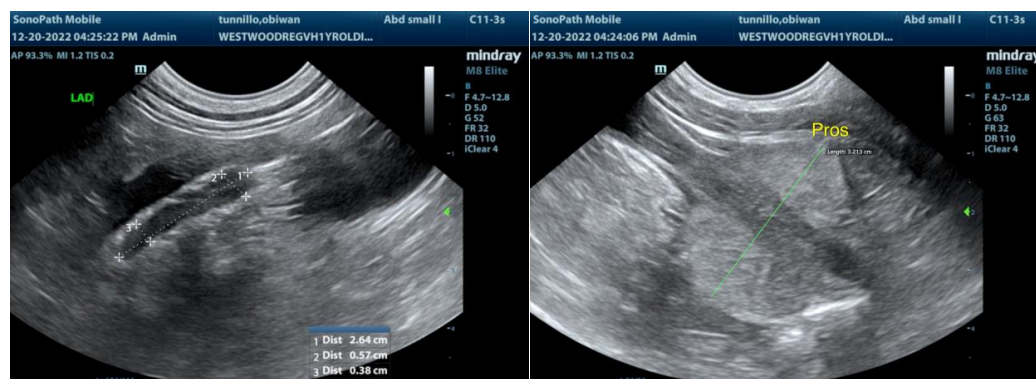
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The information and recommendations provided are based on the images presented by the referring veterinarian/sonographer. No evaluation can be communicated regarding pathology that was not visible in the image/video clips provided.

Thank you for this referral. If the clinical or image interpretation does not parallel your findings or if I can be of any further assistance please contact me.

R. McKenzie Daniel, DVM, DABVP (Canine / Feline Practice)
info@SonoPath.com