



PATIENT

Joy Jeske

SPECIES

Canine

BREED

Havanese

SEX

FS

AGE

10 years

WEIGHT

14 lbs.

INTERPRETED BY

R. McKenzie Daniel,
DVM, DABVP
(Canine and Feline)

IMAGING PERFORMED BY

Dr. Gromalak

HOSPITAL NAME

SVS Imaging

REFERRING VET

Dr. Weidman

INVOICE

12814

DATE

12/14/21

PRESENTING CLINICAL SIGNS

3/6 heart murmur. VHS 10. currently on amlodipine 1/2 5 mg bid

ULTRASONOGRAPHIC EXAMINATION OF THE HEART

CANINE CARDIAC PARAMETERS	MR VMAX (m/s)	TR VMAX (m/s)	LA/AO (Boon method)	LA/AO (Heart Base; Swe)	FS (%)	EF (%)	EPSS (cm)
NORMAL PARAMETER	4.5-5.5	<2.7	1.3	<1.6	28-40	40-100	<0.6
PATIENT	5.1	<2.0	1.5	1.3	51.6	84.7	0.2
CANINE CARDIAC PARAMETERS	HR (BPM)	AV VMAX (m/s)	PV MAX (m/s)	BODY WEIGHT (kg)	LA 2D short axis Base view (cm)	LVIDd Avg; 2D and m-mode short axis (cm)	LVIDs Avg; 2D and m-mode short axis (cm)
NORMAL PARAMETER	50-100	0.7-1.7	0.7-1.6	BELOW	BELOW	BELOW	BELOW
PATIENT	153	1.5	1.0		2.4	2.46	

Cardiac Presentation

The echocardiogram in this patient demonstrated normal **left atrial** size based on 3 different LA measurement methods. Chamber volumes and echogenicity were normal. The cranial and caudal **mitral** valve leaflets presented vegetative thickening consistent with endocardiosis with mild prolapse of the septal mitral valve leaflet. Doppler indicated eccentric measurable insufficiency. The **left ventricle** presented thicknesses with linear contour and was not dilated nor restricted. The **myocardium** presented normal echogenicity without subjective evidence of significant fibrotic or ischemic disease. **Contractility** of the ventricular walls was adequate and in normal range for this patient evidenced by the fractional shortening measurement and subjective evaluation of the different regions of the myocardium. The **left ventricular outflow** tract demonstrated normal laminar flow and subjective structural integrity. The **right atrium** and auricle revealed normal size, structure and content. No evidence of masses was noted or chamber overload. **Tricuspid** valvular assessment demonstrated adequate linear morphology. The **right ventricle** was of normal size (1/3 diameter of LV), chordae structure, myocardial echogenicity and thickness. **Pulmonic** tract assessment revealed normal valve structure, laminar flow, and diameter (approx. 1:1 pa/ao ratio). No visible **pericardial** or free pleura fluid was noted. No echographically detectable evidence of infiltrative disease was visible. The cranial **mediastinum and pericardial regions** were free of masses in the visible window.

ULTRASONOGRAPHIC FINDINGS

Primary Findings

- Chronic mitral valve disease (ACVIM B1) with mild mitral valve prolapse



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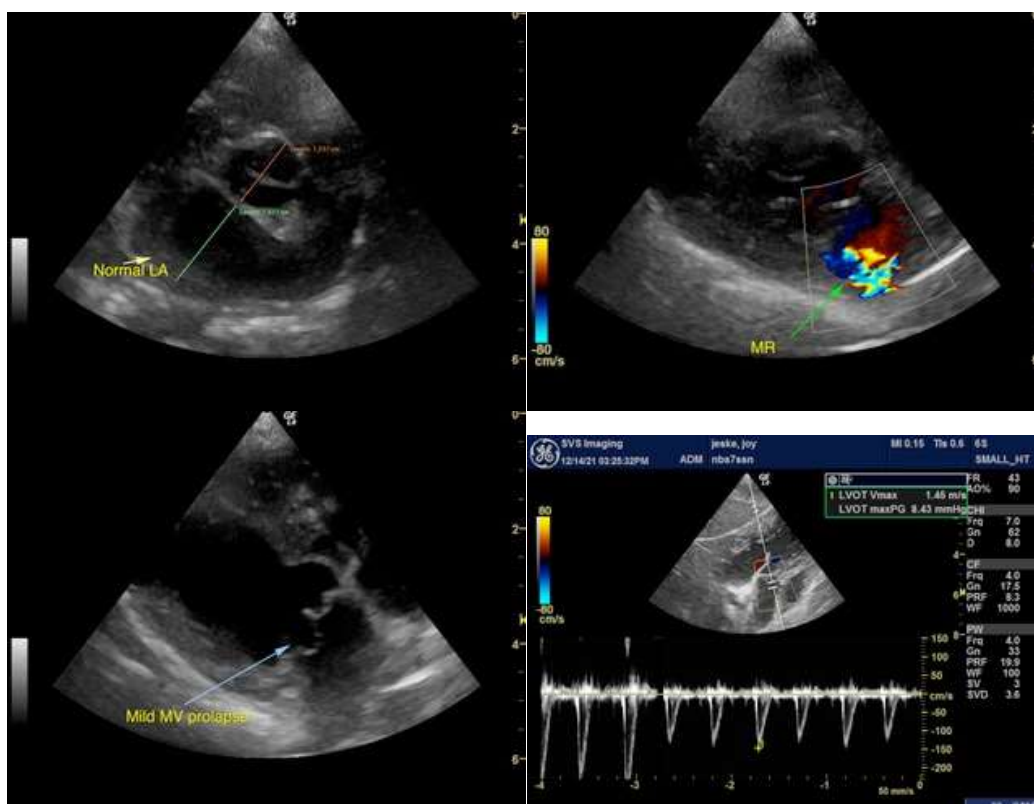
DATE

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INTERPRETATION OF THE FINDINGS & FURTHER RECOMMENDATIONS

The cause of the murmur is chronic degenerative valvular changes with secondary eccentric mitral valve insufficiency. No other clinical issues such as systolic dysfunction or evidence of clinical pulmonary hypertension were noted. The lack of left atrium enlargement implies that the risk of complication secondary to mitral valve insufficiency is low at this time and, without reported clinical signs, indicates that medical therapy is not required. However, prognosis at this stage is highly variable. Conservative monitoring is recommended with a recheck echocardiogram suggested in 6 months, sooner if clinical signs suggestive of heart disease develop. No overt anesthetic contraindications, although this patient may be more prone to fluid overload under anesthesia. Suggested anesthetic protocol, if required, may include opioid or Benzodiazepine pre-med, induction with Propofol or Alfaxalone, and appropriate gas anesthesia with avoidance of alpha 2 agonists.

<https://www.antechdiagnostics.com/cadet-braf>



The information and recommendations provided are based on the images presented by the referring veterinarian. No evaluation can be communicated regarding pathology that was not visible in the image/video clips provided.

Thank you for this referral. If the clinical or image interpretation does not parallel your findings or if I can be of any further assistance please contact me.

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