



PATIENT PRESENTING CLINICAL SIGNS

Teagan Amaral Persistently elevated ALP with no obvious cause. Was positive for Anaplasma but no clinical signs. Rest of bloodwork WNL. 9/30/22: ALP 2916. 10/15/22: ALP 2161. 10/19/22 ALP Isoenzyme: total ALP 1660 / Corticosteroid included ALP 1615.

SPECIES

Canine

BREED

Golden Retriever

SEX

FI

AGE

1yr

WEIGHT

55lb

INTERPRETED BY

R. McKenzie Daniel, DVM,
 DABVP (Canine and Feline)

IMAGING PERFORMED BY

Pamela Harrigan, RDCS

HOSPITAL NAME

Chase Veterinary Clinic

REFERRING VET

Dr. Cafferella

INVOICE

12096ag

DATE

11/07/2022

ULTRASONOGRAPHIC EXAMINATION OF THE ABDOMEN

Urinary System

The urinary bladder, trigone, cystourethral junction, and visible pelvic urethra to a depth of 3 cm exhibited normal thickness and tone. Anechoic urine was present in the lumen with no uroliths or sediment. The ureteral papillae were normal. The ureters were not visible which is normal. No evidence of inflammatory or neoplastic changes were noted.

Normal size and margination were present in the kidneys. A normal 1:3 cortex / medulla ratio and normal corticomedullary definition were maintained. The echogenicity of the cortex was similar to or slightly less than normal liver parenchyma while the medulla echogenicity was hypoechoic to the cortex. Scant left kidney pyelectasia was present. The left kidney measured 6.3 cm in length. The right kidney measured 6.4 cm in length.

The area of the aortic trifurcation was free of pathology.

The uterus and bilateral ovaries appeared normal and free of pathology.

Adrenal Glands

The left adrenal gland was uniform in size and contour with a uniformly hypoechoic parenchyma. The left adrenal gland measured 0.68 cm width at the caudal pole and 0.51 cm width at the cranial pole. The right adrenal gland was uniform in size and contour with a uniformly hypoechoic parenchyma. The right adrenal gland measured 0.67 cm width at the caudal pole.

Spleen

The spleen exhibited a finely textured and homogenous parenchyma which was hyperechoic to the liver and renal cortical parenchyma. The capsule was smooth and regular without apparent expansion. The splenic vasculature at the hilus was normal in volume with no evidence of congestion or thrombosis. Acute to chronic inflammatory, neoplastic, or benign parenchyma changes were not noted.

Liver

The liver was subjectively normal in size, structure, and contour. The liver parenchyma was uniform and hypoechoic to the spleen with a mild coarse echotexture. The hepatic and portal vasculature were normal in appearance without signs of congestion.

The gallbladder was non-distended in size with thin walls and primarily anechoic luminal content with minor echogenic non-dependent luminal debris. No evidence of gallbladder or peripheral gallbladder inflammation was present. The cystic and common bile ducts were normal.

Gastrointestinal

The stomach presented intact wall layering with a normal wall layer ratio. The lumen of the stomach was empty with no signs of ileus, obstruction or foreign material.

The small intestine presented intact wall layering with 1:3 muscularis/mucosa ratio. The lumen of the small intestine was empty with no signs of ileus, obstruction or foreign material.



PATIENT

Normal visible colon wall layers were present with apparent formed feces in lumen.

Teagan Amaral

Pancreas

SPECIES

The parenchyma of the left limb, body and right limb of the pancreas presented isoechoic to the adjacent omental fat. A normal curvilinear capsule contour of the pancreas was present. The visible pancreatic duct was normal. No signs of active inflammation or neoplastic disease was evident.

Canine

Free Abdomen

BREED

No omental masses, overt lymphadenopathy or peritoneal effusion was present.

Golden Retriever

ULTRASONOGRAPHIC FINDINGS

SEX

- Benign hepatopathy-suggestive of vacuolar hepatopathy pattern
- Minor gallbladder debris
- Scant left kidney pyelectasia-likely incidental

FI

INTERPRETATION OF THE FINDINGS & FURTHER RECOMMENDATIONS

AGE

Overall, no overt evidence of significant abdominal visceral, specifically hepatobiliary pathology as a definitive cause of the patient's abnormal ALP. The hepatic presentation was nonspecific yet may suggest vacuolar hepatic changes and minor cholestasis. Inflammatory hepatic of hepatobiliary disease is considered less likely diagnosis. Assuming normal clotting status and using a 25g needle, a hepatic FNA for screening cytology could be considered for further assessment, primarily to assess for evidence of inflammation or antigenic stimulation.

1yr

WEIGHT

Hepatosupportive medications such as Denamarin or Vitamin E as well as Ursodiol due to its antioxidant and immunomodulatory effects within the liver would be warranted, although these medications may not result in decreased hepatic enzyme levels. If evidence of antigenic stimulation is present on cytology, a novel protein or hydrolyzed diet trial and assessment of hepatic response could be considered. No evidence of underlying GI, pancreatic or primary adrenal disease as a contributing factor was present.

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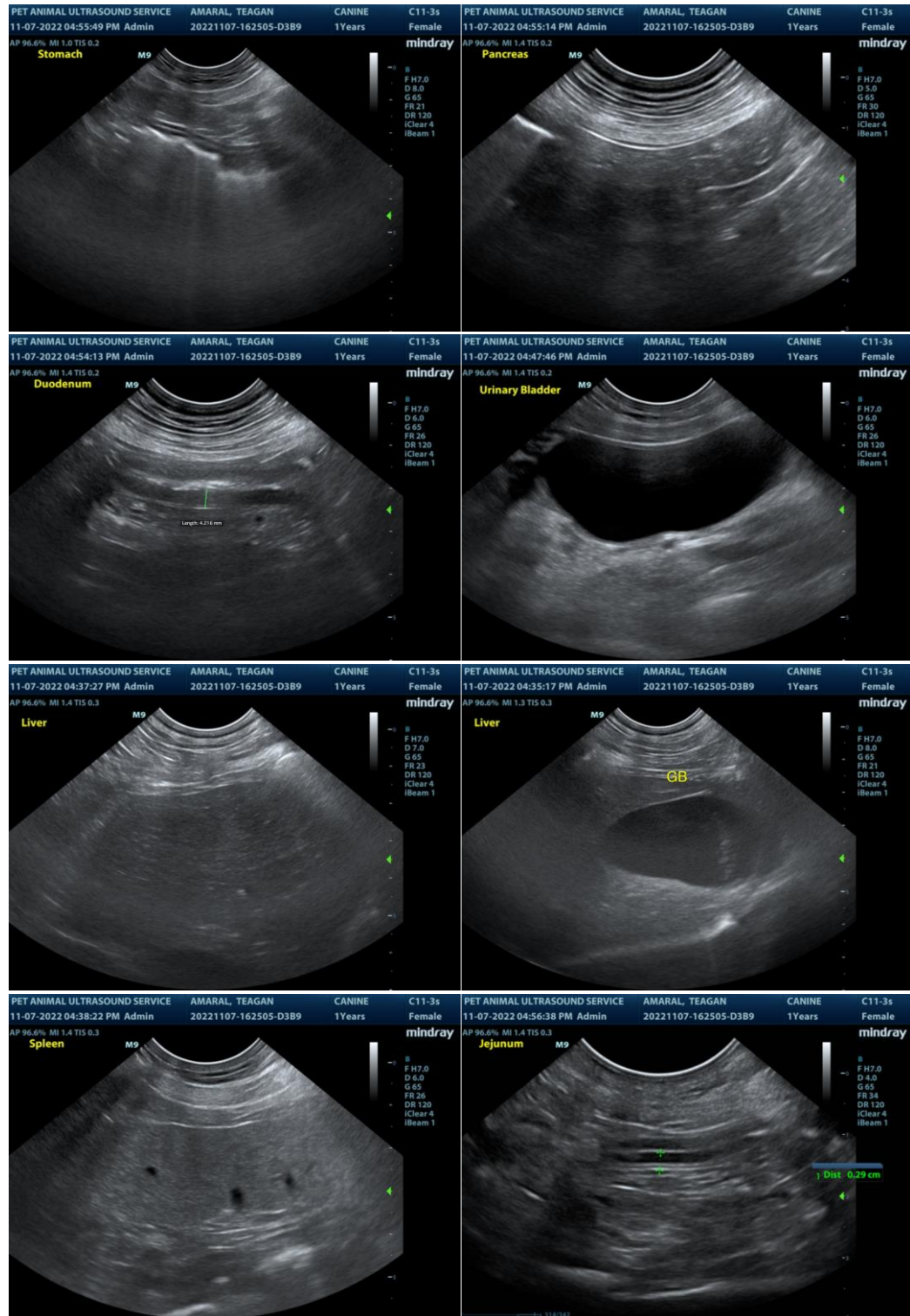
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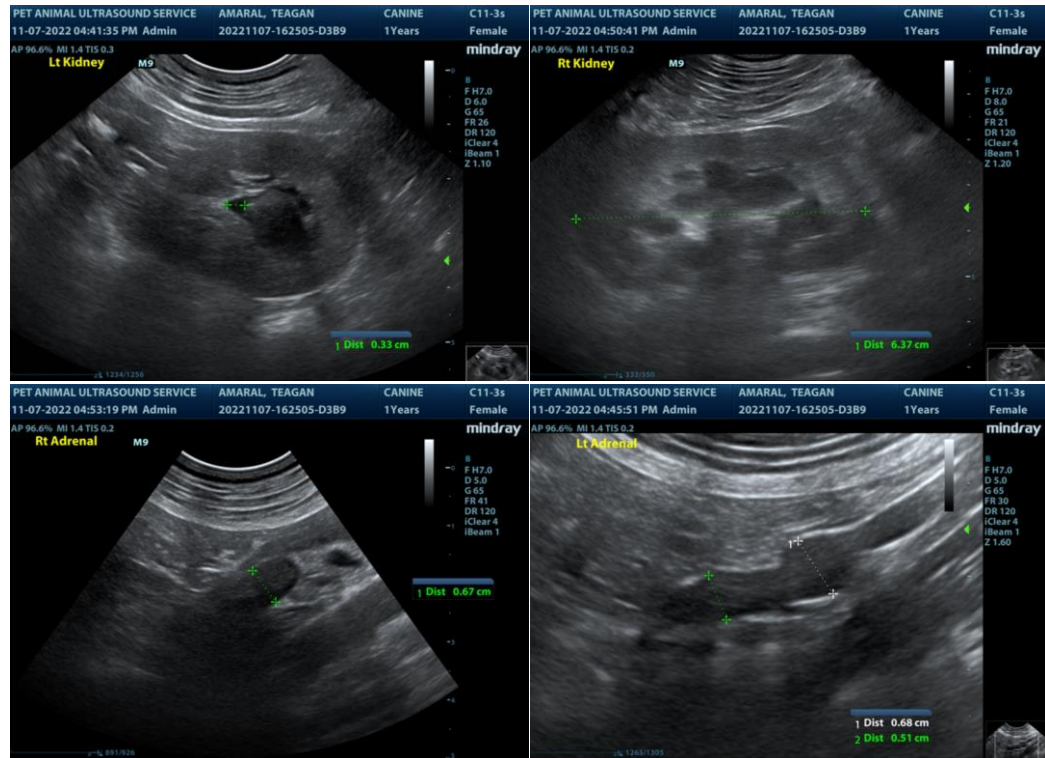
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The information and recommendations provided are based on the images presented by the referring veterinarian/sonographer. No evaluation can be communicated regarding pathology that was not visible in the image/video clips provided.

Thank you for this referral. If the clinical or image interpretation does not parallel your findings or if I can be of any further assistance please contact me.

R. McKenzie Daniel, DVM, DABVP (Canine / Feline Practice)

info@SonoPath.com