



PATIENT PRESENTING CLINICAL SIGNS

Callie Heintzelman 2 year duration UTI's, hepatitis.
 Medication: Hepatobenefits, Convenia

SPECIES
 Canine Urinalysis- Specific gravity 1.021, pH 6, Negative protein and glucose, WBC / RBC 13 per high powered field, no detected bacteria

BREED
 ALP 219

Lab Mix **ULTRASONOGRAPHIC EXAMINATION OF THE ABDOMEN**

SEX *Urinary System*

FS The urinary bladder, trigone, cystourethral junction, and visible pelvic urethra to a depth of 3.0 cm exhibited normal thickness and tone. Anechoic urine was present in the lumen with no uroliths or sediment. The ureteral papillae were normal. The ureters were not visible which is normal. No evidence of inflammatory or neoplastic changes was noted.

AGE
 2015 No evidence of pathology was noted in the area of the uterine remnant.

WEIGHT The area of the aortic trifurcation was free of pathology.

55 Normal size and margination were present in the kidneys. A normal 1:3 cortex / medulla ratio and normal corticomedullary definition were maintained. The echogenicity of the cortex was similar to or slightly less than normal liver parenchyma while the medulla echogenicity was hypoechoic to the cortex with no evidence of pyelectasia. The left kidney measured 5.9 cm in length. The right kidney measured 6.5 cm in length.

INTERPRETED BY

R. McKenzie Daniel,
 DVM, DABVP
 (Canine and Feline)

Adrenal Glands

The left adrenal gland was uniform in size and contour with a uniformly hypoechoic parenchyma. The left adrenal gland measured 0.52 cm width at the caudal pole and 0.51 cm width at the cranial pole. The right adrenal gland was uniform in size and contour with a uniformly hypoechoic parenchyma. The right adrenal gland measured 0.46 cm width at the caudal pole and 0.71 cm width at the cranial pole.

IMAGING PERFORMED BY
 Rebekah Jakum, CVT
 ARDMS/RVT

HOSPITAL NAME

Orefield VC

Spleen

The spleen exhibited a finely textured and homogenous parenchyma which was hyperechoic to the liver and renal cortical parenchyma. The capsule was smooth and regular without apparent expansion. The splenic vasculature at the hilus was normal in volume with no evidence of congestion or thrombosis. Acute to chronic inflammatory, neoplastic, or benign parenchyma changes were not noted.

REFERRING VET

Dr. Schloefler

INVOICE *Liver/ Gallbladder*

15314

DATE
 11/2/22



PATIENT

Callie Heintzelman

The liver was subjectively normal in size, structure, and contour. The liver parenchyma was uniform and hypochoic to the spleen with a mild coarse echotexture. The hepatic and portal vasculature were normal in appearance without signs of congestion. The gallbladder was non-distended in size with thin walls and primarily anechoic luminal content. The cystic and common bile ducts were normal.

SPECIES

Canine

Gastrointestinal

The stomach presented intact wall layering with a normal wall layer ratio. The lumen of the stomach was empty with no signs of ileus, obstruction, or foreign material.

BREED

Lab Mix

The small intestine presented intact wall layering with 1:3 muscularis/mucosa ratio. The lumen of the small intestine was empty with no signs of ileus, obstruction, or foreign material.

SEX

FS

Normal visible colon wall layers were present with apparent formed feces in lumen.

Pancreas

AGE

2015

The parenchyma of the left limb, body, and right limb of the pancreas presented isoechoic to the adjacent omental fat. A normal curvilinear capsule contour of the pancreas was present. The visible pancreatic duct was normal. No signs of active inflammation or neoplastic disease were evident.

Free Abdomen

WEIGHT

55

No overt lymphadenopathy or peritoneal effusion was present.

ULTRASONOGRAPHIC FINDINGS

- Sonographically unremarkable urinary bladder and visible proximal urethra
- Normal bilateral kidneys - no evidence of pyelonephritis
- Low-grade benign hepatopathy

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INTERPRETATION OF THE FINDINGS & FURTHER RECOMMENDATIONS

IMAGING

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 ARDMS/RVT

Overall, sonographically unremarkable abdomen without evidence of upper or lower urinary tract pathology as an obvious contributing factor or nidus for recurrent UTIs.

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If recurrent UTIs are documented on C/S, an assessment of the vulva and vaginal vault for evidence of structural abnormalities which may predispose to ascending infection could be considered. Continued hepatosupportive medications with monitoring of ALP levels are recommended.

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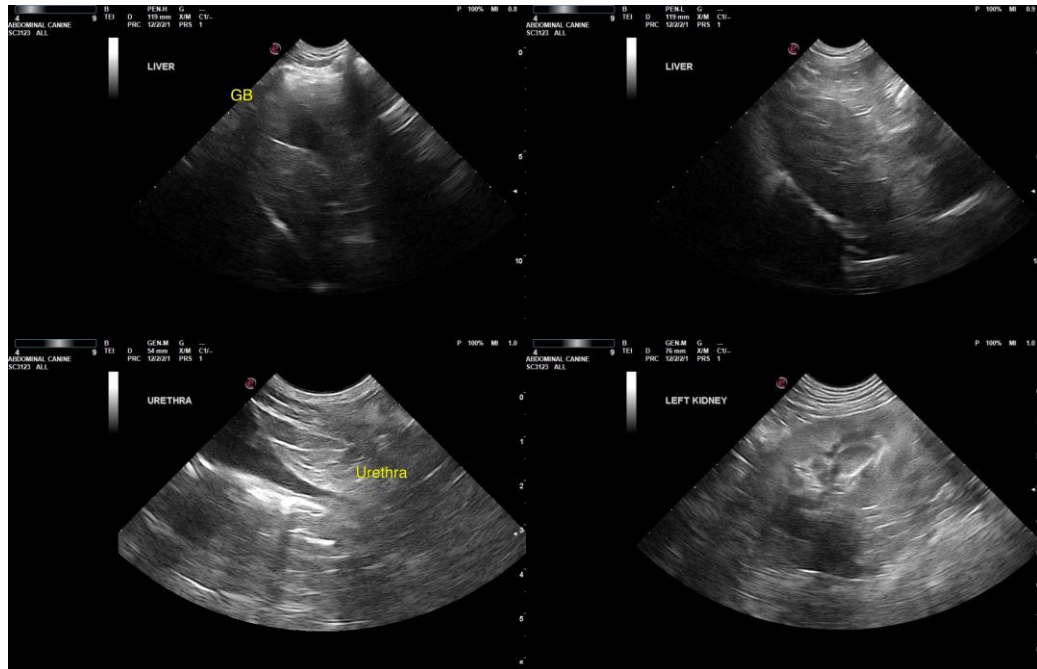
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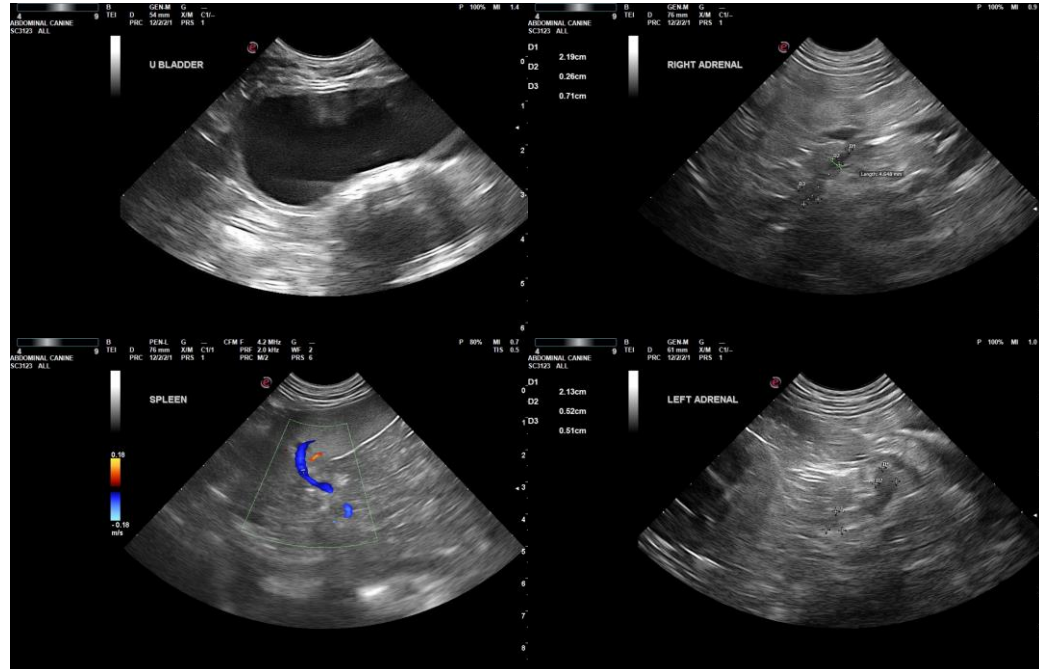
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The information and recommendations provided are based on the images presented by the referring veterinarian/sonographer. No evaluation can be communicated regarding pathology that was not visible in the image/video clips provided.

Thank you for this referral. If the clinical or image interpretation does not parallel your findings or if I can be of any further assistance, please contact me.

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