



PATIENT

Peanut Faass

SPECIES

Canine

BREED

Chihuahua

SEX

Male Neutered

AGE

2 yrs 8 mos 1 wk

WEIGHT

9.1 kgs

INTERPRETED BY

R. McKenzie Daniel,
DVM, DABVP
(Canine and Feline)

IMAGING PERFORMED BY

Dr. Jill Rankin

HOSPITAL NAME

McKnight VH

REFERRING VET

Dr. Vanessa

INVOICE

12805

DATE

11/13/25

PRESENTING CLINICAL SIGNS

History: The patient presents for a history of chronic gastrointestinal signs, specifically soft stool and diarrhea, with no other clinical signs reported. The primary clinical concern is chronic soft stool and diarrhea, which has been ongoing for at least three to four months. To date, no diagnostic blood work has been performed for this issue.

ULTRASONOGRAPHIC EXAMINATION OF THE ABDOMEN

Urinary System

The urinary bladder, trigone, cystourethral junction, and visible pelvic urethra to a depth of 3.0 cm exhibited normal thickness and tone. Anechoic urine was present in the lumen with no uroliths or sediment. The ureteral papillae were normal. The ureters were not visible which is normal. No evidence of inflammatory or neoplastic changes were noted.

The residual prostate was free of pathology.

Normal size and margination was present in the kidneys. A normal 1:3 cortex / medulla ratio and normal corticomedullary definition were maintained. The echogenicity of the cortex was similar to or slightly less than normal liver parenchyma while the medulla echogenicity was hypoechoic to the cortex with no evidence of pelvic dilation. The left kidney measured 4.7 cm in length. The right kidney measured 4.8 cm in length.

Adrenal Glands

The left adrenal gland was uniform in size and contour with a uniformly hypoechoic parenchyma. The left adrenal gland measured 0.41 cm width at the caudal pole. The right adrenal gland was uniform in size and contour with a uniformly hypoechoic parenchyma. The right adrenal gland measured 0.34 cm width at the caudal pole.

Spleen

The spleen exhibited a finely textured and homogenous parenchyma which was hyperechoic to the liver and renal cortical parenchyma. The capsule was smooth and regular without apparent expansion. The splenic vasculature at the hilus was normal in volume with no evidence of congestion or thrombosis. Acute to chronic inflammatory, neoplastic, or benign parenchyma changes were not noted.

Liver

The liver was subjectively normal in size, structure, and contour. The liver parenchyma was uniform and hypoechoic to the spleen with a mild coarse echotexture. The hepatic and portal vasculature were normal in appearance without signs of congestion. The gallbladder was non distended in size with mild, non-dependent, mildly congealed, non-organized, echogenic, nonmineralized biliary sludge. The cystic duct and common bile ducts were normal without evidence of dilation.

Gastrointestinal

The stomach presented intact wall layering with a normal wall layer ratio. The stomach was non-distended in size with mild lumen gas.



PATIENT

Peanut Faass

SPECIES

Canine

BREED

Chihuahua

SEX

Male Neutered

AGE

2 yrs 8 mos 1 wk

WEIGHT

9.1 kgs

INTERPRETED BY

R. McKenzie Daniel,
DVM, DABVP
(Canine and Feline)

IMAGING PERFORMED BY

Dr. Jill Rankin

HOSPITAL NAME

McKnight VH

REFERRING VET

Dr. Vanessa

INVOICE

12805

DATE

11/13/25

The small intestine presented intact wall layering with 1:3 muscularis/mucosa ratio. The lumen of the small intestine was empty with no evidence of mechanical or metabolic ileus to the level of the colon. Duodenum wall measured 0.4 cm and jejunum wall measured 0.33 cm.

Normal visible colon wall layers were present with apparent semi-formed to soft feces in lumen.

Pancreas

The parenchyma of the left limb, body and right limb of the pancreas presented isoechoic to the adjacent omental fat. A normal curvilinear capsule contour of the pancreas was present. The visible pancreatic duct was normal. No signs of active inflammation or neoplastic disease was evident.

Free Abdomen

No overt lymphadenopathy or peritoneal effusion was present.

PRIMARY FINDINGS

- Sonographically normal gastrointestinal tract/colon with semi-formed to soft fecal matter
- Normal area of pancreas

SECONDARY FINDINGS

- Mild, non-organized to congealed gallbladder debris (non-mucocele)

INTERPRETATION OF THE FINDINGS & FURTHER RECOMMENDATIONS

Dietary intolerance, infectious disease, non-structural inflammatory bowel, occult parasitism, occult Addison's disease, mild pancreatitis which may present sonographically normal, all potentials. A GI panel to include PLI/TLI/Cobalamin/Folate, screening cortisol level, fresh fecal analysis and correlation with full lab work is recommended. Hydrolyzed diet trial with probable long-term dietary therapy, high colony probiotic such as Provable, deworming Panacur 50 mg/kg SID for 5 days with repeat protocol in 3 weeks despite fecal testing. Cobalamin supplementation pending assessment of Cobalamin level and as needed gastro protectants may prove beneficial.





PATIENT

Peanut Faass

SPECIES

Canine

BREED

Chihuahua

SEX

Male Neutered

AGE

2 yrs 8 mos 1 wk

WEIGHT

9.1 kgs

INTERPRETED BY

R. McKenzie Daniel,
DVM, DABVP
(Canine and Feline)

IMAGING PERFORMED BY

Dr. Jill Rankin

HOSPITAL NAME

McKnight VH

REFERRING VET

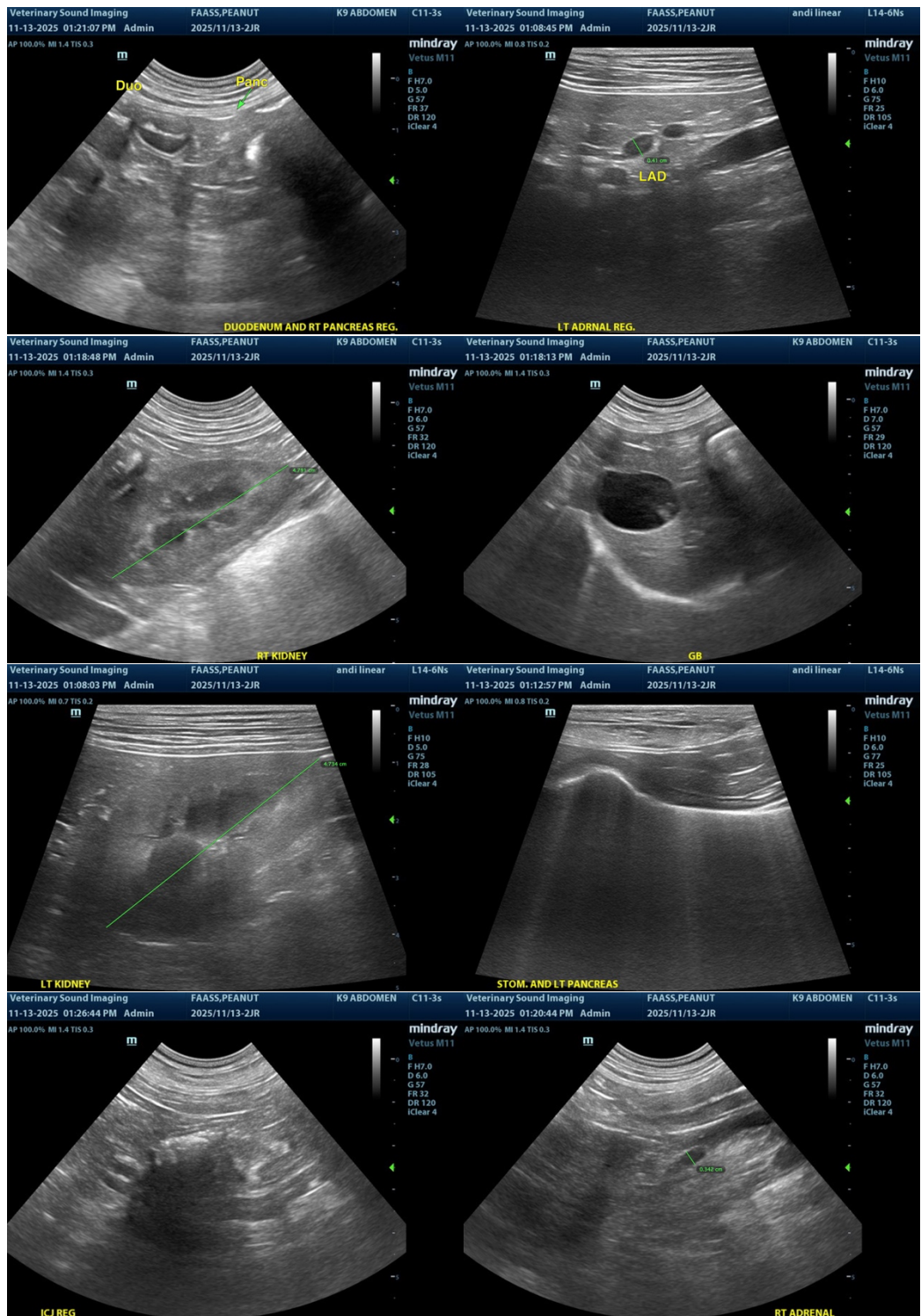
Dr. Vanessa

INVOICE

12805

DATE

11/13/25





PATIENT

Peanut Faass

SPECIES

Canine

BREED

Chihuahua

SEX

Male Neutered

AGE

2 yrs 8 mos 1 wk

WEIGHT

9.1 kgs

INTERPRETED BY

R. McKenzie Daniel,
DVM, DABVP
(Canine and Feline)

IMAGING PERFORMED BY

Dr. Jill Rankin

HOSPITAL NAME

McKnight VH

REFERRING VET

Dr. Vanessa

INVOICE

12805

DATE

11/13/25

The information and recommendations provided are based on the images presented by the referring veterinarian/sonographer. No evaluation can be communicated regarding pathology that was not visible in the image/video clips provided.

Thank you for this referral. If the clinical or image interpretation does not parallel your findings or if I can be of any further assistance, please contact me.

R. McKenzie Daniel, DVM, DABVP (Canine / Feline Practice)

info@sonopath.com