



PATIENT

Sadie Corrozza

SPECIES

Canine

BREED

Malamute Mix

SEX

FS

AGE

11yr

WEIGHT

NA

INTERPRETED BY

R. McKenzie Daniel,
DVM, DABVP
(Canine and Feline)

IMAGING PERFORMED BY

Shari Reffi CVT

HOSPITAL NAME

Shohola

REFERRING VET

Dr. DeMeo

INVOICE

12080ag

DATE

11/01/2022

PRESENTING CLINICAL SIGNS

Possible abdominal mass (spleen), asymptomatic. Current meds: Gabapentin 400mg, Trazodone 150mg. U/S sedation=Torb

Abnormal PE/Chem/CBC/UA Results: MCH 203, RETIC 171.2, RETIC HGB 21.1, MPV 15.3, Chem/u/a/coag pending

ULTRASONOGRAPHIC EXAMINATION OF THE ABDOMEN

Urinary System

The urinary bladder, trigone, cystourethral junction, and visible pelvic urethra to a depth of 4 cm exhibited normal thickness and tone. Anechoic urine was present in the lumen with no uroliths or sediment. The ureteral papillae were normal. The ureters were not visible which is normal. No evidence of inflammatory or neoplastic changes were noted.

Normal size and margination were present in the kidneys. A normal 1:3 cortex / medulla ratio was maintained. The medulla and cortices were uniform in texture with some increased echogenicity and mild loss of corticomedullary symmetry and definition expected for the age of the patient. No evidence of pelvic dilation was present. The left kidney measured 6.4 cm in length. The right kidney measured 6.1 cm in length.

The area of the aortic trifurcation was free of pathology.

Adrenal Glands

The left adrenal gland was uniform in size and contour with a uniformly hypoechoic parenchyma. The left adrenal gland measured 0.64 cm width at the caudal pole and 2.6 cm length. The right adrenal gland was uniform in size and contour with a uniformly hypoechoic parenchyma. The right adrenal gland measured 0.49 cm width at the caudal pole and 2.1 cm length.

Spleen

A mass involving the caudal spleen with secondary asymmetrical capsule expansion and disruption was present and measured ~ 12 cm in diameter. The parenchyma of the mass was heterogeneous to mixed echogenic with areas of cavitation. The non-affected spleen exhibited primarily finely textured and homogenous parenchyma which was hyperechoic to the liver and renal cortical parenchyma. The splenic vasculature at the hilus was normal in volume with no evidence of congestion or thrombosis. Regional omental inflammation was present around the mass. Potential for omental adhesions is possible although not definitive.

Liver

The liver was subjectively normal in size, structure, and contour. The liver parenchyma was mildly nonuniform and hypoechoic to the spleen with a moderate coarse echotexture and subjective mild to benign parenchymal remodeling. The hepatic and portal vasculature were normal in appearance without signs of congestion. The gallbladder was non-distended in size with thin walls and primarily anechoic luminal content with mild hyperechoic non-organized debris. The cystic and common bile ducts were normal.

Gastrointestinal

The stomach presented intact wall layering with a normal wall layer ratio. The lumen of the stomach was empty with no signs of ileus, obstruction or foreign material.



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The small intestine presented intact wall layering with 1:3 muscularis/mucosa ratio. The lumen of the small intestine was empty with no signs of ileus, obstruction or foreign material.

Normal visible colon wall layers were present with apparent formed feces in lumen.

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Pancreas

The parenchyma of the left limb, body and right limb of the pancreas presented isoechoic to the adjacent omental fat. A normal curvilinear capsule contour of the pancreas was present. The visible pancreatic duct was normal. No signs of active inflammation or neoplastic disease was evident.

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Free Abdomen

No omental masses, overt lymphadenopathy or significant peritoneal effusion was present. No evidence of hemoabdomen was noted.

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Small pocket of scant peritoneal free fluid was present around the spleen.

Rapid view of the heart revealed no evidence of pericardial masses or effusion in the visible window.

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ULTRASONOGRAPHIC FINDINGS

- Cavitated splenic mass
- Minor hepatic parenchyma remodeling-subjectively benign
- Minor gallbladder debris
- Mild age-related renal changes

WEIGHT

NA

INTERPRETATION OF THE FINDINGS & FURTHER RECOMMENDATIONS

The splenic mass is suggestive of neoplastic criteria such as sarcoma or other. Benign pathologies are thought less likely. No overt evidence of intra-abdominal or cardiac metastasis was observed. Assuming nor evidence of pathology on three view chest radiographs, splenectomy with gross inspection of the perisplenic omentum and liver would be warranted. A guarded prognosis is warranted pending splenic histopathology.

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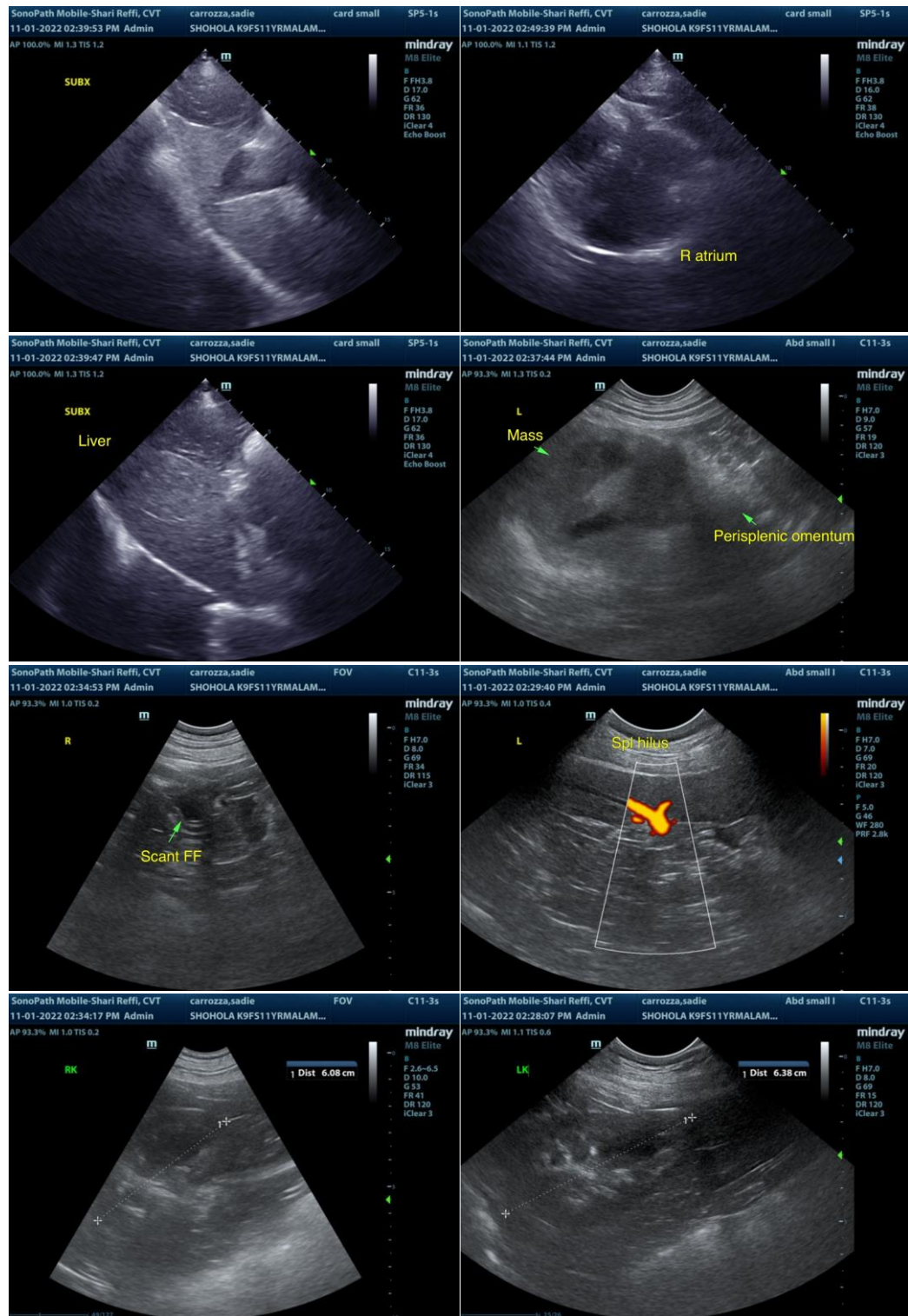
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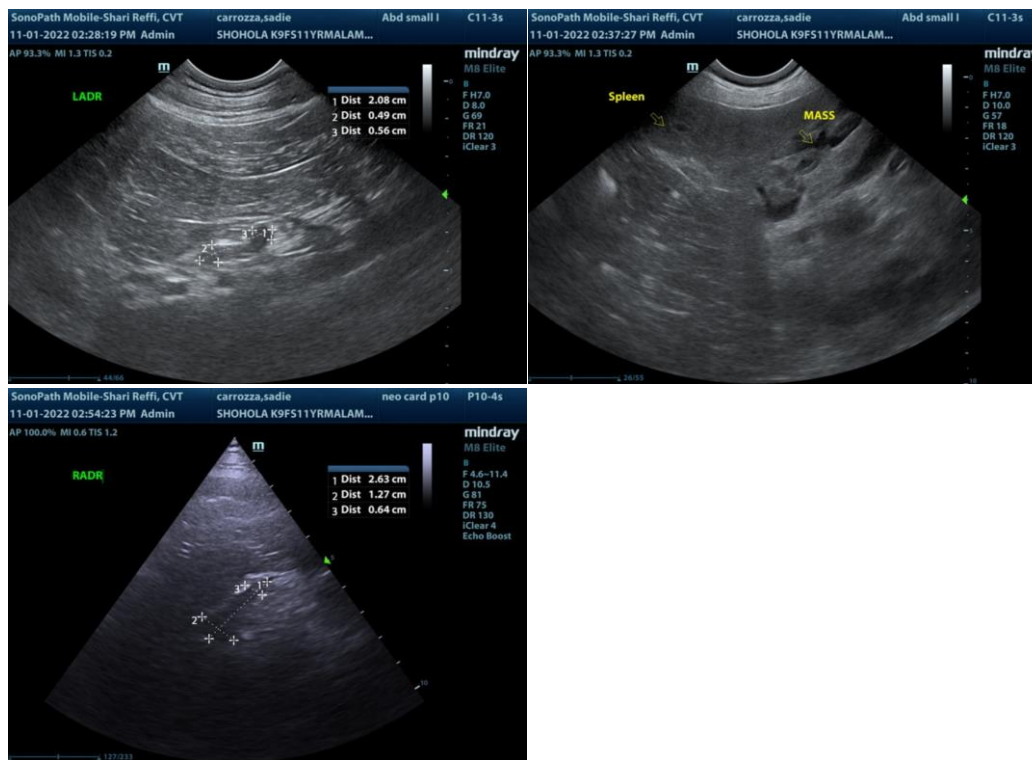
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The information and recommendations provided are based on the images presented by the referring veterinarian/sonographer. No evaluation can be communicated regarding pathology that was not visible in the image/video clips provided.

Thank you for this referral. If the clinical or image interpretation does not parallel your findings or if I can be of any further assistance please contact me.

R. McKenzie Daniel, DVM, DABVP (Canine / Feline Practice)

info@SonoPath.com