



**PATIENT PRESENTING CLINICAL SIGNS**

Meala DiMaria History: PU/PD, elevated liver values, recent mammary carcinoma, false pregnancy  
Medication: Denamarin

**SPECIES** Unremarkable CBC. ALP 483, ALT 299. Previous USG 1.010. Negative protein and glucose.

Canine

**ULTRASONOGRAPHIC EXAMINATION OF THE ABDOMEN**

**BREED** *Urinary System*

Mix The urinary bladder, trigone, cystourethral junction, and visible pelvic urethra to a depth of – cm exhibited normal thickness and tone. Anechoic urine was present in the lumen with no uroliths or sediment. The ureteral papillae were normal. The ureters were not visible which is normal. No evidence of inflammatory or neoplastic changes were noted.

**SEX**

Female

Normal size and margination were present in the kidneys. A normal 1:3 cortex / medulla ratio was maintained. The medulla and cortices were uniform in texture with some increased echogenicity and loss of corticomedullary symmetry and definition expected for the age of the patient. No evidence of pelvic dilation was present. No overt pyelonephritis. The right kidney measured 4.5 cm. The left kidney measured 4.3 cm.

**AGE**

10 years

The area of the aortic trifurcation was free of pathology.

**WEIGHT**

19.3 Pounds

**Adrenal Glands**

The left adrenal gland was normal in size. Mild parenchyma heterogeneity and mild capsule asymmetry was present without suspicion for overt neoplasia. The left adrenal gland measured 2.1 cm x 0.62 cm at the caudal pole.

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The right adrenal gland was enlarged with intact yet mild asymmetrical capsule contour and non-homogeneous parenchyma, exhibiting potential for caudal pole focal mineralization. No overt evidence of vascular invasion, which is though unlikely, although cannot be definitively excluded. The right adrenal gland measured 2.2 cm length x 1.5 cm in width.

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**Spleen**

The spleen exhibited primarily finely textured parenchyma which was hyperechoic to the liver and renal cortical parenchyma. Mild generalized parenchyma heterogeneity was present without evidence of nodular changes. The capsule was smooth and regular without apparent expansion. The splenic vasculature at the hilus was normal in volume with no evidence of congestion or thrombosis. The parenchymal heterogeneity is likely consistent with benign changes such as extramedullary hematopoiesis or age related remodeling with minor potential for inflammatory or neoplastic disease.

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**Liver**

The liver was mildly enlarged in size. The parenchyma of the liver was subjectively normal in echogenicity compared to the spleen and renal cortices. The liver parenchyma was uniform with a mildly coarse echotexture. The capsule of the liver was symmetrically rounded to mildly swollen in margination. The hepatic and portal vasculature were normal in appearance without signs of congestion. The gallbladder was non distended in size with minor focal congealed gallbladder debris. The cystic duct and common bile ducts were normal without evidence of dilation.

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**PATIENT** *Gastrointestinal*

Meala DiMaria The stomach presented intact wall layering with a normal wall layer ratio. The lumen of the stomach was empty with no signs of ileus, obstruction or foreign material.

**SPECIES** The small intestine presented intact wall layering with 1:3 muscularis/mucosa ratio. The lumen of the small intestine was empty with no signs of ileus, obstruction or foreign material.

Canine Normal visible colon wall layers were present with apparent formed feces in lumen.

**BREED** *Pancreas*

Mix The parenchyma of the left limb, body and right limb of the pancreas presented isoechoic to the adjacent omental fat. A normal curvilinear capsule contour of the pancreas was present. The visible pancreatic duct was normal. No signs of active inflammation or neoplastic disease was evident.

**SEX** *Free Abdomen*

Female No overt pathology in the area of the uterus or bilateral ovary. The left ovary measured 0.9 cm diameter. The right ovary measured 1.4 cm diameter.

**AGE** No omental masses, lymphadenopathy or peritoneal effusion.  
 10 years

**ULTRASONOGRAPHIC FINDINGS**

- WEIGHT** 19.3 Pounds
- Right adrenomegaly with suspect pinpoint parenchymal mineral – chronic hyperplasia with high concern for adrenal neoplasia (adenocarcinoma, pheochromocytoma, cortisol secreting tumor, or other).
  - Mild hepatomegaly – subjectively benign, vacuolar/reactive hepatopathy, inflammatory hepatopathy possible.
  - Minor gallbladder debris (non-mucocele)
  - Mild age related kidneys

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**INTERPRETATION OF THE FINDINGS & FURTHER RECOMMENDATIONS**

Full adrenal workup including LDDST and screening blood pressure to assess for evidence of hypertension associated with potential underlying pheochromocytoma recommended. Pending adrenal workup, CT assessment of the right adrenal gland for further assessment and/or surgical planning (if surgical options are a consideration) may be indicated. Further renal staging to include urine C/S and protein: creatinine ratio on sterile urine sample may be considered.

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**Efficient & Accurate Cushing's Work up**

**Notes regarding Cushing's Clinical Presentations:**

*Nearly all Cushing's dogs have SAP elevations and true PU/PD (USG < 1.025) and most are polyphagic. Cushing's dogs are > 6 years and usually > 9 years old, usually have poor skin coats, body scores > 3/5, and are usually sedentary animals.*

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*Its important to remember that Cushing's dogs usually look and play the part and other diseases cause false + stress related cortisol spikes. On rare occasion a Cushing's dog will not follow the rules but this is truly an exception.*

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*Potential Cushing's patient workups can be costly and frustrating if not definitive and, in my experience, the non-definitive patient usually has something else going on that may be contributing to some of the clinical signs a Cushing's dog will have, especially SAP elevations or PU/PD. Based on this prelude of information I came up with the following algorithm in the spirit of diagnostic efficiency.*

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**PATIENT** *The following suggested protocol is based on current available literature on Cushing's disease and extensive clinical-sonographic experience evaluation + Cushing's and False + LDDST & ACTH stim. cases in order to maximize the efficiency of a Cushing's workup in practice.*

Meala DiMaria

**SPECIES** Screen first, workup second

Canine

**BREED** Note: UA is inexpensive and easy to obtain and if UA criteria is not met for Cushing's then resources can be spent into other more pertinent diagnostics or left on hold until the UA criteria is met in emerging Cushing's cases.

Mix

**SEX** 2) **Sonogram:** Does the patient **have concurrent disease** clinically or sonographically as non-Cushing's illness will influence the potential false + LDDST or even ACTH stim. The sonogram gives a global perspective of the internal health of the patient to be considered in the Cushing's workup as an assessment of concurrent disease. Is there a concurrent neoplastic process, UTI pancreatitis, mucocele....? Are the adrenals enlarged (Cushing's-PDH, stress, age related or breed variant), or atrophied (iatrogenic Cushing's or adrenal burnout), have asymmetric enlargement (Adrenal tumor, hyperplasia, adenoma, age related variant), or is there vascular invasion (Invasive pheo with false + UA criteria or adenocarcinoma or phrenic thrombosis)? The sonogram answers these questions proactively.

Female

**AGE** 3) **LDDST** (0.01 D-Sodium phosphate mg/kg IV) (Better screening test but plagued with false +) Use if there is potential early Cushing's or if adrenal asymmetry present on sonogram suspecting tumor. Use LDDST in cats at a higher dose (0.1 mg/kg IV).

10 years

**WEIGHT** OR

19.3 Pounds

**INTERPRETED BY** 4) **ACTH stim.** (Better confirming test but can have false +) Use if the patient "looks" Cushingoid or if bilateral adrenal enlargement is present, or high normal width on sonogram, or if iatrogenic Cushing's suspected (Cortisone Tx in past).

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**IMAGING PERFORMED BY** 5) If **diabetic** then run both LDDST & ACTH stim.

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5) Run a **serial blood pressure** in a BP friendly non "white coat effect" atmosphere. Run at least 3 at different times over a few hours or when eating as the patient tends to be calm when eating or give Torbutrol when entering the facility.

**HOSPITAL NAME** 6) **Perform CT** of the pituitary to identify macro adenoma expansion if any lethargy or dullness or other central clinical CNS signs are minimally present.

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**REFERRING VET** Suggested reading:

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Behrend EN, Kooistra HS, Nelson R, et al. Diagnosis of Spontaneous Canine Hyperadrenocorticism: 2012 ACVIM Consensus Statement (Small Animal). J Vet Intern Med 2013;27:1292-1304.

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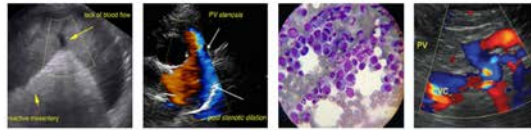
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**PATIENT**

Meala DiMaria

**SPECIES**

Canine

**BREED**

Mix

**SEX**

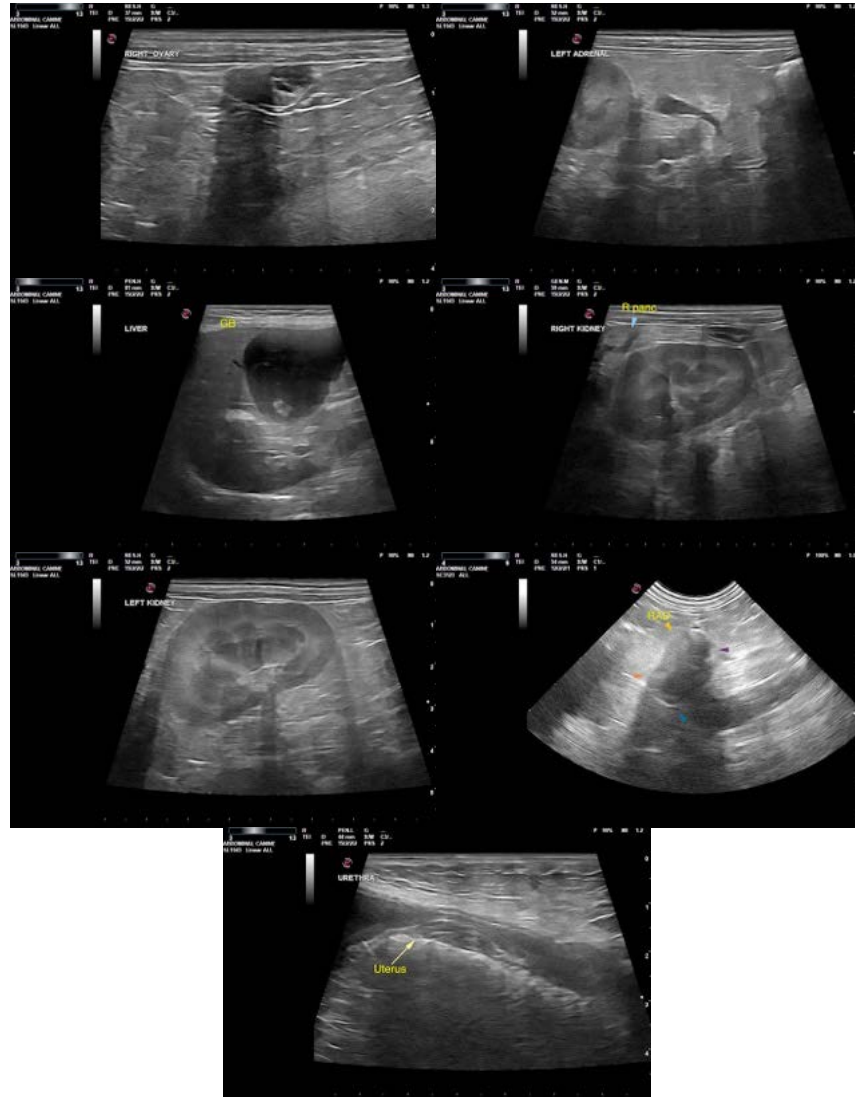
Female

**AGE**

10 years

**WEIGHT**

19.3 Pounds



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The information and recommendations provided are based on the images presented by the referring veterinarian. No evaluation can be communicated regarding pathology that was not visible in the image/video clips provided.

Thank you for this referral. If the clinical or image interpretation does not parallel your findings or if I can be of any further assistance please contact me.

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