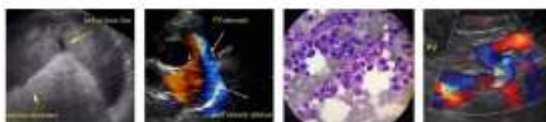




PATIENT	PRESENTING CLINICAL SIGNS
Maggi McArthur	Presenting for consultation regarding a lump in inguinal region - First noticed yesterday - Went away after she defecated? - Was "round, soft and the diameter of a banana" Suspect L inguinal hernia Cause unknown - No hx of trauma per owner Abd radiograph (lat) - Soft tissue opacity tracking through inguinal canal? Non diagnostic. Dense mammary tissue caudal mammae, smooth firm tissue with stock L inguinal region - reducible? Non painful. 1.5cm soft lipomatous SQ mass ventral chest.
SPECIES	
Canine	
BREED	ULTRASONOGRAPHIC EXAMINATION OF THE ABDOMEN
Yorkie X	Urinary System
SEX	The urinary bladder, trigone, cystourethral junction, and visible pelvic urethra to a depth of 2.0 cm exhibited normal thickness and tone. Anechoic urine was present in the lumen with no uroliths or sediment. The ureteral papillae were normal. The ureters were not visible which is normal. No evidence of inflammatory or neoplastic changes was noted.
FS	
AGE	The area of the aortic trifurcation was free of pathology.
7 years	
WEIGHT	Normal size and margination were present in the kidneys. A normal 1:3 cortex / medulla ratio and normal corticomedullary definition were maintained. The echogenicity of the cortex was similar to or slightly less than normal liver parenchyma while the medulla echogenicity was hypoechoic to the cortex with no evidence of pelvic dilation. The left kidney measured 3.3 cm in length. The right kidney measured 3.3 cm in length.
4.25 kg	
INTERPRETED BY	Adrenal Glands
R. McKenzie Daniel, DVM, DABVP	The left adrenal gland was uniform in size and contour with a uniformly hypoechoic parenchyma. The left adrenal gland measured 1.4 cm length x 0.42 cm width at the caudal pole. The right adrenal gland was uniform in size and contour with a uniformly hypoechoic parenchyma. The right adrenal gland measured 1.5 cm length x 0.49 cm width at the caudal pole.
IMAGING PERFORMED BY	Spleen
Kelly Reshny, RVT	The spleen exhibited a finely textured and homogenous parenchyma which was hyperechoic to the liver and renal cortical parenchyma. The capsule was smooth and regular without apparent expansion. The splenic vasculature at the hilus was normal in volume with no evidence of congestion or thrombosis. Acute to chronic inflammatory, neoplastic, or benign parenchyma changes were not noted.
HOSPITAL NAME	Liver/ Gallbladder
Graham AH	The liver was subjectively normal in size, structure, and contour. The liver parenchyma was uniform and hypoechoic to the spleen with a mild coarse echotexture. The hepatic and portal vasculature were normal in appearance without signs of congestion. The gallbladder was non-distended in size with thin walls and primarily anechoic luminal content. The cystic and common bile ducts were normal.
REFERRING VET	
Dr. Sutton	
INVOICE	Gastrointestinal
12413	The stomach presented intact wall layering with a normal wall layer ratio. The lumen of the stomach was empty with no signs of ileus, obstruction, or foreign material.
DATE	
10/21/21	



PATIENT	The small intestine presented intact wall layering with 1:3 muscularis/mucosa ratio. The lumen of the small intestine was empty with no signs of ileus, obstruction, or foreign material.
Maggi McArthur	Normal visible colon wall layers were present with apparent formed feces in lumen.
SPECIES	<i>Pancreas</i>
Canine	The parenchyma of the left limb, body, and right limb of the pancreas presented isoechoic to the adjacent omental fat. A normal curvilinear capsule contour of the pancreas was present. The visible pancreatic duct was normal. No signs of active inflammation or neoplastic disease were evident.
BREED	<i>Free Abdomen</i>
Yorkie X	No overt lymphadenopathy or peritoneal effusion was present.
SEX	Sonographic assessments in the likely left inguinal area (videos not distinctly labeled) revealed a small inguinal hernia consisting of mesenteric fat within the left inguinal subcutaneous space. The peritoneal lining was visualized adjacent to a small ostium measuring approximately 0.5 cm in diameter. The amount of mesenteric fat within the subcutaneous space measured approximately 2.0 cm in diameter. Subtle evidence of associated inflammation exhibited by subtle fuzzy fat was noted. Doppler assessment confirmed minor vascularity within the subcutaneous mesenteric fat.
FS	
AGE	
7 years	
WEIGHT	ULTRASONOGRAPHIC FINDINGS
4.25 kg	<i>Primary Findings</i>
	<ul style="list-style-type: none">• Sonographically unremarkable abdomen• Small inguinal hernia
INTERPRETED BY	<u>INTERPRETATION OF THE FINDINGS & FURTHER RECOMMENDATIONS</u>
R. McKenzie Daniel, DVM, DABVP	The inguinal hernia may be sliding somewhat, resulting in variable size. No overt evidence of mammary tissue pathology was noted in this study. Continued monitoring vs. surgical repair may be considered.
IMAGING PERFORMED BY	
Kelly Reshny, RVT	
HOSPITAL NAME	
Graham AH	
REFERRING VET	
Dr. Sutton	
INVOICE	
12413	
DATE	
10/21/21	



PATIENT

Maggi McArthur

SPECIES

Canine

BREED

Yorkie X

SEX

FS

AGE

7 years

WEIGHT

4.25 kg

INTERPRETED BY

R. McKenzie Daniel,
DVM, DABVP

IMAGING PERFORMED BY

Kelly Reshny, RVT

HOSPITAL NAME

Graham AH

REFERRING VET

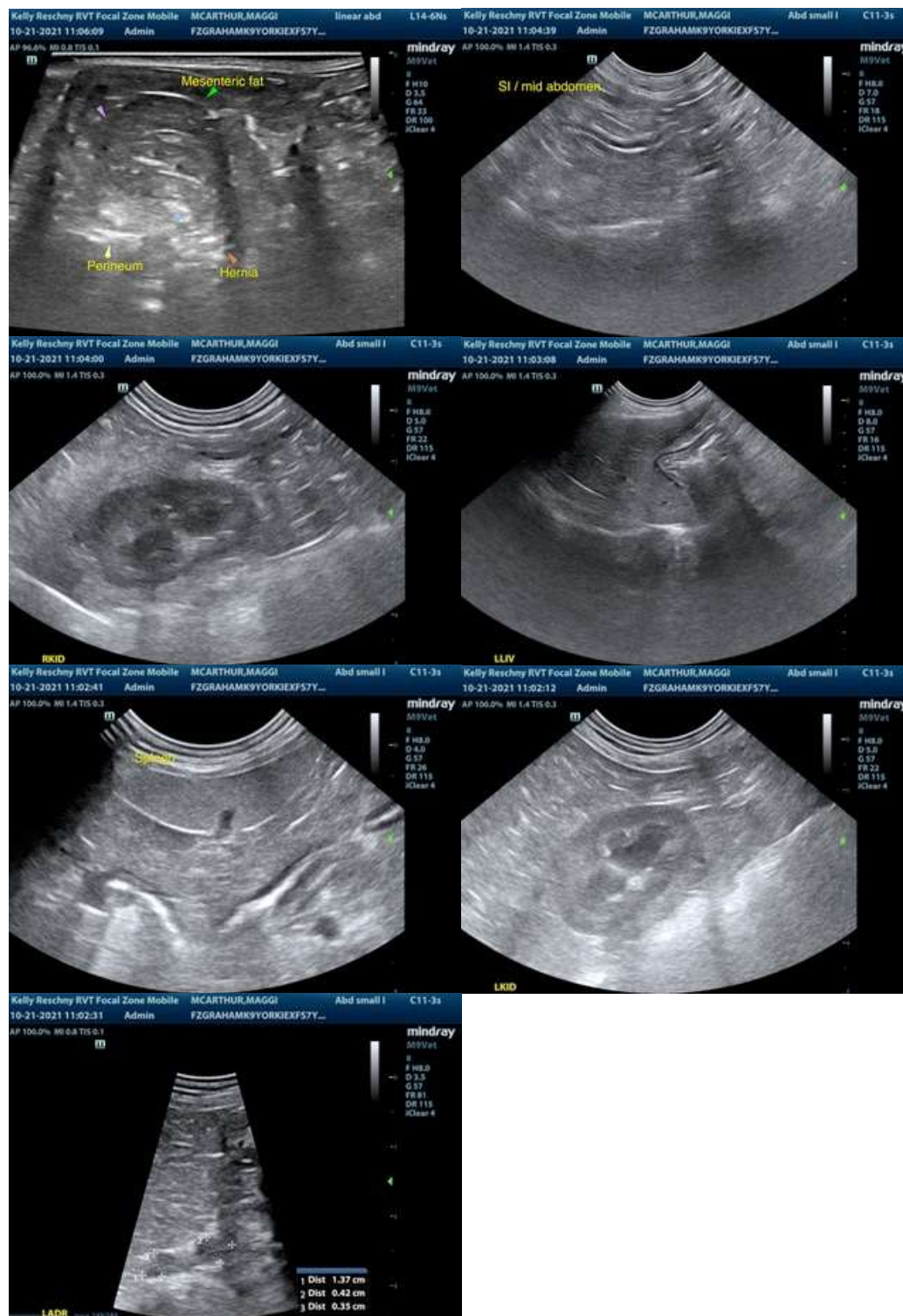
Dr. Sutton

INVOICE

12413

DATE

10/21/21





PATIENT

Maggi McArthur

The information and recommendations provided are based on the images presented by the referring veterinarian. No evaluation can be communicated regarding pathology that was not visible in the image/video clips provided.

SPECIES

Canine

Thank you for this referral. If the clinical or image interpretation does not parallel your findings or if I can be of any further assistance please contact me.

BREED

Yorkie X

R. McKenzie Daniel, DVM, DABVP (Canine / Feline Practice)
info@SonoPath.com

SEX

FS

AGE

7 years

WEIGHT

4.25 kg

INTERPRETED BY

R. McKenzie Daniel,
DVM, DABVP

**IMAGING
PERFORMED BY**

Kelly Reshny, RVT

HOSPITAL NAME

Graham AH

REFERRING VET

Dr. Sutton

INVOICE

12413

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10/21/21