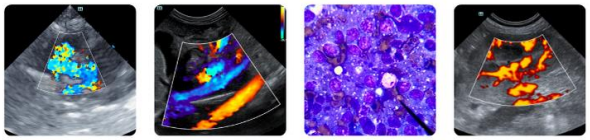


PATIENT

Baby Babcock

SPECIES

Feline

BREED

DSH

SEX

FS

AGE

10

WEIGHT

9.6

INTERPRETED BY

R. McKenzie Daniel, DVM, DABVP (Canine and Feline)

IMAGING PERFORMED BY

Jenn

HOSPITAL NAME

Rockaway AH

REFERRING VET

Dr. Maniar

INVOICE

10584

DATE

1/28/26

PRESENTING CLINICAL SIGNS

History:

- presented for open mouth breathing panting crying Current meds Albuterol Lasix Torb

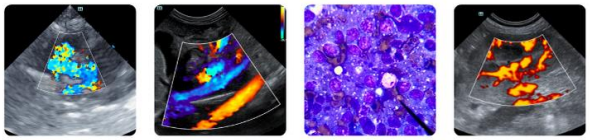
Abnormal PE/Chem/CBC/UA Results: Pro bnp normal

ULTRASONOGRAPHIC EXAMINATION OF THE HEART & ABDOMEN

FELINE CARDIAC PARAMETERS	**BODY WEIGHT** (kg)	**HR** (BPM)	**IVSd** (cm)	**LVIDd** (cm)	**LVWd** (cm)	**FS** (%)	**EF** (%)
NORMAL PARAMETER	------	150-240	0.3-0.6	1.0-2.1	0.25-0.6	35-67	80-100
PATIENT		NM	0.56	1.2	0.50	45	78
FELINE CARDIAC PARAMETERS	**LA/AO** (M-mode)	**LA/AO HEART BASE** (Sisson)	**LAD** LA MAX 4 Chamber		**LVOT VEL.** (m/s)	**RVOT VEL.** (m/s)	**IVRT** (m/)
NORMAL PARAMETER	<1.5	1.6	0.7-1.7		<1.6	<1.3	40-60
PATIENT	-	1.4	1.3		-	-	NM
Adapted from June Boon,Veterinary Echocardiography,1998 Sisson D et al. JVIM 1991; 5: 232, Jacobs et al. Am J Vet Res 1985; 46:1705							

Cardiac Presentation

The echocardiogram in this patient demonstrated normal **left atrial** size based on 2 separate LA measurements. The cranial and caudal **mitral** valve leaflets presented normal linear structure and kinetics. The **left ventricle** presented normal thicknesses with linear contour and was not dilated nor restricted. The **myocardium** presented normal echogenicity without subjective evidence of significant fibrotic or ischemic disease. **Contractility** of the ventricular walls was adequate and in normal range for this patient evidenced by the fractional shortening measurement and subjective evaluation of the different regions and angles of the myocardium. The **right atrium** and auricle revealed normal size, structure and content. No evidence of masses was noted or chamber overload. **Tricuspid** valvular assessment demonstrated adequate linear morphology and kinetics. The **right ventricle** was of normal size (1/3 diameter of LV), chordae structure, myocardial echogenicity and thickness. Moderate volume pleural and pericardial effusion was present. No overt visualized cardiac tumors in the visible window. Anechoic to hypoechoic pericardial mass, lymph node, or fluid pocket measuring ~4.0 cm in diameter was noted.



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Urinary System

The urinary bladder, trigone, cystourethral junction, and visible pelvic urethra to a depth of 2.0 cm exhibited normal thickness and tone. Anechoic urine was present in the lumen with no evidence of urine or lumen sediment, mineral, or calculi. The ureteral papillae were normal. The ureters were not visible which is normal. No evidence of inflammatory or neoplastic changes was noted.

No evidence of pathology in the area of the aortic trifurcation.

Normal size and margination were present in the kidneys. A normal 1:3 cortex / medulla ratio was maintained. The medulla and cortices were uniform in texture with some increased echogenicity and mild loss of corticomedullary symmetry and definition expected for the age of the patient. No evidence of pelvic dilation was present. The left kidney measured 3.7 cm in length. The right kidney measured 4.1 cm in length.

Adrenal Glands

The left adrenal gland was uniform in size and contour with a uniformly hypoechoic parenchyma. The left adrenal gland measured 0.33 cm width. There was no obvious visualized pathology in the area of the right adrenal gland.

Spleen

The spleen was subjectively subnormal in size, suggestive of volume contraction, exhibiting a finely textured and homogenous parenchyma which was hyperechoic to the liver and renal cortical parenchyma. The capsule was smooth and regular without apparent expansion. The splenic vasculature at the hilus was normal in volume with no evidence of congestion or thrombosis. Acute to chronic inflammatory, neoplastic, or benign parenchyma changes were not noted. The spleen measured 0.48 cm width at the level of the mid spleen.

Liver/ Gallbladder

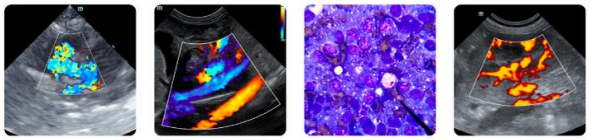
The liver was subjectively normal in size, structure, and contour. The liver parenchyma was uniform and hypoechoic to the spleen with a mild coarse echotexture. The hepatic and portal vasculature were normal in appearance without signs of congestion. No evidence of hepatic or vena cava congestion. The gallbladder was non-distended in size with thin walls and primarily anechoic luminal content. The cystic and common bile ducts were normal.

Gastrointestinal

The stomach presented intact wall layering with a normal wall layer ratio. The lumen of the stomach contained mild to moderate, echogenic, nonshadowing ingesta, consistent with food / chyme without signs of obstruction or foreign material. There was no obvious obstruction to pyloric outflow.

The small intestine presented intact wall layering with 1:3 muscularis/mucosa ratio. The lumen of the small intestine was empty with no signs of ileus, obstruction, or foreign material.

Normal visible colon wall layers were present with apparent formed feces in lumen.



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Pancreas

The parenchyma of the left limb, body, and right limb of the pancreas presented isoechoic to the adjacent omental fat. A normal curvilinear capsule contour of the pancreas was present. The visible pancreatic duct was normal. No signs of active inflammation or neoplastic disease were evident.

Free Abdomen

No omental masses, visualized significant or swollen lymphadenopathy, or evidence of peritoneal effusion were noted.

ULTRASONOGRAPHIC FINDINGS

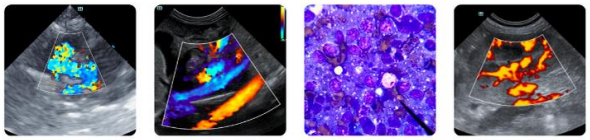
- Normal non-congested liver
- Volume contracted spleen
- Mild age-related renal changes
- Normal gastrointestinal tract with nonshadowing gastric ingesta - consistent with food / chyme
- Normal cardiac structure / function
- Pericardial / pleural effusion - noncardiogenic
- Possible pericardial mass, lymphadenopathy, or fluid pocket

INTERPRETATION OF THE FINDINGS & FURTHER RECOMMENDATIONS

There is no evidence of abdominal visceral pathology as an obvious contributing factor or secondary to the pleural and pericardial effusion. Inflammatory, infectious, granulomatous / FIP, or neoplastic noncardiogenic etiologies are possible. A small nonvisualized cardiac mass is not technically excluded. Correlation with effusion analysis, cytology, +/- C/S and FIP titer / PCR with consideration for FNA cytology or centesis into indistinct pericardial mass, lymph node, or fluid pocket is recommended. Thoracic CT is also ideal for further clarification.

SonoPath CT Services are offered at the SonoPath Imaging and Veterinary Education Center, 141 Main St (rt 206), Andover, New Jersey, a 20-minute drive west on route 80/206 North from the route 80/287 interchange/Parsippany, New Jersey. More information can be found at

https://sonopath.com/services/vetimaging/



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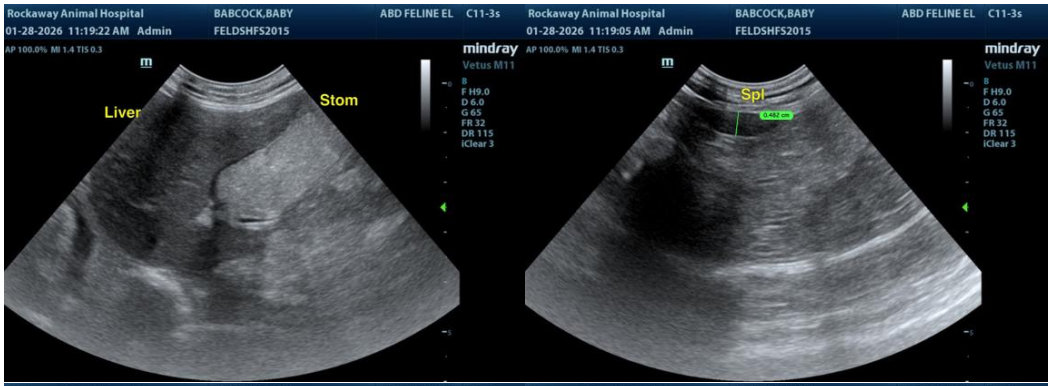

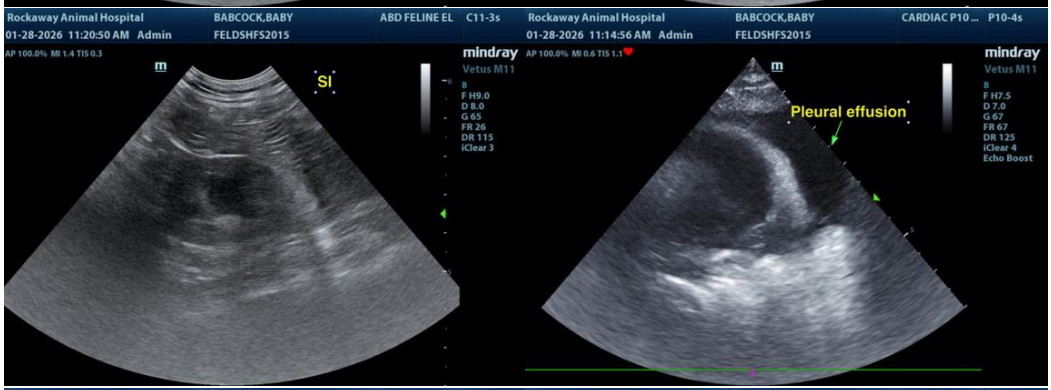

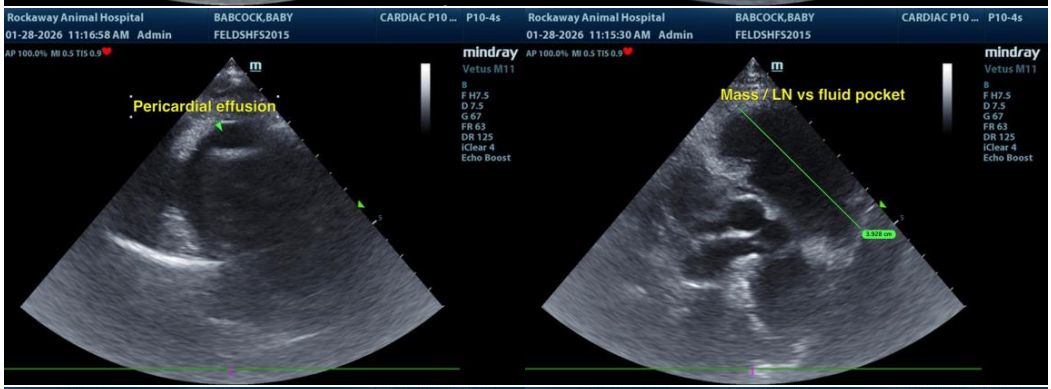

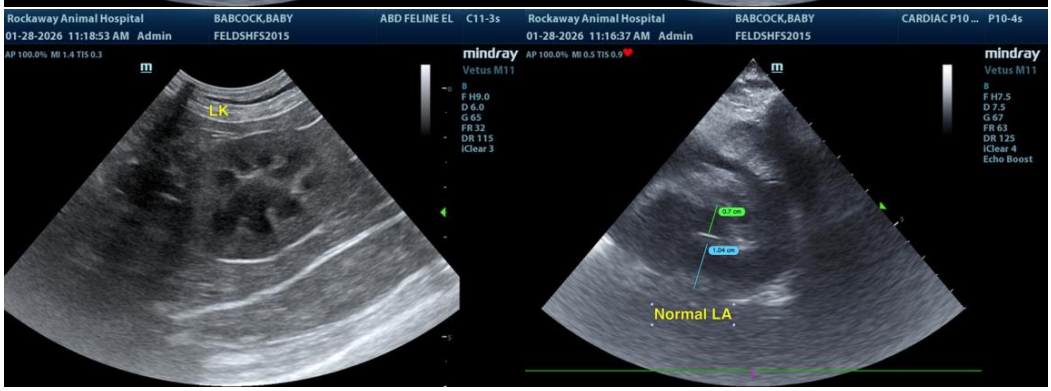

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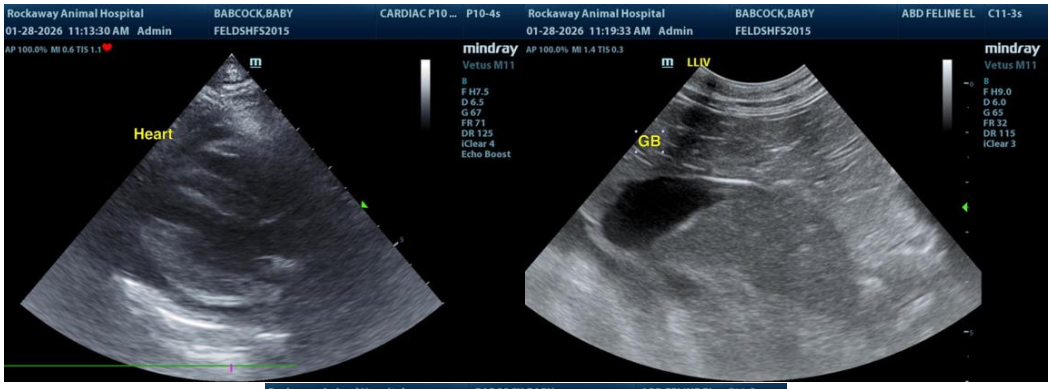

The information and recommendations provided are based on the images presented by the referring veterinarian/sonographer. No evaluation can be communicated regarding pathology that was not visible in the image/video clips provided.

Thank you for this referral. If the clinical or image interpretation does not parallel your findings or if I can be of any further assistance, please contact me.

R. McKenzie Daniel, DVM, DABVP (Canine/Feline Practice)
info@sonopath.com