



PATIENT

Teddy Swims Patopea

SPECIES

Canine

BREED

Labrador Retriever

SEX

Male Intact

AGE

8 weeks

WEIGHT

14.2 lbs

INTERPRETED BY

R. McKenzie Daniel,
DVM, DABVP
(Canine and Feline)

IMAGING PERFORMED BY

Sara Hansen

HOSPITAL NAME

Countryside Animal
Clinic

REFERRING VET

Dr. Cox

INVOICE

13135

DATE

1/27/26

PRESENTING CLINICAL SIGNS

History:

- cryptorchid - left testicle is descended
- ABNORMAL Lab work Values

ULTRASONOGRAPHIC EXAMINATION OF THE ABDOMEN

Urinary System

The urinary bladder, trigone, cystourethral junction, and visible pelvic urethra to a depth of 3.0 cm exhibited normal thickness and tone. Anechoic urine was present in the lumen with no uroliths or sediment. The ureteral papillae were normal. The ureters were not visible which is normal. No evidence of inflammatory or neoplastic changes were noted.

The area of the residual prostate appeared normal and free of pathology.

Normal size and margination was present in the kidneys. A normal 1:3 cortex / medulla ratio and normal corticomedullary definition were maintained. The echogenicity of the cortex was similar to or slightly less than normal liver parenchyma while the medulla echogenicity was hypoechoic to the cortex with no evidence of pelvic dilation. The left kidney measured 5.9 cm in length. The right kidney measured 6.0 cm in length.

Adrenal Glands

The left adrenal gland was uniform in size and contour with a uniformly hypoechoic parenchyma. The left adrenal gland measured 0.26 cm width at the caudal pole. The right adrenal gland was uniform in size and contour with a uniformly hypoechoic parenchyma. The right adrenal gland measured 0.33 cm width at the caudal pole.

Spleen

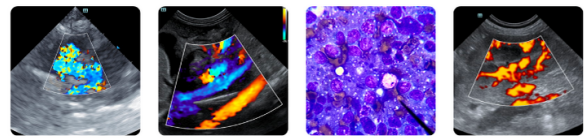
The spleen exhibited a finely textured and homogenous parenchyma which was hyperechoic to the liver and renal cortical parenchyma. The capsule was smooth and regular without apparent expansion. The splenic vasculature at the hilus was normal in volume with no evidence of congestion or thrombosis. Acute to chronic inflammatory, neoplastic, or benign parenchyma changes were not noted.

Liver

The liver was subjectively normal in size, structure, and contour with normal hepatic vascular volume. The liver parenchyma was uniform and hypoechoic to the spleen with a mild coarse echotexture. The hepatic and portal vasculature were normal in appearance without signs of congestion. The gallbladder was non-distended in size with thin walls and primarily anechoic luminal content. The cystic and common bile ducts were normal.

Gastrointestinal

The stomach presented intact wall layering with a normal wall layer ratio. The lumen of the stomach was empty with no signs of ileus, obstruction or foreign material.



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The small intestine presented intact wall layering with 1:3 muscularis/mucosa ratio. The lumen of the small intestine was empty with no signs of ileus, obstruction or foreign material.

Normal visible colon wall layers were present with apparent formed feces in lumen.

Pancreas

The parenchyma of the left limb, body and right limb of the pancreas presented isoechoic to the adjacent omental fat. A normal curvilinear capsule contour of the pancreas was present. The visible pancreatic duct was normal. No signs of active inflammation or neoplastic disease was evident.

Free Abdomen

Intermittent, mildly prominent, non-homogeneous, mild asymmetrically margined mesenteric and medial iliac lymph nodes were present. An example of mesenteric lymph node measured 2.3 cm x 0.73 cm. An example of medial iliac lymph node measured 1.3 cm x 0.49 cm. Pockets of scant to minor peritoneal free fluid likely consistent with physiologic or incidental free fluid given patient age.

Visualized small descended left testicle measured ~1.2 cm in diameter. Definitive retained intraabdominal or inguinal right testicle was not definitively visualized.

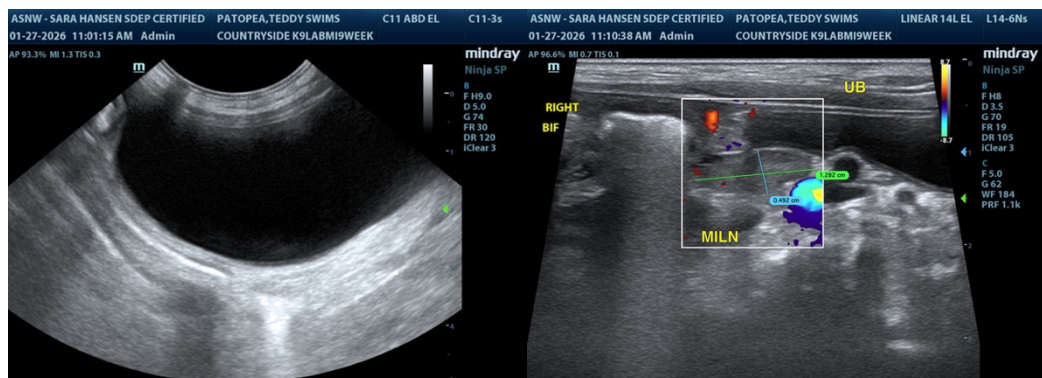
ULTRASONOGRAPHIC FINDINGS

- Overall, sonographically normal abdomen with intermittent mild benign mesenteric/medial iliac lymphadenopathy – consistent with immunologic immaturity or minor hyperplasia

INTERPRETATION OF THE FINDINGS & FURTHER RECOMMENDATIONS

A definitive retained abdominal or inguinal right testicle was not overtly visualized yet may be of small size given small descended left testicle size and difficult to visualize or differentiate based on size or similar appearance to mildly prominent benign mesenteric and medial iliac lymph nodes.

Recommended sonographic reassessment when patient is 4-6 months old or prior to neuter.





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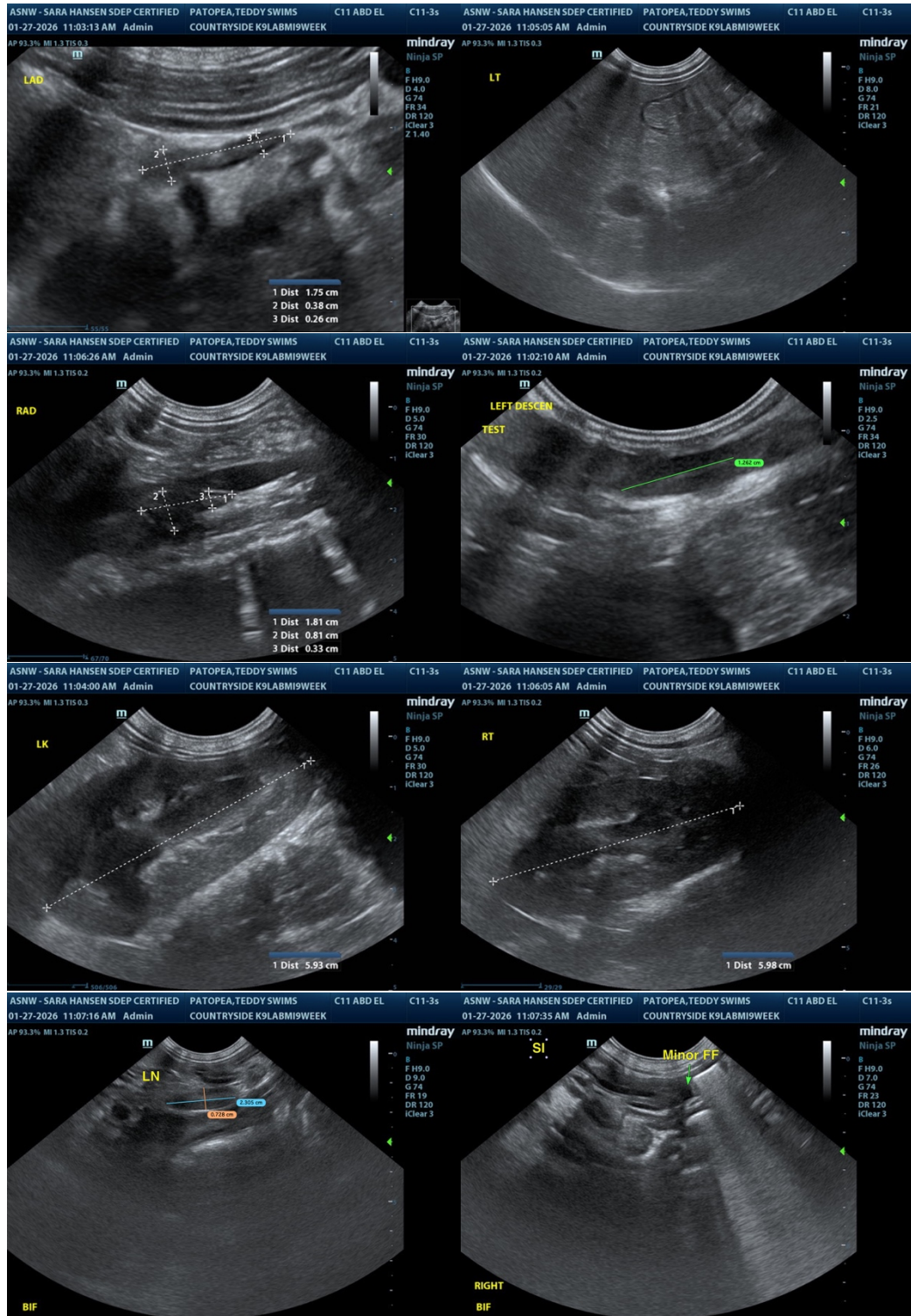
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The information and recommendations provided are based on the images presented by the referring veterinarian/sonographer. No evaluation can be communicated regarding pathology that was not visible in the image/video clips provided.

Thank you for this referral. If the clinical or image interpretation does not parallel your findings or if I can be of any further assistance, please contact me.

R. McKenzie Daniel, DVM, DABVP (Canine / Feline Practice)

info@SonoPath.com