



## PATIENT PRESENTING CLINICAL SIGNS

Scout Reynolds History: ITP newly diagnosed

## SPECIES ULTRASONOGRAPHIC EXAMINATION OF THE HEART & ABDOMEN

Canine

BREED

Terrier Mix

SEX

Neutered Male

AGE

3 Years

WEIGHT

35 Pounds

CANINE CARDIAC PARAMETERS	MR VMAX (m/s)	TR VMAX (m/s)	LA/AO (Boon method)	LA/AO (Heart Base; Swe)	FS (%)	EF (%)	EPSS (cm)
NORMAL PARAMETER	4.5-5.5	<2.7	1.3	<1.3	28-40	40-100	<0.6
PATIENT	--	--	NM	1.1	43	78	0.22
CANINE CARDIAC PARAMETERS	HR (BPM)	AV VMAX (m/s)	PV MAX (m/s)	BODY WEIGHT (kg)	LA 2D short axis Base view (cm)	LVIDd Avg; 2D and m-mode short axis (cm)	LVIDs Avg; 2D and m-mode short axis (cm)
NORMAL PARAMETER	50-100	0.7-1.7	0.7-1.6				
PATIENT	120	1.2	1.0	--	3.3	3.0	--

### Cardiac Presentation

The echocardiogram in this patient demonstrated normal **left atrial** size based on 3 separate methods of LA evaluation. The cranial and caudal **mitral** valve leaflets presented normal linear structure, extension in systole, and union in diastole with normal kinesis. The **left ventricle** presented normal thicknesses with linear contour and was not dilated nor restricted. The **myocardium** presented normal echogenicity without subjective evidence of significant fibrotic or ischemic disease. **Contractility** of the ventricular walls was adequate and in normal range for this patient evidenced by the fractional shortening measurement and subjective evaluation of the different regions of the myocardium. The **left ventricular outflow** tract demonstrated normal laminar flow and subjective structural integrity. The **right atrium** and auricle revealed normal size, structure and content. No evidence of masses was noted. **Tricuspid** valvular assessment demonstrated adequate linear morphology and kinesis. The **right ventricle** was of normal size (1/3 diameter of LV), chordae structure, myocardial echogenicity and thickness. **Pulmonary outflow** tract assessment revealed normal valve structure, laminar flow, and diameter (approx. 1:1 pa/ao ratio). No visible **pericardial** or free pleura fluid was noted. The cranial **mediastinum and pericardial and extra-cardiac regions** were free of masses in the visible window.

### Urinary System

The urinary bladder, trigone, cystourethral junction, and visible pelvic urethra exhibited normal thickness and tone. Anechoic urine was present in the lumen with no uroliths or sediment. The ureteral papillae were normal. The ureters were not visible which is normal. No evidence of inflammatory or neoplastic changes were noted.

## INTERPRETED BY

R. McKenzie Daniel,  
DVM, DABVP  
(Canine and Feline)

## IMAGING PERFORMED BY

Jenn

## HOSPITAL NAME

Rockaway AH

## REFERRING VET

Dr. Maniar

## INVOICE

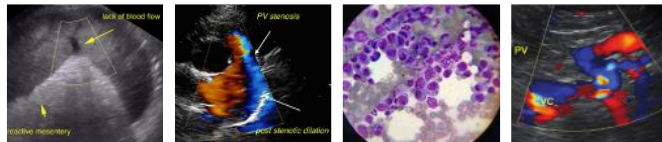
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## DATE

1/26/23



<b>PATIENT</b>	Normal size and margination were present in the kidneys. A normal 1:3 cortex / medulla ratio and normal corticomedullary definition were maintained. The echogenicity of the cortex was similar to or slightly less than normal liver parenchyma while the medulla echogenicity was hypoechoic to the cortex with no evidence of pelvic dilation. The left kidney measured 5.1 cm in length. The right kidney measured 5.0 cm in length.
Scout Reynolds	
<b>SPECIES</b>	<b>Adrenal Glands</b>
Canine	The left adrenal gland was uniform in size and contour with a uniformly hypoechoic parenchyma. The left adrenal gland measured 1.5 cm length x 0.53 cm width at the caudal pole.
<b>BREED</b>	The right adrenal gland was uniform in size and contour with a uniformly hypoechoic parenchyma. The right adrenal gland measured 1.9 cm length x 0.74 cm width at the caudal pole.
Terrier Mix	
<b>SEX</b>	<b>Spleen</b>
Neutered Male	The spleen exhibited potential for regional borderline to mild enlargement, most notable in the mid to cranial spleen. Maintained symmetrical to mildly rounded mid to cranial splenic contour noted. Splenic vascularity was normal. No masses or nodules were noted. Parenchymal echogenicity was normal.
<b>AGE</b>	<b>Liver</b>
3 Years	The liver was subjectively normal in size, structure, and contour. The liver parenchyma was uniform and hypoechoic to the spleen with a mild coarse echotexture. The hepatic and portal vasculature were normal in appearance without signs of congestion. The gallbladder was non-distended in size with thin walls and primarily anechoic luminal content. The cystic and common bile ducts were normal.
<b>WEIGHT</b>	<b>Gastrointestinal</b>
35 Pounds	The stomach presented mild to moderate wall thickening secondary to echogenic mucosa hypertrophy. Intact wall layering was maintained and distinct. The gastric body wall measured ~cm width. Variably echogenic yet nonshadowing ingesta was noted, likely consistent with recent meal ingestion.
<b>INTERPRETED BY</b>	The small intestine presented intact wall layering with 1:3 muscularis/mucosa ratio. The lumen of the small intestine was empty with no signs of ileus, obstruction or foreign material.
R. McKenzie Daniel, DVM, DABVP (Canine and Feline)	Normal visible colon wall layers were present with apparent formed feces in lumen.
<b>IMAGING PERFORMED BY</b>	<b>Pancreas</b>
Jenn	The parenchyma of the left limb, body and right limb of the pancreas presented isoechoic to the adjacent omental fat. A normal curvilinear capsule contour of the pancreas was present. The visible pancreatic duct was normal. No signs of active inflammation or neoplastic disease was evident.
<b>HOSPITAL NAME</b>	<b>Free Abdomen</b>
Rockaway AH	No overt lymphadenopathy or peritoneal effusion was present.
<b>REFERRING VET</b>	<b>ULTRASONOGRAPHIC FINDINGS</b>
Dr. Maniar	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Normal echocardiogram</li> <li>• Borderline splenomegaly- subjectively benign</li> </ul>
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**PATIENT**

- Mild gastric ingesta- probable recent meal ingestion

Scout Reynolds

**INTERPRETATION OF THE FINDINGS & FURTHER RECOMMENDATIONS**

**SPECIES**

No sonographic evidence of cardiac or overt abdominal visceral pathology as an obvious cause of the immune mediated thrombocytopenia. Probable splenic patient variant, incidental hyperplasia, hematopoiesis or possible splenitis. Early infiltrative splenic neoplasia is considered unlikely. Assuming normal clotting status and if adequate platelet numbers, screening splenic FNA cytology, using a 25-gauge needle could be considered, primarily to ensure only benign splenic changes are present.

Canine

**BREED**

Radiographic or sonographic monitoring of the spleen for evidence of persistent to progressive splenomegaly would be reasonable. Infectious disease serology may be considered if clinically indicated. Some or all of the following protocol may be considered if not currently instituted.

Terrier Mix

**SEX**

**IMHA/Infectious Anemia/Thrombocytopenia/Evans Syndrome**

Neutered Male

*(Note: ensure no underlying neoplasia as IMHA/Evans syndrome can occur as paraneoplastic manifestation especially in lymphoma/round cell neoplasia)*

**AGE**

Anemia +/- thrombocytopenia with spherocytes/autoagglutination in dogs and hyperbilirubinemia, bilirubinuria. *(NOTE: cats do not get spherocytes in IMHA)*  
Consider Onion/Garlic derivative ingestion if Heinz bodies present.

3 Years

**WEIGHT**

**Prednisone (K9) Prednisolone (Feline):** 2 mg/kg Sid/Bid initially x 3 weeks then attempt taper

35 Pounds

**Aspirin** 0.5 mg/kg Sid owing to hypercoagulable state

**Sucralfate** 0.5-1 g po tid dogs, 0.5 g bid cats in slurry

**Doxycycline** if infectious suspected clinically or based on CBC path review:

**Dogs, Cats:** 10 mg/kg p.o. q24h with food or water bolus in cats

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(Canine and Feline)

**Long-term management dogs:** Azothiaprine 2 mg/kg Sid or Cyclosporine 10mg/kg po sid bid

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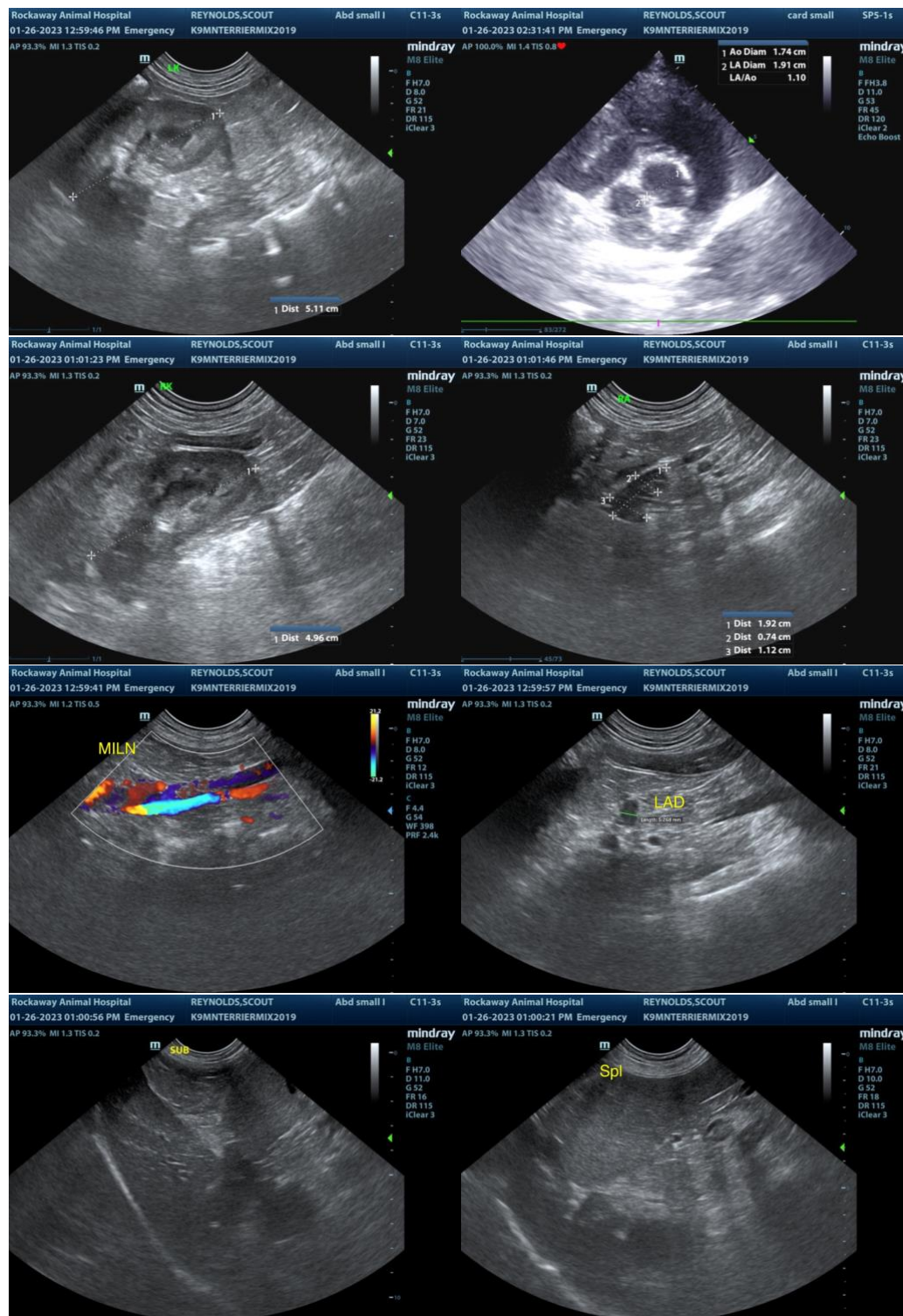
Dr. Maniar

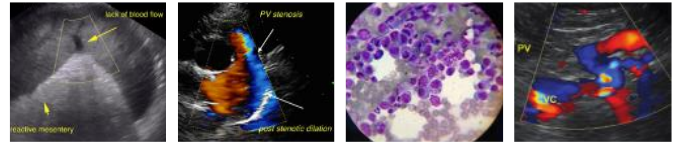
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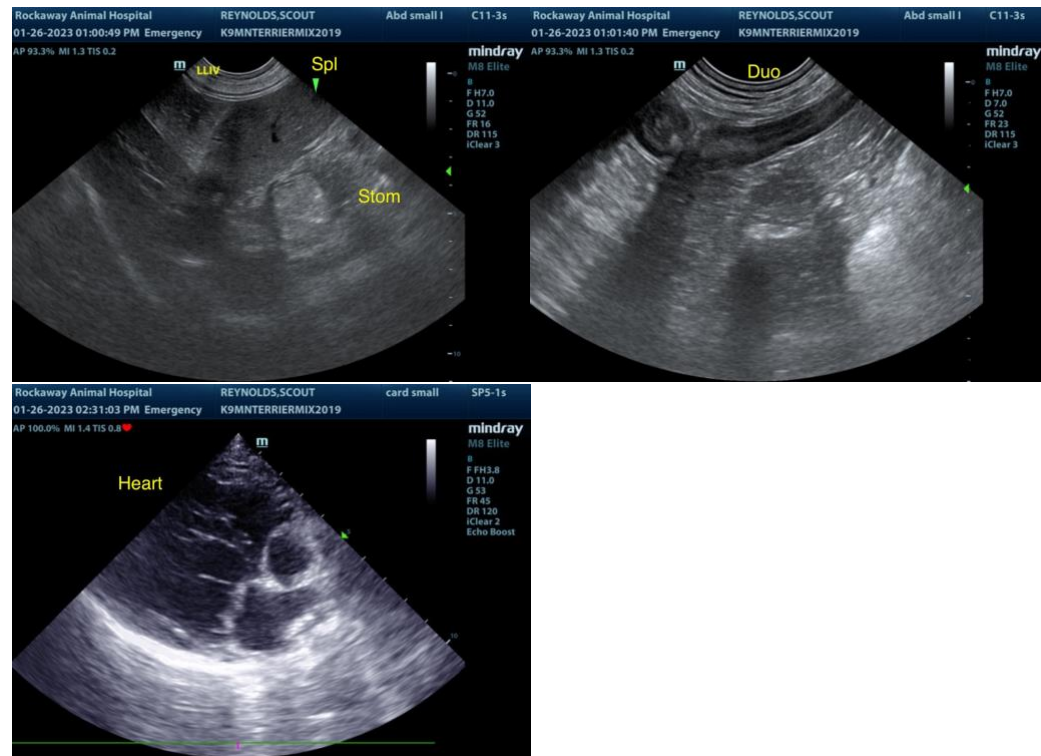
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The information and recommendations provided are based on the images presented by the referring veterinarian. No evaluation can be communicated regarding pathology that was not visible in the image/video clips provided.

Thank you for this referral. If the clinical or image interpretation does not parallel your findings or if I can be of any further assistance please contact me.

**R. McKenzie Daniel, DVM, DABVP (Canine / Feline Practice)**  
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