



PATIENT

Lily Christian

SPECIES

Feline

BREED

DSH

SEX

Spayed Female

AGE

13 Years

WEIGHT

11 Lbs.

INTERPRETED BY

R. McKenzie Daniel,
DVM, DABVP
(Canine and Feline)

IMAGING PERFORMED BY

Rachel Runnells, RVT

HOSPITAL NAME

SVS Imaging KC

REFERRING VET

Dr. Mike Esau

INVOICE

13625

DATE

1/24/22

PRESENTING CLINICAL SIGNS

History: Vomiting, low appetite. Blood work unremarkable. Radiographs show nodule within the left caudal lung lobe. Differentials for mural thickening would include enteritis, IBD, or neoplasia such as lymphoma.

ULTRASONOGRAPHIC EXAMINATION OF THE ABDOMEN

Urinary System

The urinary bladder, trigone, cystourethral junction, and visible pelvic urethra to a depth of 2.0 cm exhibited normal thickness and tone. Primarily anechoic urine was present in the lumen. Mild nondependent particulate sediment was present without evidence of calculus formation. The ureteral papillae were normal. The ureters were not visible which is normal. No evidence of inflammatory or neoplastic mural changes were noted. Aortic trifurcation was normal.

Normal size and margination was present in the kidneys. A normal 1:3 cortex / medulla ratio was maintained. The medulla and cortices were uniform in texture with some increased echogenicity and mild loss of corticomedullary symmetry and definition expected for the age of the patient. No evidence of pelvic dilation was present. The left kidney measured 3.7 cm in length. The right kidney measured 3.7 cm in length.

Adrenal Glands

The left adrenal gland was uniform in size and contour with a uniformly hypoechoic parenchyma. The left adrenal gland measured 0.31 cm width.

The right adrenal gland was uniform in size and contour with a uniformly hypoechoic parenchyma. The right adrenal gland measured 0.41 cm width.

Spleen

The spleen exhibited a finely textured and homogenous parenchyma which was hyperechoic to the liver and renal cortical parenchyma. The capsule was smooth and regular without apparent expansion. The splenic vasculature at the hilus was normal in volume with no evidence of congestion or thrombosis. Acute to chronic inflammatory, neoplastic, or benign parenchyma changes were not noted.

Liver

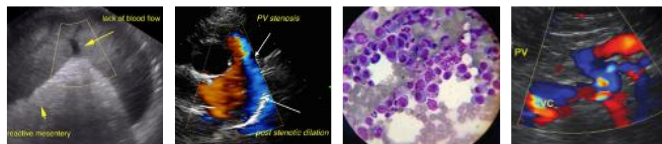
The liver was subjectively normal in size, structure, and contour. The liver parenchyma was uniform and hypoechoic to the spleen with a mild coarse echotexture. The hepatic and portal vasculature were normal in appearance without signs of congestion. The gallbladder was non-distended in size with thin walls and primarily anechoic luminal content. The cystic and common bile ducts were normal.

Gastrointestinal

The stomach presented intact wall layering with a normal wall layer ratio. The lumen of the stomach was empty with no signs of ileus, obstruction or foreign material. The gastric body wall measured 0.24 cm.

The intestinal walls demonstrated intact wall layers with diffusely thickened walls and altered 1:3 muscularis / mucosa ratio primarily consisting of muscularis hypertrophy. The jejunum wall measured up to 0.32 cm in wall width. The duodenum wall measured 0.24 cm.

Normal visible colon wall layers were present with apparent formed feces in lumen.



PATIENT

Pancreas

Lily Christian

The parenchyma of the left limb, body and right limb of the pancreas presented isoechoic to the adjacent omental fat. A normal curvilinear capsule contour of the pancreas was present. The visible pancreatic duct was normal. No signs of active inflammation or neoplastic disease was evident.

SPECIES

Feline

Free Abdomen

No omental masses, lymphadenopathy or effusion was present.

BREED

DSH

ULTRASONOGRAPHIC FINDINGS

SEX

Spayed Female

- Enteropathy, exhibiting intact yet altered muscularis to mucosa ratio
- Bilateral mild chronic renal changes
- Mild urinary bladder sediment

AGE

13 Years

The appearance of the small intestine is compatible with infiltrative enteropathy. General considerations may include inflammatory infiltrative enteropathy (IBD, eosinophilic enteritis) or neoplastic infiltrative enteropathy with round cells (lymphoma or other). Inflammatory enteropathy is favored in this case Given the intestinal presentation and lack of concurrent lymphadenopathy. Full thickness intestinal biopsies would be required for a definitive diagnosis. A GI panel to include PLI/TLI/Cobalamin/Folate is recommended. Empirical therapy for IBD, which may include hydrolyzed diet, cobalamin supplementation +/- Prednisolone trial (at lowest effective dose) with as needed gastrointestinal support to control clinical signs could be considered if biopsies are not possible.

WEIGHT

11 Lbs.

INTERPRETED BY

R. McKenzie Daniel,
DVM, DABVP
(Canine and Feline)

IMAGING PERFORMED BY

Rachel Runnells, RVT

HOSPITAL NAME

SVS Imaging KC

REFERRING VET

Dr. Mike Esau

INVOICE

13625

DATE

1/24/22





PATIENT

Lily Christian

SPECIES

Feline

BREED

DSH

SEX

Spayed Female

AGE

13 Years

WEIGHT

11 Lbs.

INTERPRETED BY

R. McKenzie Daniel,
DVM, DABVP
(Canine and Feline)

IMAGING PERFORMED BY

Rachel Runnells, RVT

HOSPITAL NAME

SVS Imaging KC

REFERRING VET

Dr. Mike Esau

INVOICE

13625

DATE

1/24/22



The information and recommendations provided are based on the images presented by the referring veterinarian. No evaluation can be communicated regarding pathology that was not visible in the image/video clips provided.

Thank you for this referral. If the clinical or image interpretation does not parallel your findings or if I can be of any further assistance please contact me.

R. McKenzie Daniel, DVM, DABVP (Canine / Feline Practice)
info@SonoPath.com