



PATIENT

Yoko Graul

SPECIES

Canine

BREED

Chihuahua

SEX

Spayed Female

AGE

13 Years

WEIGHT

11.2 Pounds

INTERPRETED BY

Kathleen Sennello DVM,
MS, Diplomate ACVIM
(Small Animal Internal
Medicine)

IMAGING PERFORMED BY

Dr. Sheldon

HOSPITAL NAME

Advanced PC of
Oakland

REFERRING VET

Dr. Sheldon

INVOICE

38690

DATE

6/14/22

PRESENTING CLINICAL SIGNS

Pet presented for a month history of decreased appetite and thirst last week 6/11. About a week prior to that pet had started shaking at home and became very timid. She also became lethargic. She is straining to defecate and scooting more. Pet is holding urination for long periods of time and then has a large volume of urination. Pet reacted to T8-T9 palpation (repeated reaction). Performed initial rads, drew blood and tried to get a cystocentesis sample. Pet had a possible vagal or syncopal event after this. Pet went to ER for over night observation. No further episodes, but pet still seems painful to back/abdomen and is still shaking.

Abnormal PE/Chem/CBC/UA Results: CBC: NSF, CHEM: CREA: 1.9 (0.5-1.8), BUN: 122 (7-27), other NSF. Radiographs, no significant finds. spec CPLI and UA pending.

ULTRASONOGRAPHIC EXAMINATION OF THE ABDOMEN

Urinary System

The urinary bladder is moderately distended with anechoic urine. The Bladder wall, trigone, ureteral papillae and visible urethra (to a depth of 2cm) appear normal with no evidence of wall thickening, mucosal irregularities, masses or cystic calculi.

The left kidney has a normal shape and size (3.4 cm). Overall echogenicity is slightly hyperechoic with poor corticomedullary distinction and a typical 1:3 cortex:medulla ratio. There is no evidence of perinephric inflammation or effusion. There is no evidence of pyelectasia, nephroliths, infarcts or hydroureter. Renal vasculature is normal.

The right kidney has a normal shape and size (3.4 cm) with mild pyelectasia at 0.23 cm. Overall echogenicity is slightly hyperechoic with poor corticomedullary distinction and a typical 1:3 cortex:medulla ratio. There is no evidence of perinephric inflammation or effusion. There is no evidence of nephroliths, infarcts or hydroureter. Renal vasculature is normal.

Adrenal Glands

The left adrenal gland is normal in size measuring 0.43 cm at the caudal pole. It is observed in its normal position cranial to the left renal artery. It is normal in appearance (uniformly hypoechoic) and shape with no evidence of a mass effect.

The right adrenal gland is normal in size measuring 0.41 cm at the caudal pole. It is observed in its normal position between the cranial aspect of the right kidney and the caudal vena cava. It is normal in appearance (uniformly hypoechoic) and shape with no evidence of a mass effect.

Spleen

The spleen is subjectively normal in size, echotexture is homogenous, and the splenic capsule is smooth with no irregularities. The blood flow through the hilus and splenic parenchyma appears normal. No focal parenchymal abnormalities are visualized.

Liver

The liver is subjectively normal in size, and echogenicity with smooth peripheral margins. The parenchyma is homogenous echotexture. The visible portions of the vasculature and biliary tract appear normal. No focal nodules or cystic lesions are observed.



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The gall bladder lumen is moderately distended. The wall of the gall bladder is not thickened and has a smooth mucosal surface. There is a moderate amount of non-organized echogenic debris. The cystic and common bile ducts are normal/not visible.

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Gastrointestinal

The stomach is mild to moderately dilated with fluid and irregular shadowing material most consistent with normal ingesta and gas. It measures at a normal thickness of <0.7cm with some variability due to the presence of rugal folds. The distinction of the gastric wall layering is adequate and there is no impression of reduced peristaltic activity. No masses or focal lesions were observed.

BREED

Chihuahua

The visualized areas of duodenum, jejunum and ileum have a relatively uniform diameter with minimal fluid distension. Wall thickness is normal. Bowel loops follow a curvilinear path with distinct wall layering maintaining the typical 1:3 muscularis:mucosa layer ratio. Duodenum wall measured 0.38 cm. Jejunum wall measured 0.24 cm. Visualized peristalsis appears appropriate. There were no focal lesions consistent with obstruction or a mass effect observed.

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The ileocecal junction was visualized and exhibited normal intact wall layering and is subjectively of normal thickness. Sections of colon are visualized with formed fecal material and gas shadowing distally. There is no observed focal or generalized colon wall thickening or loss of layering.

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Pancreas

The pancreas is normal and isoechoic to surrounding mesentery. There is no evidence of nodules or cystic lesions. There is no evidence of regional mesenteric inflammation or fluid.

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Free Abdomen

Evaluation of the peritoneal cavity did not reveal any evidence of effusion, or subjective lymphadenomegaly. The Medial iliac nodes appear normal and there was no evidence of a caudal aortic thrombus at the bifurcation. The omentum is of normal uniform echogenicity.

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ULTRASONOGRAPHIC FINDINGS

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- Decreased corticomedullary distinction in both kidneys with mild left-sided pyelectasia – The bilateral renal findings are consistent with age-related change. Pyelectasia of the left kidney could be consistent with pyelonephritis, chronic renal disease, secondary to PU/PD or fluid therapy (if applicable), other.
- Moderate debris in the gallbladder – The significance of the aggregated gallbladder sludge is unclear. This could represent an early mucocele, cholestasis, or may be secondary to fasting.
- Small amount of shadowing material within the gastric lumen – The significance of this is unclear. Correlate with feeding history and abdominal radiographs. If the patient was adequately fasted, consider such differentials as delayed gastric emptying or partial outflow tract obstruction (none observed).

INTERPRETATION OF THE FINDINGS & FURTHER RECOMMENDATIONS

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An obvious cause for the lethargy and inappetence is not observed on today's scan. There is a moderate amount of debris in the gallbladder. Correlate with liver enzymes. If there is a significant elevation in liver enzymes, this could be more concerning.

Additionally, there is a small amount of shadowing material within the gastric lumen. This could be

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ingesta, medication, etc. Correlate with history and radiographs to try and determine the significance of this finding.

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The changes observed in the kidneys are likely age related, but there is mild pyelectasia in the left kidney. Recommend a urinalysis and culture and blood pressure evaluation. Recommend supportive therapy and serial monitoring with lab work, imaging, etc. to try and determine if this is a metabolic problem or an issue with back pain, GI disease, etc.

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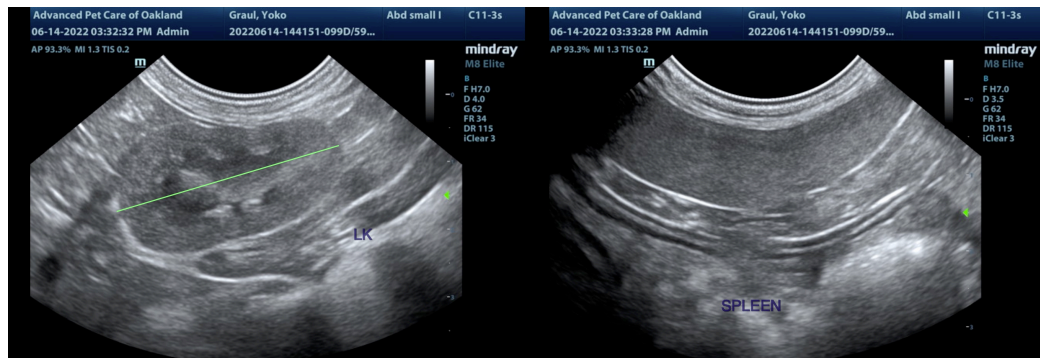
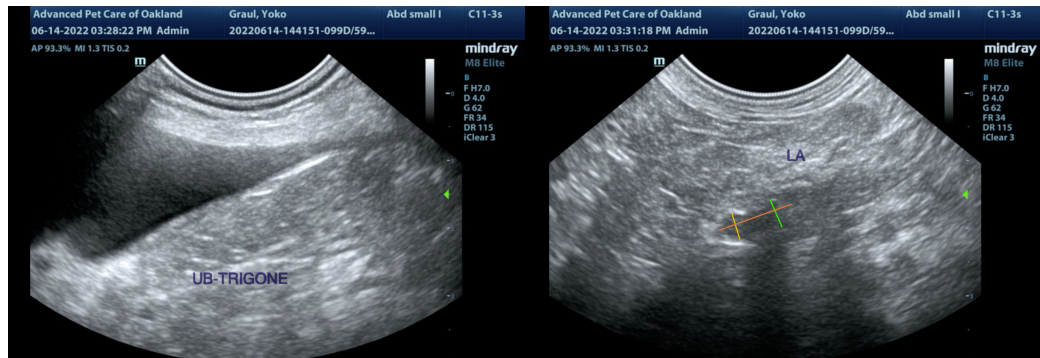
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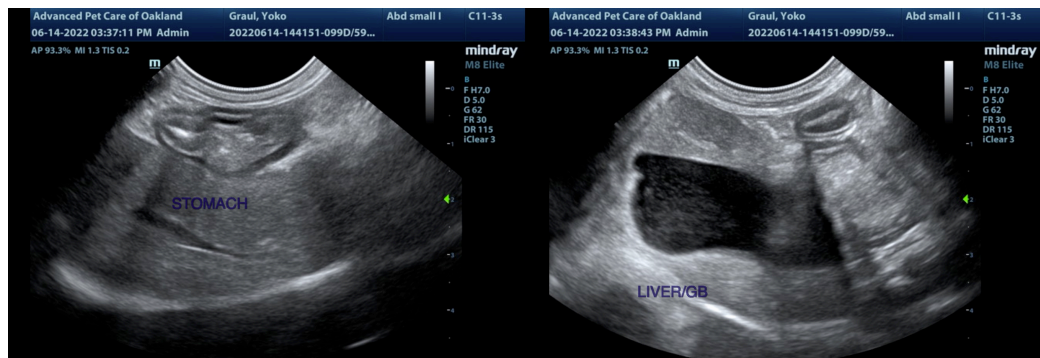
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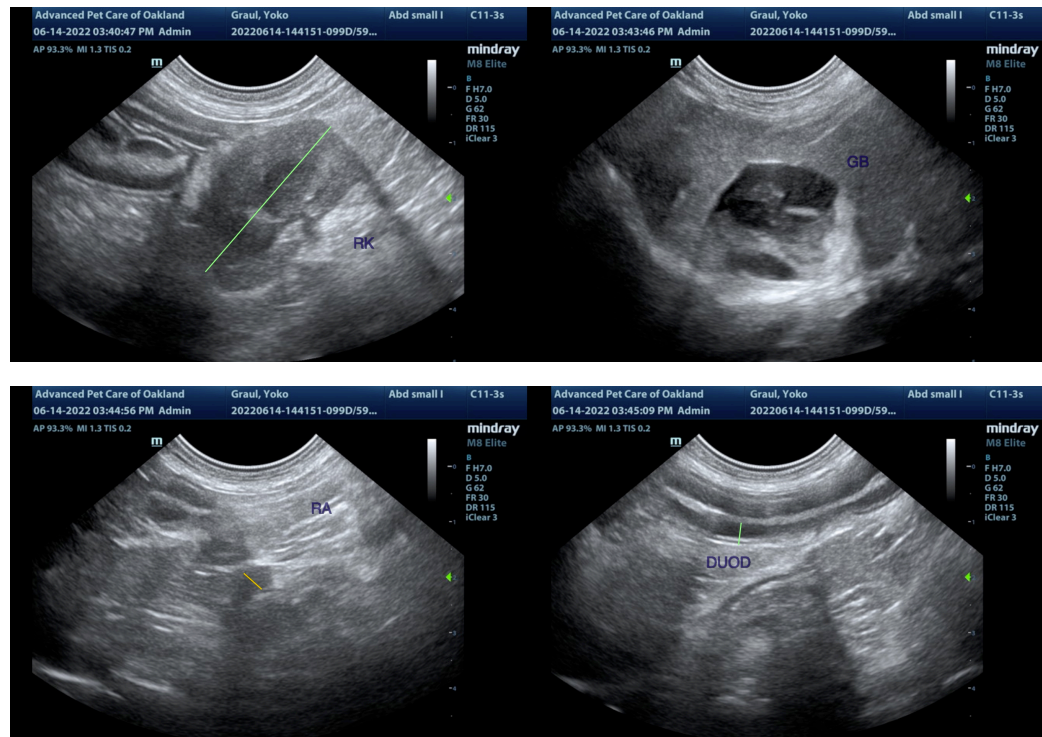
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The information and recommendations provided are based on the images presented by the referring veterinarian/sonographer. No evaluation can be communicated regarding pathology that was not visible in the image/video clips provided.

Thank you for this referral. If the clinical or image interpretation does not parallel your findings or if I can be of any further assistance please contact me.

Kathleen Sennello DVM,MS, Diplomate ACVIM (Small animal Internal Medicine)

kathleen.sennello@sonopath.com