

**DATE PRESENTING CLINICAL SIGNS**

5/17/22 Severe anemia. R/o- IMHA vs neoplasia vs GI bleed vs tick borne disease vs aplasic anemia vs other.

PATIENT Current Medications: Doxycycline 200mg bid for the past 4 days.
 Provable probiotic capsules sid.

Dutchess Walters Lab Results: CBC: RBC 1.88 (5.65-8.87) L HCT 13.7 (13.1-20.5) L HGB 1.2 (13.1-20.5) L MCHC 30.7 (32-37.9) L MPV 19.4 (8.7-13.2) H. GHP: wnl, Lytes: wnl. U/A: Free catch SPG 1.036 PH 8.0 Ket 15.

SPECIES Date of Previous IntraPet Ultrasound: No previous.
 Sedation: Not required to complete full diagnostic ultrasound.
 Stat Report: Not requested.

Canine

BREED ULTRASONOGRAPHIC EXAMINATION OF THE ABDOMEN**Pit Bull *Urinary System***

The urinary bladder is moderately distended with anechoic urine. The Bladder wall, trigone, ureteral papillae and visible urethra (to a depth of 2cm) appear normal with no evidence of wall thickening, mucosal irregularities, masses or cystic calculi.

SEX

Spayed Female

AGE

11/13/13

The left kidney has a normal shape and size (7.54 cm). Overall echogenicity is normal with adequate corticomedullary distinction and a typical 1:3 cortex:medulla ratio. There is no evidence of perinephric inflammation or effusion. There is no evidence of pyelectasia, nephroliths, infarcts or hydroureter. Renal vasculature is normal.

WEIGHT

58.6 Pounds

The right kidney has a normal shape and size (6.81 cm). Overall echogenicity is normal with adequate corticomedullary distinction and a typical 1:3 cortex:medulla ratio. There is no evidence of perinephric inflammation or effusion. There is no evidence of pyelectasia, nephroliths, infarcts or hydroureter. Renal vasculature is normal.

INTERPRETED BY

Kathleen Sennello DVM,
 MS, Diplomate ACVIM
 (Small Animal Internal
 Medicine)

Adrenal Glands

The left adrenal gland is normal in size measuring 0.63 cm at the caudal pole. It is observed in its normal position cranial to the left renal artery. It is normal in appearance (uniformly hypoechoic) and shape with no evidence of a mass effect.

IMAGING PERFORMED BY

Stephanie Pearce
 RDCS, RVT

The right adrenal gland is normal in size measuring 0.67 cm at the caudal pole. It is observed in its normal position between the cranial aspect of the right kidney and the caudal vena cava. It is normal in appearance (uniformly hypoechoic) and shape with no evidence of a mass effect.

Spleen**HOSPITAL NAME**

Fullerton AH

The spleen is subjectively normal in size, echotexture is homogenous, and the splenic capsule is smooth with no irregularities. The blood flow through the hilus and splenic parenchyma appears normal. No focal parenchymal abnormalities are visualized.

Liver**REFERRING VET**

Dr. Baker

The liver is subjectively normal in size, and echogenicity with smooth peripheral margins. The parenchyma is homogenous echotexture. The visible portions of the vasculature and biliary tract appear normal. No focal nodules or cystic lesions are observed.

INVOICE

37677

The gall bladder lumen is moderately distended. The wall of the gall bladder is not thickened and has a smooth mucosal surface. There is a mild amount of non-organized echogenic debris. The cystic and common bile ducts are normal/not visible.

Gastrointestinal

The stomach contains minimal luminal contents. It measures at a normal thickness of <0.7cm with some variability due to the presence of rugal folds. The distinction of the gastric wall layers is adequate and there is no impression of reduced peristaltic activity. No masses or focal lesions were observed.

The visualized areas of duodenum, jejunum and ileum have a relatively uniform diameter with minimal fluid distension. Wall thickness is normal. Bowel loops follow a curvilinear path with distinct wall layering maintaining the typical 1:3 muscularis:mucosa layer ratio. Jejunum wall measured 0.27 cm. Visualized peristalsis appears appropriate. There were no focal lesions consistent with obstruction or a mass effect observed.

The ileocecal junction was visualized and exhibited normal intact wall layering and is subjectively of normal thickness. Sections of colon are visualized with formed fecal material and gas shadowing distally. There is no observed focal or generalized colon wall thickening or loss of layering.

Pancreas

The pancreas is normal and isoechoic to surrounding mesentery. There is no evidence of nodules or cystic lesions. There is no evidence of regional mesenteric inflammation or fluid.

Free Abdomen

Evaluation of the peritoneal cavity did not reveal any evidence of effusion. Visible and generally normal sized mesenteric lymph nodes are visualized at 0.39 cm and 0.42 cm. The omentum is of normal echogenicity.

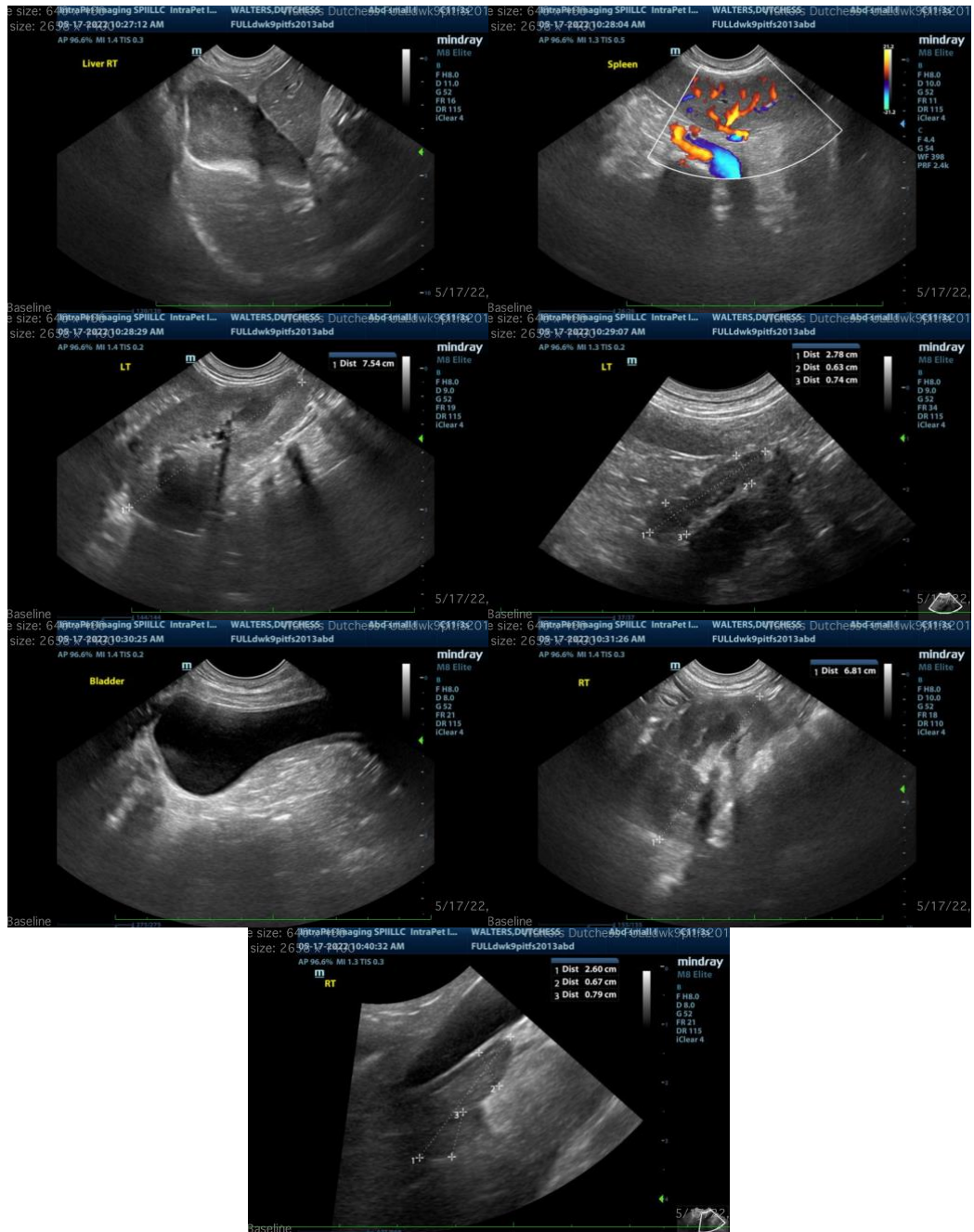
ULTRASONOGRAPHIC FINDINGS

- Mildly echogenic debris in the gallbladder – This is likely an incidental finding.

INTERPRETATION OF THE FINDINGS & FURTHER RECOMMENDATIONS

Today's ultrasound exam was largely within normal limits. No focal lesions were observed. There was minor debris visualized within the gallbladder, which is likely incidental.

- Recommend pathologist review of the CBC and reticulocyte count to look for any evidence of regeneration, atypical cells, red blood cell parasites, etc.
- Consider three view thoracic radiographs to rule out concurrent thoracic disease/involvement.
- Consider a canine comprehensive panel to NC State's infectious disease lab to look for evidence of underlying tick borne disease, babesia, etc. (there is no evidence of hemolysis, etc., but I still like to have this information prior to possible immunosuppression).
- If the anemia appears non-regenerative, I would consider a bone marrow aspirate for further evaluation.



The information and recommendations provided are based on the images presented by the referring veterinarian/sonographer. No evaluation can be communicated regarding pathology that was not visible in the image/video clips provided.

Thank you for this referral. If the clinical or image interpretation does not parallel your findings or if I can be of any further assistance please contact me.

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