



## PATIENT

Luna O'Connell

## SPECIES

Canine

## BREED

Maltese

## SEX

Spayed Female

## AGE

7 Years

## WEIGHT

13.2 lbs

## INTERPRETED BY

Kathleen Sennello DVM,  
MS, Diplomate ACVIM  
(Small Animal Internal  
Medicine)

## IMAGING PERFORMED BY

Dr. Brita Kiffney

## HOSPITAL NAME

Northshore Veterinary  
Hospital

## REFERRING VET

Dr. Brita Kiffney

## INVOICE

73618

## DATE

3/12/26

## PRESENTING CLINICAL SIGNS

Chronic intermittent v/d and inappetence, historically very responsive to HA. The last year she has had a lot of "flares" with no known dietary indiscretion - Owner is very strict w/ HA. She typically responds well to supportive care. He does not medicate her regularly. She has a chronic mostly antibiotic responsive cough, which a bronchial pattern seen on radiographs. History of microvascular dysplasia (Portal vein hypoplasia, diffuse, moderate, with lobular atrophy, lipogranulomas, mild neutrophilic infiltrates and mild hepatocellular pigment, diagnosed via bx in March 2022), recent labs and bile acids have been OK (pre prandial BA was 42.7, post prandial was 29) . cPLI has been normal. Highly suspected of IBD. We are looking to pursue either pred/budesonide or atopica after AUS. Owner declines intestinal biopsies.

Abnormal PE/Chem/CBC/UA Results: cortisol (resting ) over 2

## ULTRASONOGRAPHIC EXAMINATION OF THE ABDOMEN

### Urinary System

The urinary bladder is moderately distended with anechoic urine. The Bladder wall, trigone, ureteral papillae and visible urethra (to a depth of 2cm) appear normal with no evidence of wall thickening, mucosal irregularities, masses or cystic calculi.

The left kidney has a normal shape and size (3.35 cm). Overall echogenicity is normal with adequate corticomedullary distinction and a typical 1:3 cortex:medulla ratio. There is no evidence of focal perinephric inflammation or effusion. There is no evidence of pyelectasia, nephroliths, infarcts or hydroureter. Renal vasculature is normal.

The right kidney has a normal shape and size (4.02 cm). Overall echogenicity is normal with adequate corticomedullary distinction and a typical 1:3 cortex:medulla ratio. There is no evidence of focal perinephric inflammation or effusion. There is no evidence of pyelectasia, nephroliths, infarcts or hydroureter. Renal vasculature is normal.

### Adrenal Glands

The left adrenal gland is normal in size measuring 0.43 cm at the cranial pole and 0.47 cm at the caudal pole. It is observed in its normal position cranial to the left renal artery. It is normal in appearance (uniformly hypoechoic) and shape with no evidence of a mass effect.

The right adrenal gland is normal in size measuring 0.38 cm at the cranial pole and 0.43 cm at the caudal pole. It is observed in its normal position between the cranial aspect of the right kidney and the caudal vena cava. It is normal in appearance (uniformly hypoechoic) and shape with no evidence of a mass effect.

### Spleen

The spleen is subjectively normal in size (1.39 cm), echotexture is homogenous, and the splenic capsule is smooth with no irregularities. The blood flow through the hilus and splenic parenchyma appears normal. No focal parenchymal abnormalities are visualized.



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## Liver

The liver is large in size, and normal in echogenicity with smooth peripheral margins. The parenchyma is mildly heterogenous in echotexture with subtle, indistinct focal mottling. The visible portions of the vasculature and biliary tract appear normal. There is a hypoechoic nodule visualized in the mid right region of the liver measuring 1.06 cm x 1.28 cm.

The gall bladder lumen is moderately distended. The wall of the gall bladder is not thickened and has a smooth mucosal surface. Luminal contents are mild and likely incidental at this time. The cystic and common bile ducts are normal/not visible.

## Gastrointestinal

The stomach contains minimal luminal contents. It measures at a normal thickness of <0.7cm with some variability due to the presence of rugal folds. The distinction of the gastric wall layers is adequate and there is no impression of reduced peristaltic activity. No masses or focal lesions were observed.

The visualized areas of duodenum, jejunum and ileum have a uniform diameter with minimal fluid distension. Wall appears subjectively, mildly increased. Bowel loops follow a typical curvilinear path with distinct wall layering. Duodenum wall measures 0.45 cm. Jejunum wall measures 0.30 cm.

Visualized peristalsis appears appropriate. There were no focal lesions consistent with obstruction or a mass effect observed.

Sections of colon are visualized with formed fecal material and gas shadowing distally. There is no observed focal or generalized colon wall thickening or loss of layering. Descending colon wall measures 0.13 cm.

## Pancreas

The pancreas is normal and isoechoic to surrounding mesentery. There is no evidence of nodules or cystic lesions. There is no evidence of regional mesenteric inflammation or fluid.

## Free Abdomen

Evaluation of the peritoneal cavity did not reveal any evidence of effusion, or subjective lymphadenomegaly. The Medial iliac nodes appear normal and there was no evidence of a caudal aortic thrombus at the bifurcation. The omentum is of normal uniform echogenicity.

## ULTRASONOGRAPHIC FINDINGS

- Subjectively mildly heterogeneous liver with a poorly defined hypoechoic nodule – The nodule has the appearance most consistent with a benign lesion such as a regenerative nodule, although an early neoplastic lesion cannot be definitively ruled out.
- Mildly thickened small intestine – The mild small intestinal wall changes may be a normal variant in this patient or could be consistent with an inflammatory process (e.g., inflammatory bowel disease).

## INTERPRETATION OF THE FINDINGS & FURTHER RECOMMENDATIONS

The gastrointestinal changes visualized on today's exam are relatively mild and non-specific. No focal lesions were identified. Based on the history provided, there could be some level of mild chronic enteropathy with "flare ups" secondary to stress, diet, etc. Further evaluation could include the



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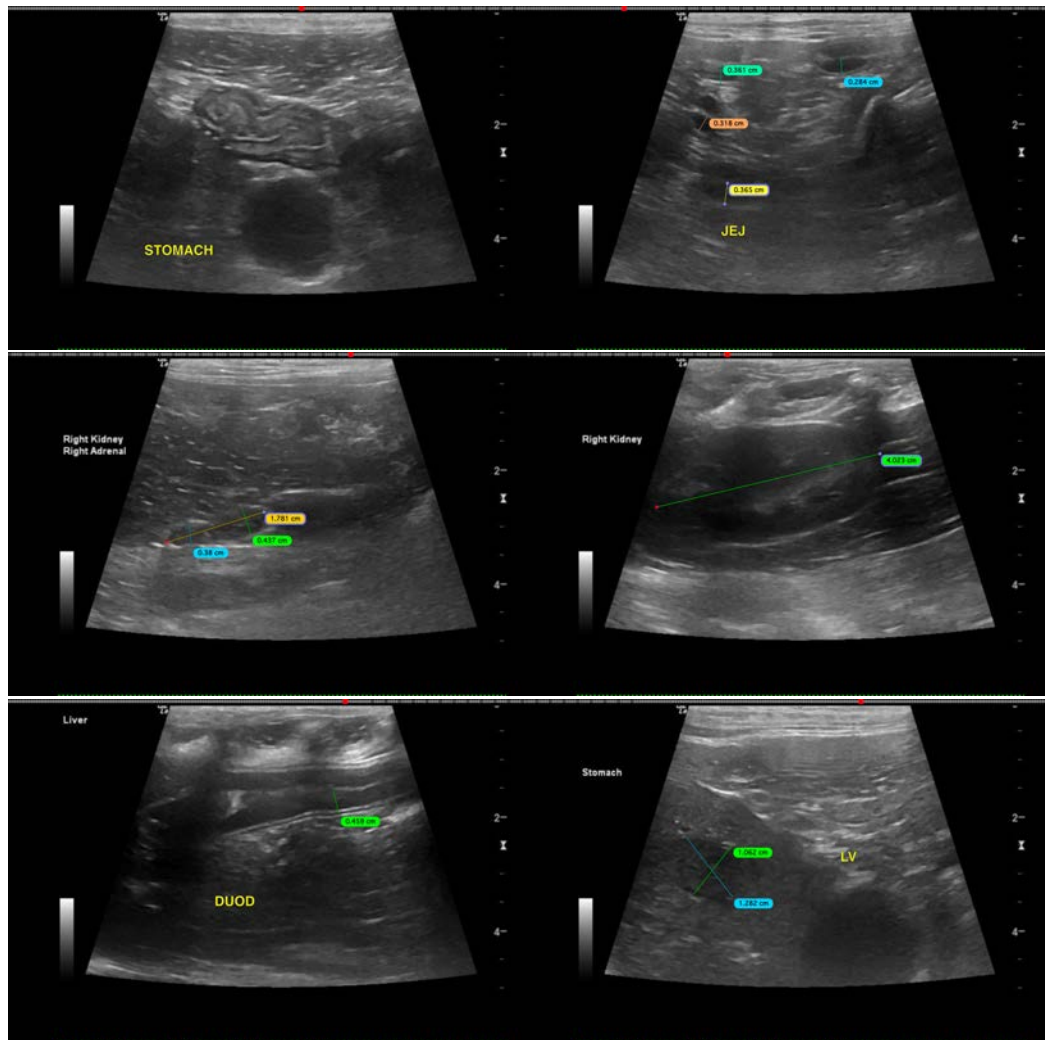
3/12/26

following:

Consider a GI panel to Texas A&M for evaluation of B12 levels, folate, PLI/TLI etc.. to further evaluate for pancreatic/small intestinal disease.

Consider chronic probiotic therapy +/- anxiety meds, etc. if this is an issue for this individual.

Ideally endoscopic biopsies would be considered to evaluate the current level of inflammation present. If empirical therapy is pursued, recommend caution with using steroids, as abnormal liver function already predisposes to gastric ulceration.





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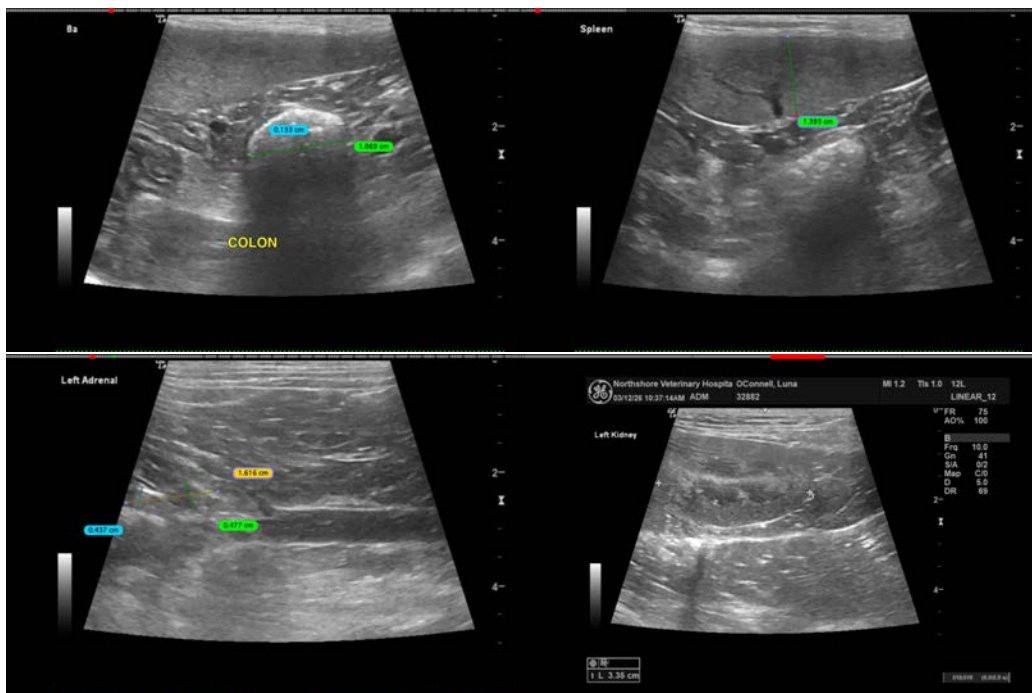
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The information and recommendations provided are based on the images presented by the referring veterinarian/sonographer. No evaluation can be communicated regarding pathology that was not visible in the image/video clips provided.

Thank you for this referral. If the clinical or image interpretation does not parallel your findings or if I can be of any further assistance please contact me.

Kathleen Sennello DVM,MS, Diplomate ACVIM (Small animal Internal Medicine)

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