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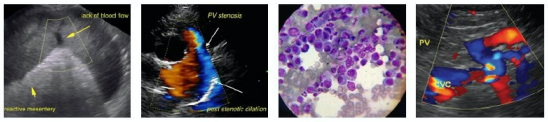

IMAGING PERFORMED BY
pawsonography@gmail.com 530-786-8340

PATIENT

Dalton Dressler

SPECIES

Canine

BREED

Lab Retriever

SEX

Neutered Male

AGE

6 Years 8 Months

WEIGHT

76 Pounds

INTERPRETED BY

Kathleen Sennello DVM, MS, Diplomate ACVIM (Small Animal Internal Medicine)

IMAGING BY

Loetitia Saint-Jacques, LVT

HOSPITAL NAME

Mountain View AH

REFERRING VET

Dr. Ashlie Brown

INVOICE

35872

DATE

2/24/22

PRESENTING CLINICAL SIGNS

Chief Concern / Provisional Diagnosis: Mast cell tumor Grade II/High Grade inner pinna of left ear. Met check. Relevant Medical History and Physical Exam findings: Dalton has had a lesion on the inner left pinna that was aspirated and inflammatory cells were seen. Non-healing after ointment. Biopsy confirmed high grade mast cell tumor. Recent Diagnostics: Relevant Labratory Results / Abnormalities: CBC was normal. No chemistry panel as this was declined per o Current medications (include full name, dosage and frequency): Started on Diphenhydramine and Famotidine, Dasuquin
Abnormal PE/Chem/CBC/UA Results: sedated medetomdidine IV

ULTRASONOGRAPHIC EXAMINATION OF THE ABDOMEN

Urinary System

The urinary bladder is moderately distended with anechoic urine. The Bladder wall, trigone, ureteral papillae and visible urethra (to a depth of 2cm) appear normal with no evidence of wall thickening, mucosal irregularities, masses or cystic calculi.

The prostate is normal in size (1.17 cm) and shape for this neutered male dog. The parenchyma is homogenous and the external margins are smooth. The prostatic urethra appears normal with no evidence of irregularity, invasion, mass effect or calculi.

The left kidney has a normal shape and size (7.09 cm). Overall echogenicity is normal with adequate corticomedullary distinction and a typical 1:3 cortex:medulla ratio. There is no evidence of perinephric inflammation or effusion. There is no evidence of pyelectasia, nephroliths, infarcts or hydroureter. Renal vasculature is normal.

The right kidney has a normal shape and size (6.66 cm). Overall echogenicity is normal with adequate corticomedullary distinction and a typical 1:3 cortex:medulla ratio. There is no evidence of perinephric inflammation or effusion. There is no evidence of pyelectasia, nephroliths, infarcts or hydroureter. Renal vasculature is normal.

Adrenal Glands

The left adrenal gland is normal in size measuring 0.73 cm at the caudal pole. It is observed in its normal position cranial to the left renal artery. It is normal in appearance (uniformly hypoechoic) and shape with no evidence of a mass effect.

The right adrenal gland is normal in size measuring 0.79 cm at the caudal pole. It is observed in its normal position between the cranial aspect of the right kidney and the caudal vena cava. It is normal in appearance (uniformly hypoechoic) and shape with no evidence of a mass effect.

Spleen

The spleen is subjectively normal in size, echotexture is homogenous, and the splenic capsule is smooth with no irregularities. The blood flow through the hilus and splenic parenchyma appears normal. No focal parenchymal abnormalities are visualized.

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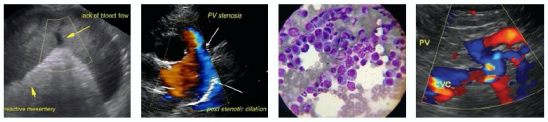

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Liver

The liver is subjectively normal in size and hypoechoic with smooth peripheral margins. The parenchyma is heterogenous in echotexture with subtle, indistinct focal mottling. The visible portions of the vasculature and biliary tract appear normal. No focal nodules or cystic lesions are observed.

The gallbladder lumen is moderately distended. The wall of the gall bladder is not thickened and has a smooth mucosal surface. Luminal contents are primarily anechoic. The cystic and common bile ducts are normal/not visible.

Gastrointestinal

The stomach contains minimal luminal contents. It measures at a normal thickness of <0.7cm with some variability due to the presence of rugal folds. The distinction of the gastric wall layers is adequate and there is no impression of reduced peristaltic activity. No masses or focal lesions were observed.

The visualized areas of duodenum, jejunum and ileum have a relatively uniform diameter with minimal fluid distension. Wall thickness is normal. Bowel loops follow a curvilinear path with distinct wall layering maintaining the typical 1:3 muscularis:mucosa layer ratio. The duodenum measured as normal (between 0.3-0.5cm in wall thickness) and the jejunum measured as normal (between 0.2-0.47cm.) Visualized peristalsis appears appropriate. There were no focal lesions consistent with obstruction or a mass effect observed.

The ileocecal junction was visualized and exhibited normal intact wall layering and is subjectively of normal thickness. Sections of colon are visualized with formed fecal material and gas shadowing distally. There is no observed focal or generalized colon wall thickening or loss of layering.

Pancreas

The pancreas is normal and isoechoic to surrounding mesentery. There is no evidence of nodules or cystic lesions. There is no evidence of regional mesenteric inflammation or fluid.

Free Abdomen

Evaluation of the peritoneal cavity did not reveal any evidence of effusion. There are prominent (but not enlarged) mesenteric lymph nodes visualized, one measuring 0.45 cm. The left sublumbar lymph node is visualized at .96 cm, and the right at 0.58 cm. These could be within normal limits but the left lymph node is prominent. The omentum is of normal echogenicity.

ULTRASONOGRAPHIC FINDINGS

- Heterogeneous, hypoechoic liver – The diffuse hepatic changes are non-specific and could be consistent with vacuolar hepatopathy, nodular hyperplasia, inflammatory/immune-mediated disease, fibrosis, extramedullary hematopoiesis, toxic hepatopathy (e.g., copper), infiltrative neoplasia (less likely) or other hepatopathy.

- Mildly prominent sublumbar lymph nodes – I suspect these are within normal limits, but recommend continued monitoring.

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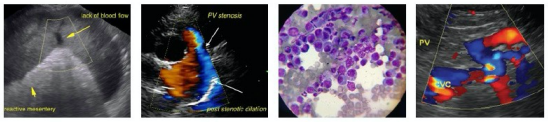

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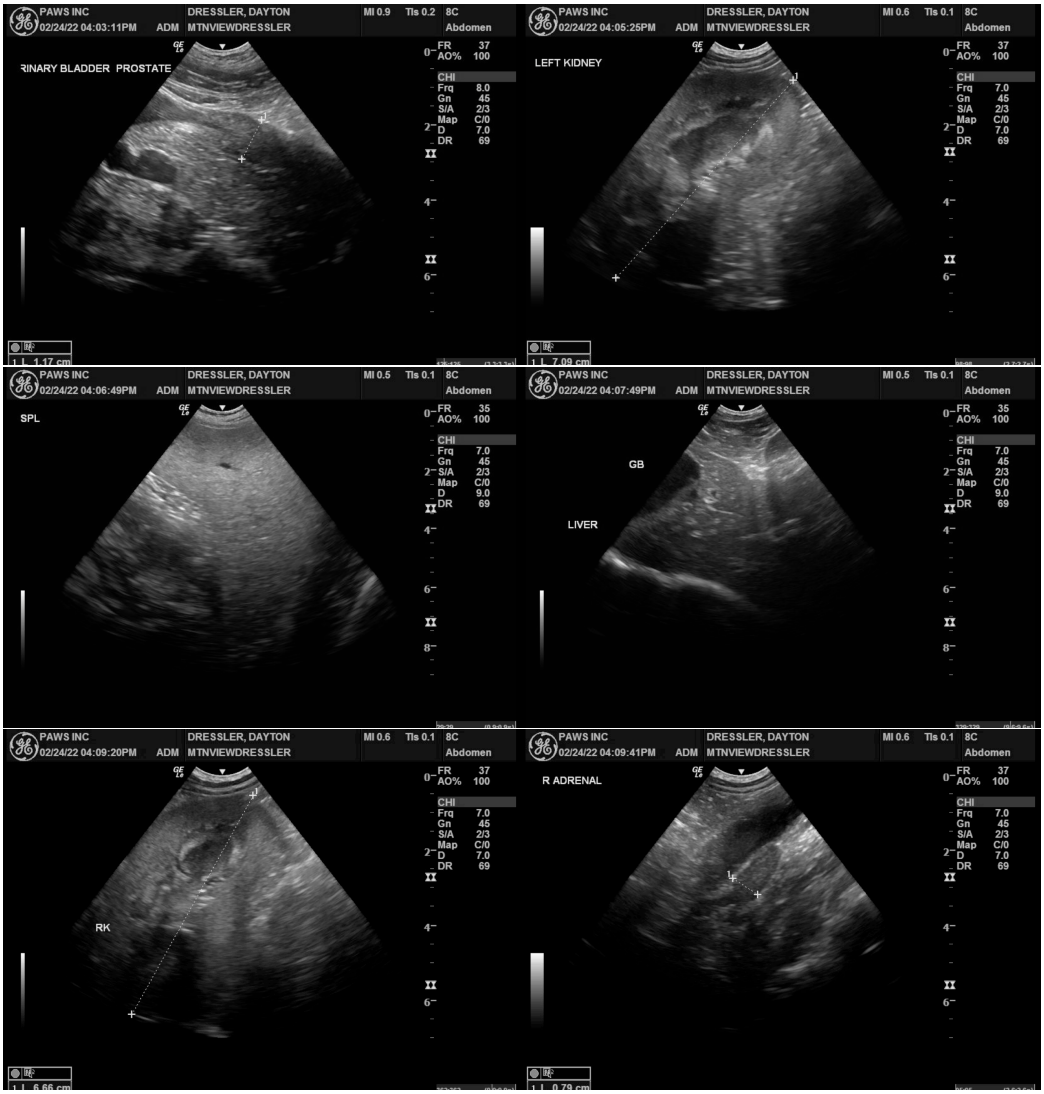
INTERPRETATION OF THE FINDINGS & FURTHER RECOMMENDATIONS

The changes observed on today's scan were relatively mild and subjective. The liver appears somewhat heterogeneous and hypoechoic. Correlate this with current bloodwork results and liver function testing. If there is no evidence of liver enzyme elevations, this is less likely to a big concern. Fine needle aspirate of the liver could be considered.

The sublumbar lymph nodes are of normal echogenicity and shape. The left is mildly pronounced. Recommend a digital rectal exam to rule out any mass lesions etc.. that could be draining to these lymph nodes. I suspect this is a normal finding, but continued monitoring is warranted.



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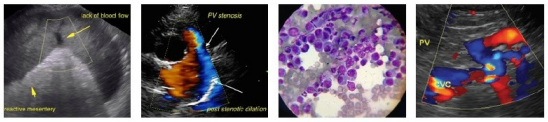

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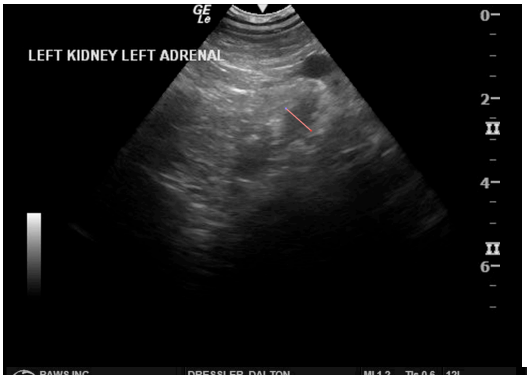

The information and recommendations provided are based on the images presented by the referring veterinarian/sonographer. No evaluation can be communicated regarding pathology that was not visible in the image/video clips provided.

Thank you for this referral. If the clinical or image interpretation does not parallel your findings or if I can be of any further assistance please contact me.

Kathleen Sennello DVM,MS, Diplomate ACVIM (Small animal Internal Medicine)
kathleen.sennello@sonopath.com