**PATIENT**

Jaspurr Smith

SPECIES

Feline

BREED

DSH

SEX

Neutered Male

AGE

13 Years

WEIGHT

10.1 Pounds

INTERPRETED BYKathleen Sennello DVM,
MS, Diplomate ACVIM
(Small Animal Internal
Medicine)**IMAGING
PERFORMED BY**

Amy Mayhew, LVT

HOSPITAL NAME

SVS Imaging Michigan

REFERRING VET

Cat Care of Rochester

INVOICE

35584

DATE

2/10/22

PRESENTING CLINICAL SIGNS

Chronic soft stools and vomiting (~6 month period)

Abnormal PE/Chem/CBC/UA Results: Full bw done on 12-7-21, nsf Lateral abdominal radiograph attached.

ULTRASONOGRAPHIC EXAMINATION OF THE ABDOMEN**Urinary System**

The urinary bladder is moderately distended with mild primarily suspended echogenic debris present. The Bladder wall, trigone, ureteral papillae and visible urethra (to a depth of 2cm) appear normal with no evidence of wall thickening, mucosal irregularities, masses or calculi. Echogenic debris of this type can be associated with small crystals, cellular debris and proteinaceous debris.

The left kidney has a normal shape and size (3.68 cm). Overall echogenicity is normal with adequate corticomedullary distinction and a typical 1:3 cortex:medulla ratio. There is no evidence of perinephric inflammation or effusion. There is no evidence of pyelectasia, nephroliths, infarcts or hydroureter. Renal vasculature is normal.

The right kidney has a normal shape and size (4.11 cm). Overall echogenicity is normal with adequate corticomedullary distinction and a typical 1:3 cortex:medulla ratio. There is no evidence of perinephric inflammation or effusion. There is no evidence of pyelectasia, nephroliths, infarcts or hydroureter. Renal vasculature is normal.

Adrenal Glands

The left adrenal gland is normal in size measuring 0.24 cm at the caudal pole. It is observed in its normal position cranial to the left renal artery. It is normal in appearance (uniformly hypoechoic) and shape with no evidence of a mass effect.

The right adrenal gland is normal in size measuring 0.25 cm at the caudal pole. It is observed in its normal position between the cranial aspect of the right kidney and the caudal vena cava. It is normal in appearance (uniformly hypoechoic) and shape with no evidence of a mass effect.

Spleen

The spleen is subjectively normal in size, echotexture is homogenous, and the splenic capsule is smooth with no irregularities. The blood flow through the hilus and splenic parenchyma appears normal. No focal parenchymal abnormalities are visualized.

Liver

The liver is subjectively normal in size, and echogenicity with smooth peripheral margins. The parenchyma is homogenous echotexture. The visible portions of the vasculature and biliary tract appear normal. No focal nodules or cystic lesions are observed.

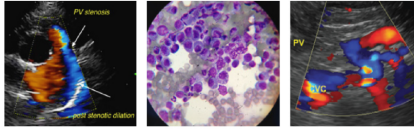
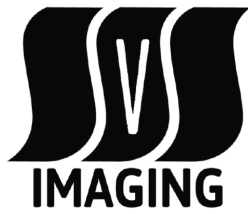
The gallbladder lumen is moderately distended. The wall of the gall bladder is not thickened and has a smooth mucosal surface. Luminal contents are primarily anechoic. The proximal bile duct is prominent, measuring 0.42 cm. There is no evidence of distal obstruction or dilation observed.

Gastrointestinal

The stomach contains minimal luminal contents. It measures at a normal thickness of <0.36cm with some variability due to the presence of rugal folds. The distinction of the gastric wall layers is adequate and there is no impression of reduced peristaltic activity. No masses or focal lesions were observed.

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The visualized areas of duodenum, jejunum and ileum have a uniform diameter with minimal fluid distension. Wall thickness is normal to slightly increased. Bowel loops follow a typical curvilinear path with distinct wall layering, but some areas display a prominent muscularis layer which does not display the typical 1:3 muscularis:mucosa layer ratio. Duodenum wall measured 0.27 cm. Jejunum wall measures 0.22, 0.28 cm. Visualized peristalsis appears appropriate. There were no focal lesions consistent with obstruction or a mass effect observed.

The ileocecal junction was visualized and exhibited normal intact wall layering and is subjectively of normal thickness. Sections of colon are visualized with formed fecal material and gas shadowing distally. There is no observed focal or generalized colon wall thickening or loss of layering.

Pancreas

The pancreas is prominent and hypoechoic as compared to the surrounding isoechoic mesentery. The parenchyma is irregular and borderline diffusely nodular. There is minimal evidence of regional mesenteric inflammation or fluid.

Free Abdomen

Evaluation of the peritoneal cavity did not reveal any evidence of effusion. There is a large cluster of prominent/enlarged mesenteric lymph nodes, with lymph nodes measuring 0.3, 0.54, 0.59, 0.5 cm. These appear to be in the area of the ileocecal junction. The omentum around the clusters of lymph nodes is hyperechoic.

ULTRASONOGRAPHIC FINDINGS

- Hypoechoic, prominent/nodular pancreas – The pancreatic changes are most consistent with mild pancreatitis or a recent episode of pancreatic inflammation. These changes are most consistent with pancreatic nodular hyperplasia, but underlying neoplastic change cannot be excluded as a possibility.
- Echogenic debris in the urinary bladder – The echogenic debris in the bladder lumen could be consistent with cells, crystals, and/or mucus.
- Subjectively diffusely thickened small intestine with prominent muscularis layer – The bowel wall thickening could be consistent with inflammation, edema, or infiltrative neoplasia.
- Clusters of enlarged mesenteric lymph nodes visualized – The moderate mesenteric lymphadenopathy is concerning for a neoplastic process, although you can see significant lymphadenopathy in some cases of autoimmune/inflammatory disease, infectious disease (tick born disease-such as bartonella, fungal infections, FIP (cats)) etc. A fine needle aspirate with cytology is recommended for further evaluation.

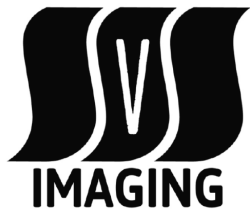
INTERPRETATION OF THE FINDINGS & FURTHER RECOMMENDATIONS

The combination of the prominent, thickened small intestine with prominent mesenteric lymph nodes and associated inflammation is consistent with either severe intestinal inflammation or an underlying neoplastic process.

- Consider a fine needle aspirate of a mesenteric lymph node.
- Recommend GI panel to Texas A&M for a qualitative fPLI, TLI, cobalamin and folate to further evaluate the pancreas and small intestine.
- You could consider a fine needle aspirate of the pancreas, or continued monitoring.
- Recommend a novel protein/hydrolyzed protein prescription diet.

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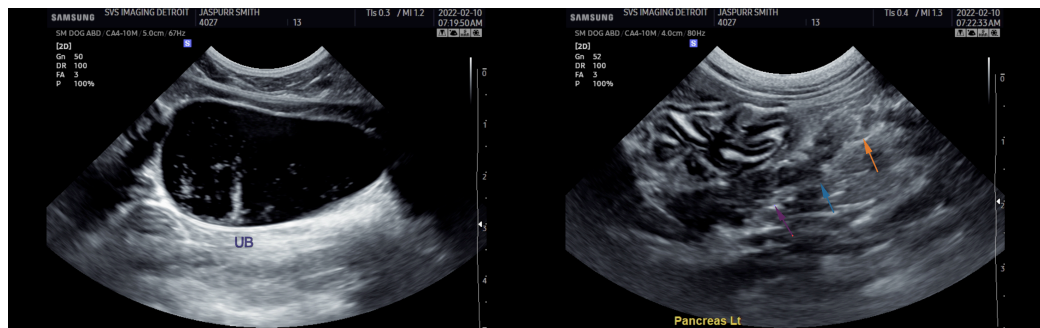
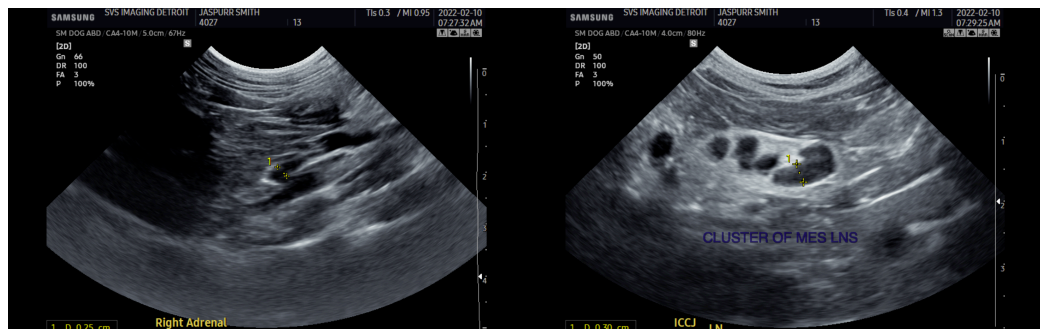
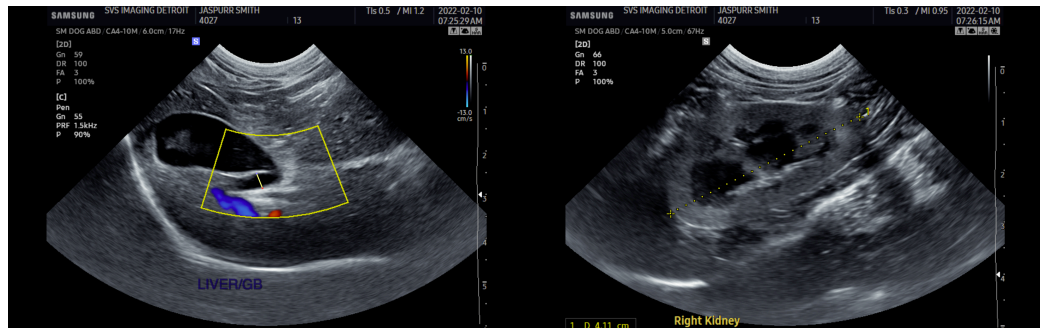
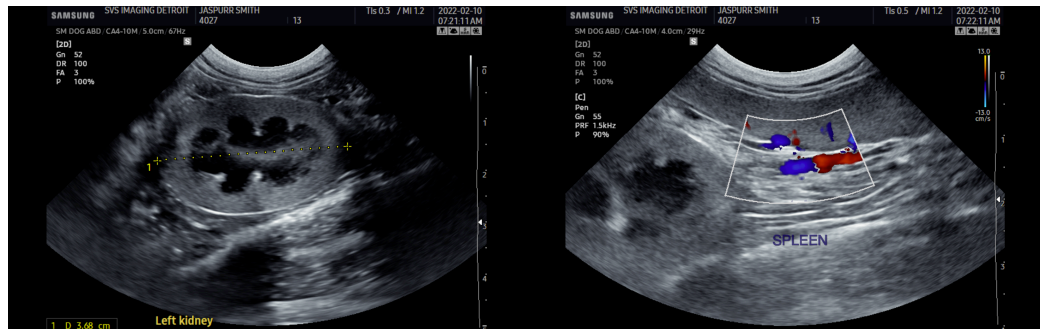
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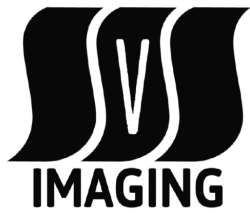
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- Recommend probiotic therapy if not already started.
- If a diagnosis cannot be obtained based on cytology, consider obtaining GI biopsies.
- Recommend 3-view thoracic radiographs to evaluate for concurrent intrathoracic disease.
- Recommend urinalysis and culture to further evaluate the echogenic debris in the urinary bladder.



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Clinical Sonography & Telectology

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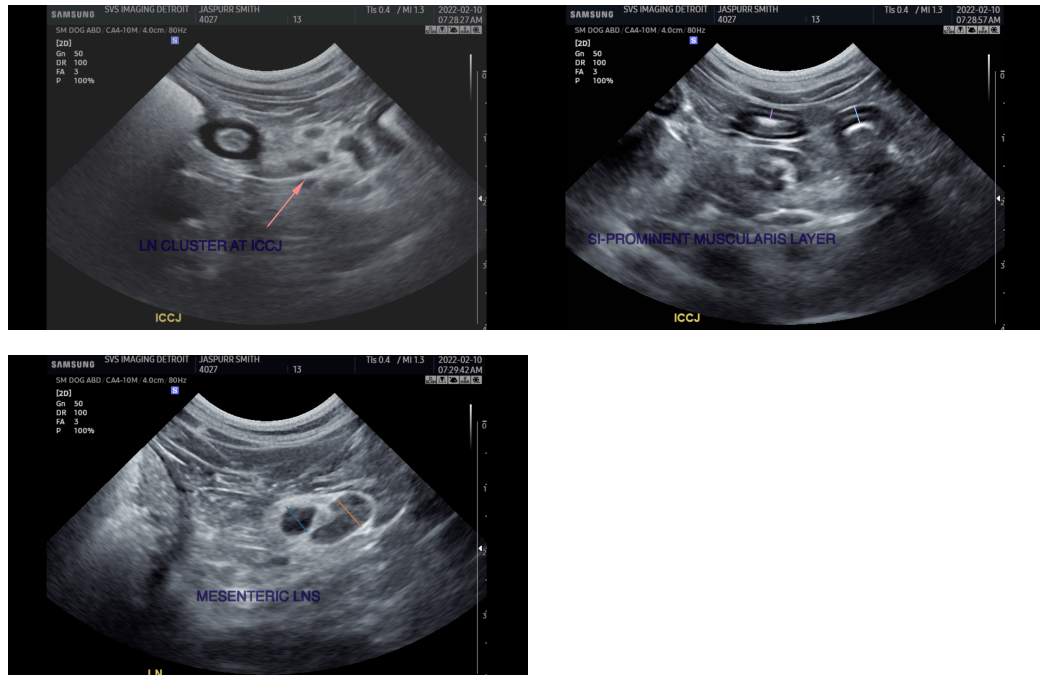
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The information and recommendations provided are based on the images presented by the referring veterinarian/sonographer. No evaluation can be communicated regarding pathology that was not visible in the image/video clips provided.

Thank you for this referral. If the clinical or image interpretation does not parallel your findings or if I can be of any further assistance please contact me.

Kathleen Sennello DVM,MS, Diplomate ACVIM (Small animal Internal Medicine)

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