



**PATIENT**

Saphira Thomas

**SPECIES**

Feline

**BREED**

DSH

**SEX**

FS

**AGE**

4 years

**WEIGHT**

12.2 lbs

**INTERPRETED BY**

Kathleen Sennello DVM,  
MS, Diplomate ACVIM  
(Small Animal Internal  
Medicine)

**IMAGING PERFORMED BY**

Pamela Harrigan, RDCS,  
Certified Veterinary  
Sonographer

**HOSPITAL NAME**

Norfolk County  
Veterinary Service

**REFERRING VET**

Dr. Emily McCabe

**INVOICE**

10754

**DATE**

11/13/2025

**PRESENTING CLINICAL SIGNS**

Acute vomiting x 3 days. 2 weeks inappropriate urination. Does eat tape/stickers. Unremarkable PE. CBC/Chem WNL. spec and UA pending. On radiographs the small intestines looked abnormal with variable wall thickness and gas.

**ULTRASONOGRAPHIC EXAMINATION OF THE ABDOMEN**

**Urinary System**

The urinary bladder is moderately distended with mild primarily suspended echogenic debris present. The Bladder wall, trigone, ureteral papillae and visible urethra (to a depth of 2cm) appear normal with no evidence of wall thickening, mucosal irregularities, masses or calculi. Echogenic debris of this type can be associated with small crystals, cellular debris and proteinaceous debris.

The left kidney is normal in size (3.95 cm), and slightly irregular in shape. Overall echogenicity is normal with adequate corticomedullary distinction and a typical 1:3 cortex:medulla ratio. There is no evidence of focal perinephric inflammation or effusion. There is no evidence of pyelectasia, nephroliths, infarcts or hydroureter. Renal vasculature is normal.

The right kidney is normal in size (4.16 cm), and slightly irregular in shape. Overall echogenicity is normal with adequate corticomedullary distinction and a typical 1:3 cortex:medulla ratio. There is no evidence of focal perinephric inflammation or effusion. There is no evidence of pyelectasia, nephroliths, infarcts or hydroureter. Renal vasculature is normal.

**Adrenal Glands**

The left adrenal gland is normal in size measuring 0.27 cm at the caudal pole. It is observed in its normal position cranial to the left renal artery. It is normal in appearance (uniformly hypoechoic) and shape with no evidence of a mass effect.

The right adrenal gland is normal in size measuring 0.28 cm at the caudal pole. It is observed in its normal position between the cranial aspect of the right kidney and the caudal vena cava. It is normal in appearance (uniformly hypoechoic) and shape with no evidence of a mass effect.

**Spleen**

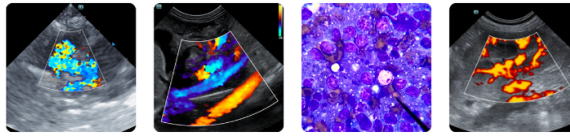
The spleen is subjectively normal in size (0.88 cm), echotexture is homogenous, and the splenic capsule is smooth with no irregularities. The blood flow through the hilus and splenic parenchyma appears normal. No focal parenchymal abnormalities are visualized.

**Liver**

The liver is subjectively normal in size, and echogenicity with smooth peripheral margins. The parenchyma is homogenous echotexture. The visible portions of the vasculature and biliary tract appear normal. No focal nodules or cystic lesions are observed.

The gall bladder lumen is moderately distended. The wall of the gall bladder is not thickened and has a smooth mucosal surface. Luminal contents are mild and likely incidental at this time. The cystic and common bile ducts are normal/not visible.

**Gastrointestinal**



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Much of the stomach appears normal. In a sagittal view the gastric wall appears prominent and mildly thickened, measuring at 0.73 cm with intact wall layering and some surrounding inflammation. The distinction of the gastric wall layers is adequate and there is no impression of reduced peristaltic activity. No masses or focal lesions were observed.

The visualized areas of duodenum, jejunum and ileum have a relatively uniform diameter with minimal fluid distension. Wall thickness is normal. Bowel loops follow a curvilinear path with distinct wall layering maintaining the typical 1:3 muscularis:mucosa layer ratio. The duodenum measured as normal (0.19 cm in wall thickness) and the jejunum measured as normal (0.23 cm.) Visualized peristalsis appears appropriate. There were no focal lesions consistent with obstruction or a mass effect observed.

The ileocecal junction was visualized and exhibited normal intact wall layering and is subjectively of normal thickness. Sections of colon are visualized with formed fecal material and gas shadowing distally. There is no observed focal or generalized colon wall thickening or loss of layering.

**Pancreas**

The pancreas is prominent and hypoechoic in the right cranial abdomen. There is no evidence of nodules or cystic lesions. There is no evidence of regional mesenteric inflammation or fluid.

**Free Abdomen**

Evaluation of the peritoneal cavity did not reveal any evidence of effusion, or subjective lymphadenomegaly. The Medial iliac nodes appear normal and there was no evidence of a caudal aortic thrombus at the bifurcation. The omentum is slightly hyperechoic in the region of the right cranial abdomen/PD junction.

**ULTRASONOGRAPHIC FINDINGS**

- Mild suspended echogenic debris in the urinary bladder. The echogenic debris in the bladder lumen could be consistent with cells, crystals, and/or mucus. Recommend urinalysis and culture.
- Prominent body of the pancreas with mild surrounding inflammation. Findings are most consistent with mild pancreatitis.
- Mildly thickened gastric wall with intact wall layering. The stomach wall thickening could be consistent with inflammation, edema, infiltrative neoplasia, imaging artifact due to rugal folds, other.

**INTERPRETATION OF THE FINDINGS & FURTHER RECOMMENDATIONS**

The gastric wall appears mildly thickened and there is some reactive mesentery in the right cranial abdomen, in the region of the right limb of the pancreas, concerning for possible pancreatitis and inflammation and/or gastritis. Recommend empirical treatment for pancreatitis/gastroenteritis, and close continued monitoring. If symptoms are persistent, consider reevaluation looking for improvement or progression.

No evidence of an obstructive pattern is visualized. This does not rule out ingested foreign material but makes it less likely at this time.



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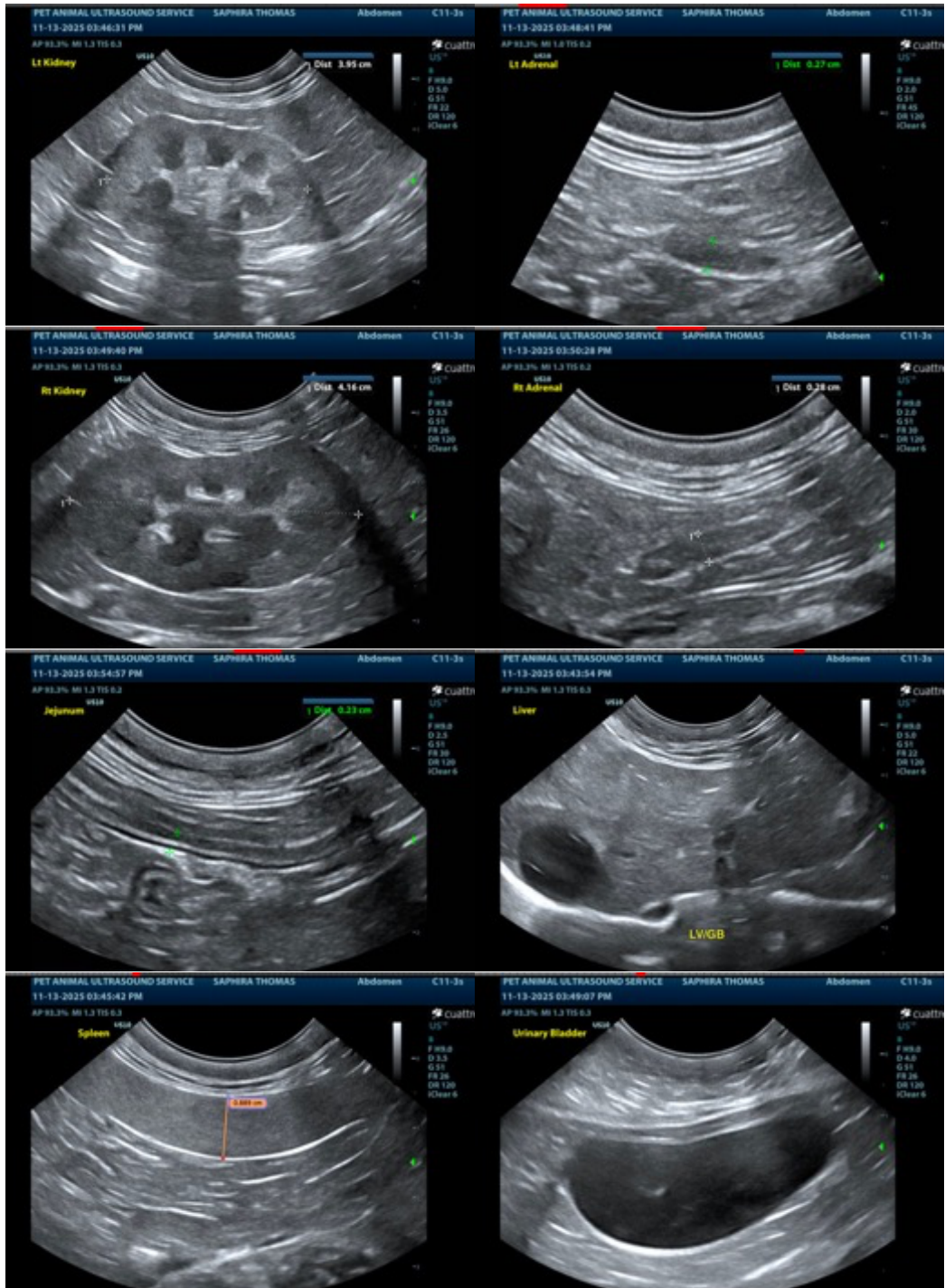
Dr. Emily McCabe

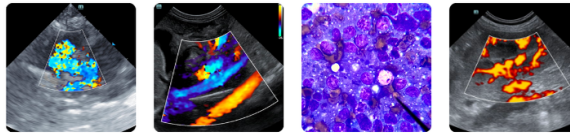
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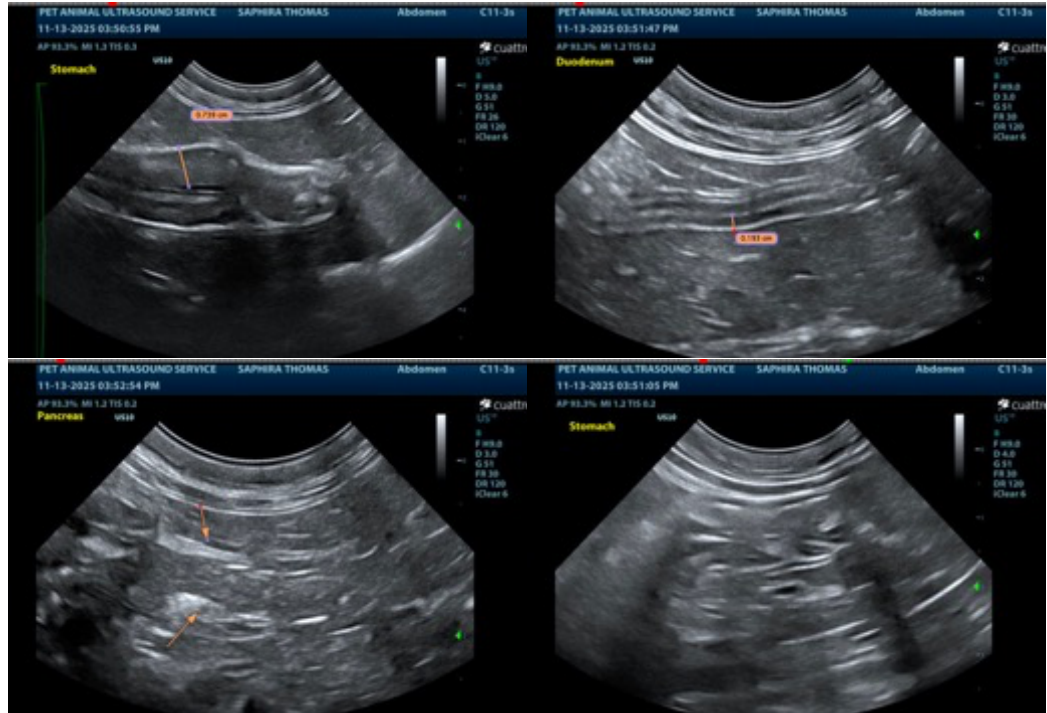
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The information and recommendations provided are based on the images presented by the referring veterinarian/sonographer. No evaluation can be communicated regarding pathology that was not visible in the image/video clips provided.

Thank you for this referral. If the clinical or image interpretation does not parallel your findings or if I can be of any further assistance please contact me.

Kathleen Sennello DVM,MS, Diplomate ACVIM (Small animal Internal Medicine)

info@sonopath.com