



**PATIENT**

Mitzi St. Pierre

**SPECIES**

Feline

**BREED**

DSH

**SEX**

Spayed Female

**AGE**

3 Years

**WEIGHT**

10.04 lbs

**INTERPRETED BY**

Kathleen Sennello DVM,  
MS, Diplomate ACVIM  
(Small Animal Internal  
Medicine)

**IMAGING PERFORMED BY**

Yvonna Aranda

**HOSPITAL NAME**

Animal Care Center

**REFERRING VET**

Dr. Harbord

**INVOICE**

71782

**DATE**

11/13/25

**PRESENTING CLINICAL SIGNS**

Clinical Exam Findings: PRIOR HX: 11/4/25: V, appetite normal. V immediately after eating. Rads: +/- material in colon // RXd SQF and Cerenia injection 11/5/25: Decreased appetite. yowling. no V. Repeat Rads: progressive material in stomach/small intestine (food vs foreign material) // RXd SQF. -- after appointment ate small amount 11/6/25: no V/D, decreased appetite again // RXd SQF, Mirtaz. ointment, Buprenorphine 11/7/25: ate small amount of food. no V 11/8 - 11/9: ate small amount over weekend. no V/D. hard stool noted at home and seemed more comfortable after 11/11/25: V again, appetite decreased again. newly noted lethargy Vomiting - gastroenteritis, IBD, GI FB, toxicity, endoparasitism, open.

Abnormal PE/Chem/CBC/UA Results: ABNORMAL Labwork Values 11/4/25: RBC 136., HCT 53.5%, HGB 16.4, PLT 145, Phos 2.9, GGT 5 Current Medications none

**ULTRASONOGRAPHIC EXAMINATION OF THE ABDOMEN**

**Urinary System**

The urinary bladder is moderately distended with anechoic urine. The Bladder wall, trigone, ureteral papillae and visible urethra (to a depth of 2cm) appear normal with no evidence of wall thickening, mucosal irregularities, masses or cystic calculi.

The left kidney has a normal shape and size (3.54 cm). Overall echogenicity is normal with adequate corticomedullary distinction and a typical 1:3 cortex:medulla ratio. There is no evidence of focal perinephric inflammation or effusion. There is no evidence of pyelectasia, nephroliths, infarcts or hydroureter. Renal vasculature is normal.

The right kidney has a normal shape and size (3.43 cm). Overall echogenicity is normal with adequate corticomedullary distinction and a typical 1:3 cortex:medulla ratio. There is no evidence of focal perinephric inflammation or effusion. There is no evidence of pyelectasia, nephroliths, infarcts or hydroureter. Renal vasculature is normal.

**Adrenal Glands**

The left adrenal gland is normal in size measuring 0.51 cm at the caudal pole. It is observed in its normal position cranial to the left renal artery. It is normal in appearance (uniformly hypoechoic) and shape with no evidence of a mass effect.

The right adrenal gland is normal in size measuring 0.38 cm at the caudal pole. It is observed in its normal position between the cranial aspect of the right kidney and the caudal vena cava. It is normal in appearance (uniformly hypoechoic) and shape with no evidence of a mass effect.

**Spleen**

The spleen is subjectively normal in size (0.64 cm), echotexture is homogenous, and the splenic capsule is smooth with no irregularities. The blood flow through the hilus and splenic parenchyma appears normal. No focal parenchymal abnormalities are visualized.

**Liver**



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The liver is subjectively normal in size, and echogenicity with smooth peripheral margins. The parenchyma is homogenous echotexture. The visible portions of the vasculature and biliary tract appear normal. No focal nodules or cystic lesions are observed.

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The gall bladder lumen is moderately distended. The wall of the gall bladder is not thickened and has a smooth mucosal surface. Luminal contents are mild and likely incidental at this time. The cystic and common bile ducts are normal/not visible.

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***Gastrointestinal***

The stomach contains mild fluid and gas. It measures at a normal thickness of <0.36cm with some variability due to the presence of rugal folds. The distinction of the gastric wall layers is adequate and there is no impression of reduced peristaltic activity. No masses or focal lesions were observed.

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The visualized areas of duodenum, jejunum and ileum have a uniform diameter with minimal fluid distension. Wall thickness is normal to slightly increased. Bowel loops follow a typical curvilinear path with distinct wall layering, but some areas display a prominent muscularis layer which does not display the typical 1:3 muscularis:mucosa layer ratio. Jejunum wall measures 0.25 cm. The proximal duodenum wall measures at 0.28 cm. Visualized peristalsis appears appropriate. Some areas of the small intestine appear somewhat “ropey” with a prominent muscularis layer.

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Sections of colon are visualized with formed fecal material and gas shadowing distally. There is no observed focal or generalized colon wall thickening or loss of layering.

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***Pancreas***

The area of the pancreas is normal and isoechoic to surrounding mesentery. There is no evidence of nodules or cystic lesions. There is no evidence of regional mesenteric inflammation or fluid.

***Free Abdomen***

Evaluation of the peritoneal cavity did not reveal any evidence of effusion, or subjective lymphadenomegaly. The Medial iliac nodes appear normal and there was no evidence of a caudal aortic thrombus at the bifurcation. The omentum is of normal uniform echogenicity.

**IMAGING PERFORMED BY**

Yvonna Aranda

**ULTRASONOGRAPHIC FINDINGS**

- Prominent/ “ropey” small intestine with some areas exhibiting a prominent muscularis layer – The small intestinal wall changes are most consistent with an inflammatory process (i.e., inflammatory bowel disease) with a low possibility of emerging lymphoma.

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**INTERPRETATION OF THE FINDINGS & FURTHER RECOMMENDATIONS**

The changes observed on today’s scan are relatively mild. There is a small amount of gas and fluid in the stomach, but no definitive obstruction or focal lesions are visualized. Some areas of small intestine appear slightly “ropey” with a prominent muscularis layer, which could be consistent with a mild inflammatory type change (IBD, food allergy, etc.). Early neoplastic change is possible but seems less likely. Consider the following:

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- Consider a novel protein/hydrolyzed protein diet (exclusively at least 4-6 weeks)



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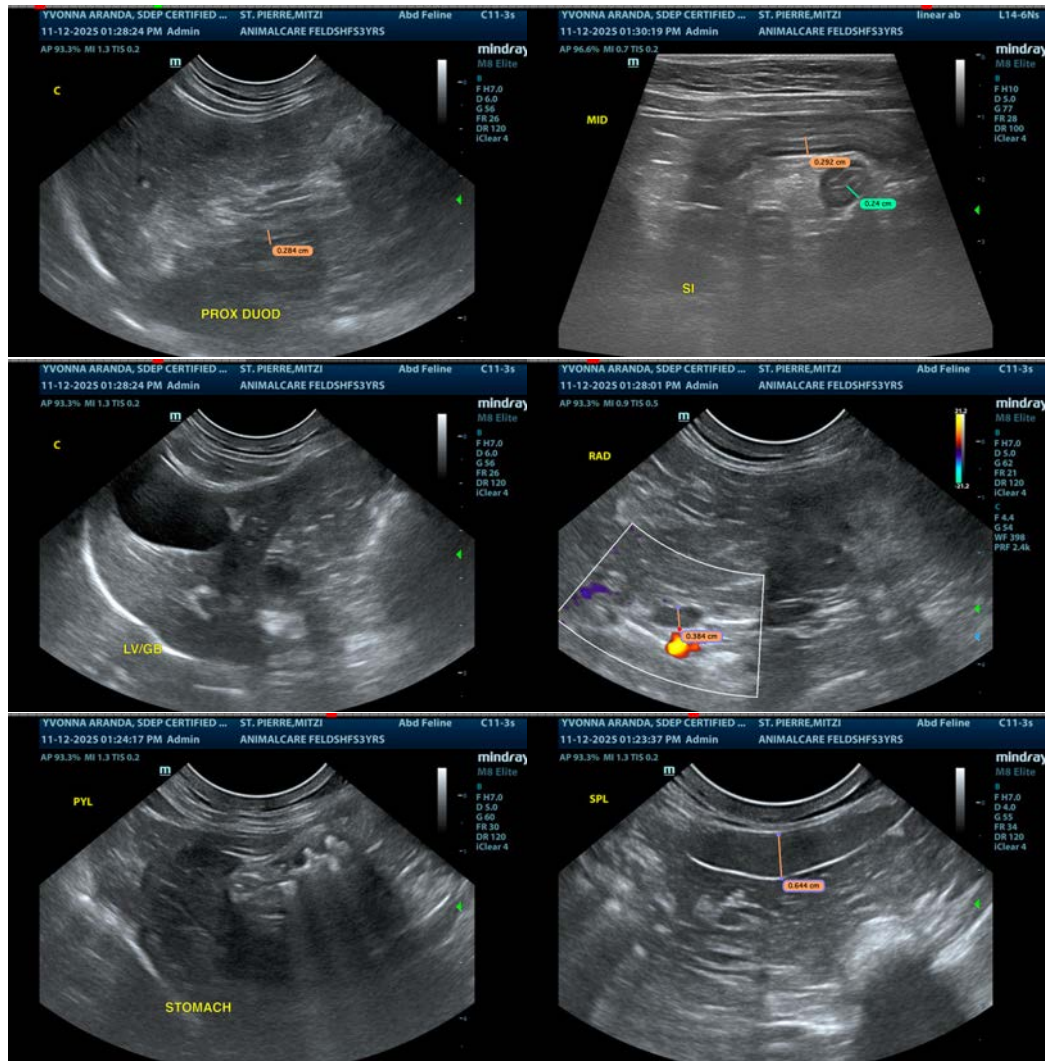
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- Consider a GI panel to Texas A&M for evaluation of B12 levels, folate, PLI/TLI etc.. to further evaluate for pancreatic/small intestinal disease.
- Recommend chronic probiotic therapy.
- Recommend parasite screening and empirical deworming.

Correlate findings with radiographs. If symptoms are persistent, consider upper GI endoscopy to further evaluate for any small foreign material in the stomach and to obtain biopsies of the proximal GI tract.





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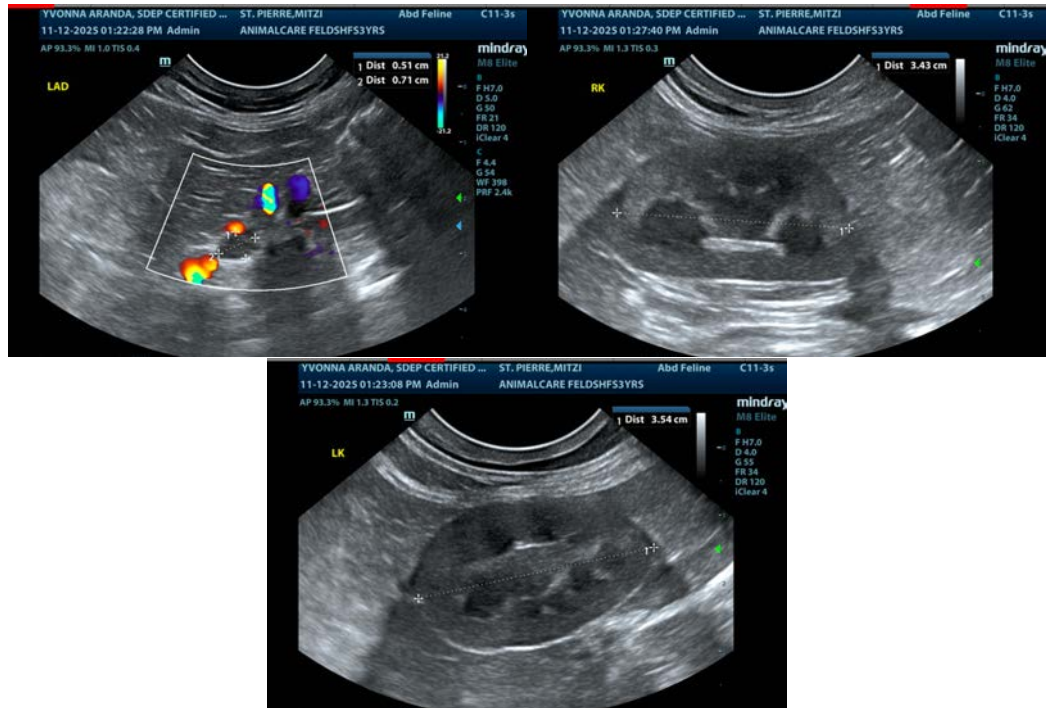
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The information and recommendations provided are based on the images presented by the referring veterinarian/sonographer. No evaluation can be communicated regarding pathology that was not visible in the image/video clips provided.

Thank you for this referral. If the clinical or image interpretation does not parallel your findings or if I can be of any further assistance please contact me.

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