

**PATIENT**

Milo Chinae

SPECIES

Feline

BREED

Domestic Shorthair

SEX

Neutered Male

AGE

10 Years

WEIGHT

7 lbs

INTERPRETED BY

Kathleen Sennello DVM,
MS, Diplomate ACVIM
(Small Animal Internal
Medicine)

**IMAGING
PERFORMED BY**

Gabriel Ferrer, DVM

HOSPITAL NAME

Pulse: Pet Ultrasound

REFERRING VET

Dr. Mayra Fonseca

INVOICE

72367

DATE

1/22/26

PRESENTING CLINICAL SIGNS

Presented for chronic vomiting. Pt has been vomiting regularly daily for over 1 yr. Weight loss, no diarrhea or lethargy. Decreased appetite. Recently given panacur.

Abnormal PE/Chem/CBC/UA Results: FIV/FELV/HW: negative all CBC and CHEM attached

ULTRASONOGRAPHIC EXAMINATION OF THE ABDOMEN**Urinary System**

The urinary bladder is moderately distended with mild primarily suspended echogenic debris present. The Bladder wall, trigone, ureteral papillae and visible urethra (to a depth of 2cm) appear normal with no evidence of wall thickening, mucosal irregularities, masses or calculi. Echogenic debris of this type can be associated with small crystals, cellular debris and proteinaceous debris.

The left kidney has a normal shape and size (3.46 cm). Overall echogenicity is normal with adequate corticomedullary distinction and a typical 1:3 cortex:medulla ratio. There is no evidence of focal perinephric inflammation or effusion. There is no evidence of pyelectasia, nephroliths, infarcts or hydroureter. Renal vasculature is normal.

The right kidney has a normal shape and size (3.72 cm). Overall echogenicity is normal with adequate corticomedullary distinction and a typical 1:3 cortex:medulla ratio. There is no evidence of focal perinephric inflammation or effusion. There is no evidence of pyelectasia, nephroliths, infarcts or hydroureter. Renal vasculature is normal.

Adrenal Glands

The left adrenal gland is normal in size measuring 0.36 cm at the caudal pole. It is observed in its normal position cranial to the left renal artery. It is normal in appearance (uniformly hypoechoic) and shape with no evidence of a mass effect.

The right adrenal gland is normal in size measuring 0.30 cm at the caudal pole. It is observed in its normal position between the cranial aspect of the right kidney and the caudal vena cava. It is normal in appearance (uniformly hypoechoic) and shape with no evidence of a mass effect.

Spleen

The spleen is subjectively normal in size (0.91 cm), echotexture is homogenous, and the splenic capsule is smooth with no irregularities. The blood flow through the hilus and splenic parenchyma appears normal. No focal parenchymal abnormalities are visualized.

Liver

The liver is subjectively normal in size, and echogenicity with smooth peripheral margins. The parenchyma is homogenous echotexture. The visible portions of the vasculature and biliary tract appear normal. No focal nodules or cystic lesions are observed.

The gall bladder lumen is moderately distended. The wall of the gall bladder is not thickened and has a smooth mucosal surface. Luminal contents are mild and likely incidental at this time. The cystic and common bile ducts are normal/not visible.



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Gastrointestinal

The stomach contains minimal luminal contents. It measures at a normal thickness of <0.36cm with some variability due to the presence of rugal folds. The distinction of the gastric wall layers is adequate and there is no impression of reduced peristaltic activity. No masses or focal lesions were observed.

The visualized areas of duodenum, jejunum and ileum have a uniform diameter with minimal fluid distension. Wall thickness is increased. Bowel loops follow a typical curvilinear path. Duodenum wall measures 0.34 cm. Jejunum wall measures 0.33 cm. Visualized peristalsis appears appropriate. There is diffuse small intestinal thickening with very prominent muscularis layer visualized throughout the duodenum and jejunum.

The ileocecal junction was visualized and exhibited normal intact wall layering and is subjectively of normal thickness. Sections of colon are visualized with formed fecal material and gas shadowing distally. There is no observed focal or generalized colon wall thickening or loss of layering.

Pancreas

The left limb of the pancreas is prominent and hypoechoic as compared to the surrounding isoechoic mesentery. There is no evidence of nodules or cystic lesions. There is no evidence of regional mesenteric inflammation or fluid.

Free Abdomen

There is scant free fluid. There is a mild mesenteric lymphadenopathy. A prominent sublumbal lymph node is visualized measuring 0.58 cm x 0.31 cm. An example of a mesenteric lymph node measures 0.73 cm x 1.44 cm. The omentum is hyperechoic and reactive around the prominent lymph node.

PRIMARY FINDINGS

- Severe small intestinal thickening with a very prominent muscularis layer – Findings are concerning for possible emerging lymphoma or severe inflammatory change.
- Pancreatic changes consistent with mild chronic pancreatitis.
- Prominent mesenteric lymph nodes – Findings could be consistent with reactive lymph nodes or early metastatic lymph nodes.

SECONDARY FINDINGS

- Mild suspended echogenic debris in the urinary bladder – The echogenic debris in the bladder lumen could be consistent with cells, crystals, and/or mucus.

INTERPRETATION OF THE FINDINGS & FURTHER RECOMMENDATIONS

The small intestine is diffusely thickened with a very prominent muscularis layer. There are numerous prominent lymph nodes in the region and surrounding reactive mesentery. These findings are concerning for severe inflammation or possible early neoplastic change. Biopsies of the GI tract would likely be necessary to differentiate at this time unless a window for sampling of a mesenteric lymph node is available, then this could be considered. For now, consider initial treatment for severe IBD with the following:



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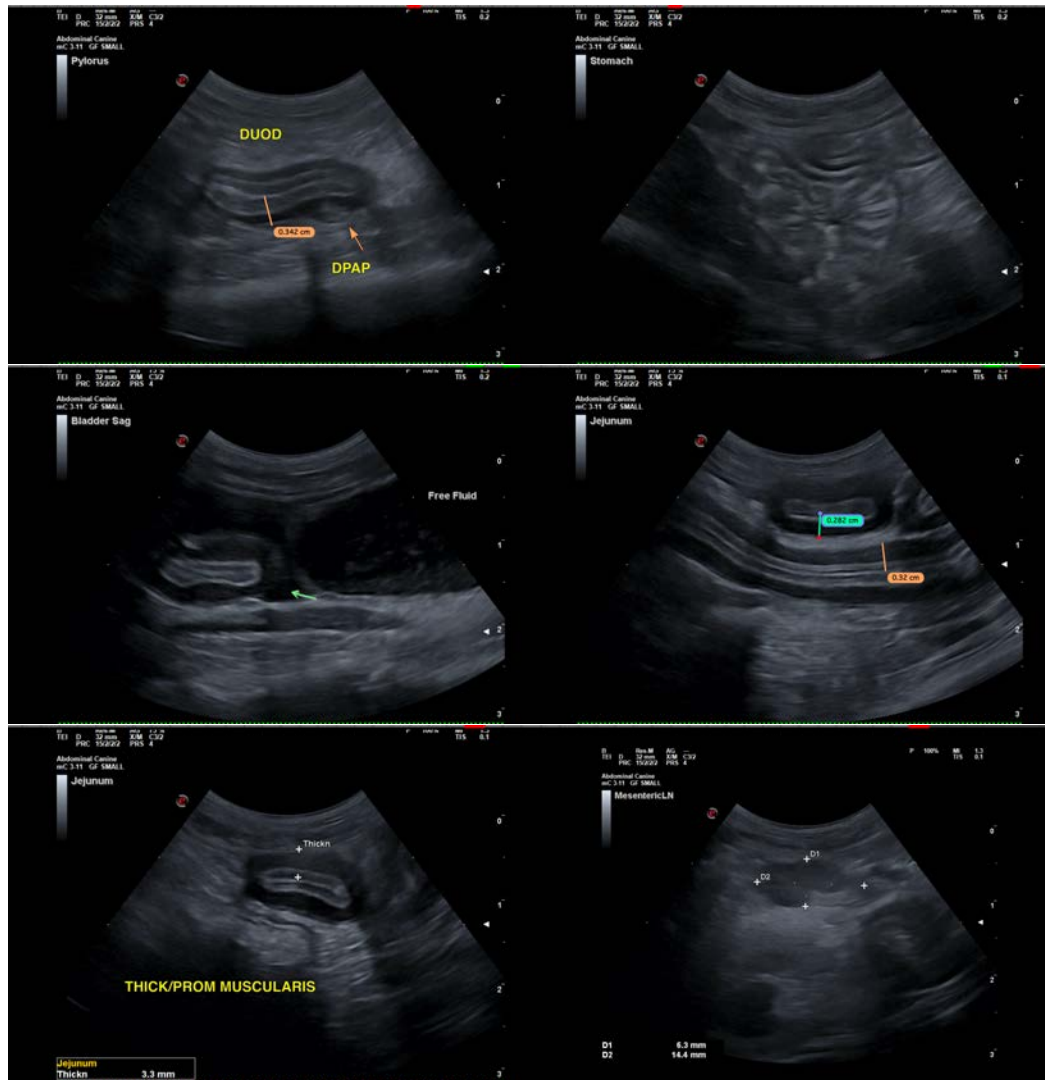
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- Consider a novel protein/hydrolyzed protein diet (exclusively at least 4-6 weeks)
- Consider a GI panel to Texas A&M for evaluation of B12 levels, folate, PLI/TLI etc.. to further evaluate for pancreatic/small intestinal disease.
- Recommend chronic probiotic therapy.

If the patient is not responding to this therapy, consider repeat imaging, looking for the improvement or progression of today's lesions, as surgical biopsies of the GI tract may be warranted.





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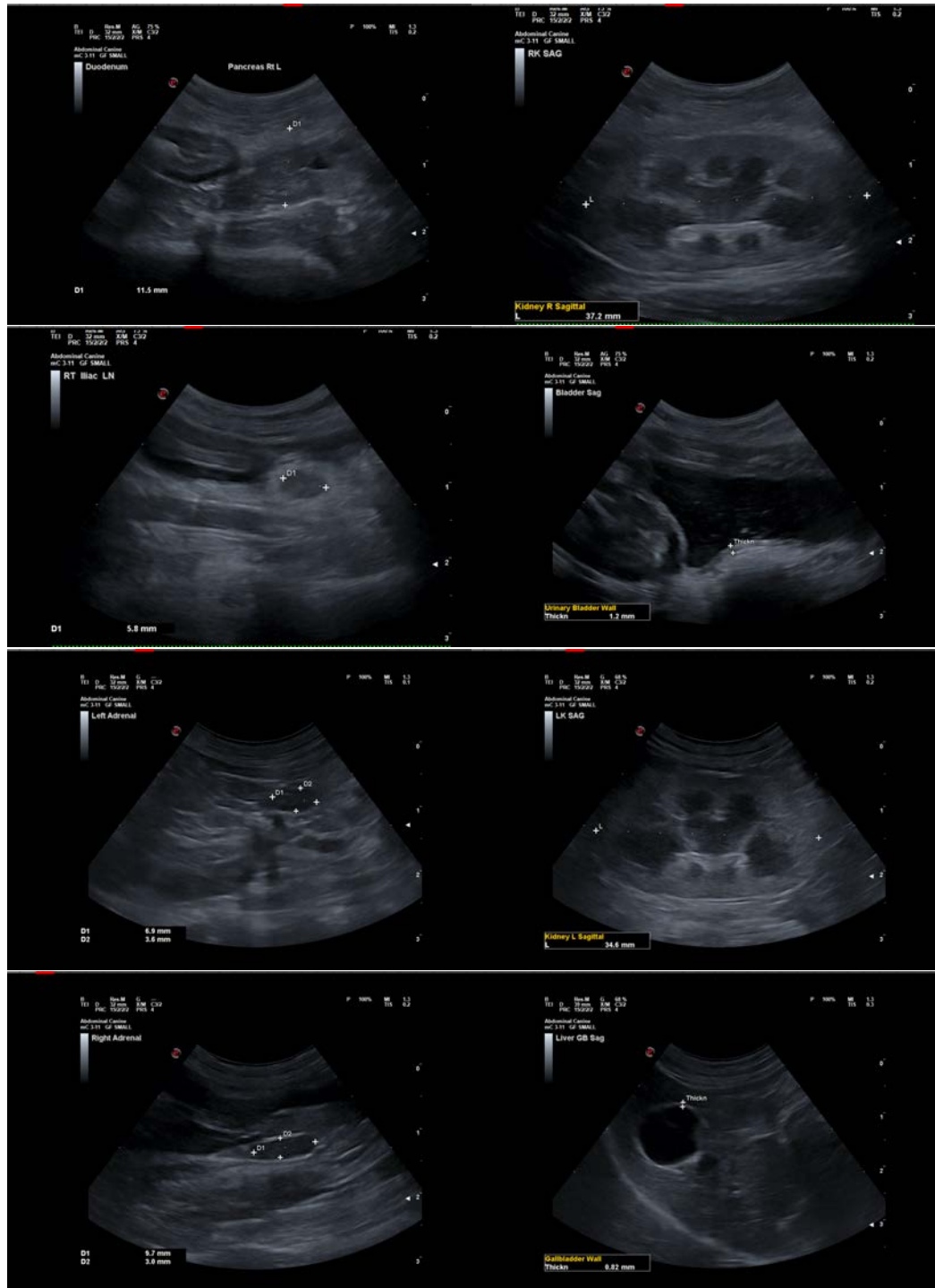
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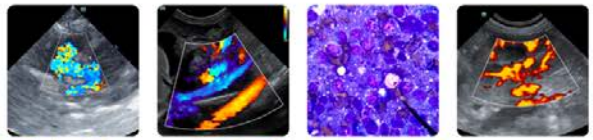
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The information and recommendations provided are based on the images presented by the referring veterinarian/sonographer. No evaluation can be communicated regarding pathology that was not visible in the image/video clips provided.

Thank you for this referral. If the clinical or image interpretation does not parallel your findings or if I can be of any further assistance please contact me.

Kathleen Sennello DVM,MS, Diplomate ACVIM (Small animal Internal Medicine)

info@sonopath.com