



## PATIENT

Skai Simoni

## SPECIES

Canine

## BREED

Dachshund

## SEX

Female

## AGE

2 Years

## WEIGHT

15.6

## INTERPRETED BY

Karen Ebersole, DVM,  
DABVP (Canine and  
Feline practice)

## IMAGING PERFORMED BY

Stacy

## HOSPITAL NAME

Emergency Animal  
Hospital of Crystal  
Falls

## REFERRING VET

Dr. Tateski

## INVOICE

13800

## DATE

02/15/26

## PRESENTING CLINICAL SIGNS

- O were gone for several hours. Came home and found multiple piles of vomit in the house. Skai is actively vomiting. Later found a chewed-up bottle of ibuprofen. The 30ct bottle was bought last week - likely about 8 tablets have been used: leaving up to 22 tabs missing.
- Skai and Ellie were brought directly here.
- No previous health problems.
- Not on any medications currently.
- P has eaten plastic as well

Abnormal PE/Chem/CBC/UA Results: EPOC: mild hypocalcemia PCV/TP: 62/7.6

## ULTRASONOGRAPHIC EXAMINATION OF THE ABDOMEN

### Urinary System

The bladder was mildly overdistended and rounded in shape. The bladder wall was normal in thickness. The bladder contained echogenic to particulate sediment, without visible discrete urolith formation. The trigone and visible urethra were normal in appearance. The ureteral papilla were visibly producing urine during the ultrasound.

Both kidneys were normal in size and shape with a smooth capsule contour. There was normal cortical echotexture with acceptable corticomedullary definition. There was no pelvic dilation. The kidneys appeared to have subjectively normal vascularity on doppler exam. The left kidney measured 4.5 cm in length. The right kidney measured 4.9 cm in length.

### Adrenal Glands

The left adrenal gland was normal in size and shape, with a smooth capsule contour. The parenchyma displayed normal echogenicity. There was no evidence of capsular expansion or pericapsular inflammation. There were no nodules or masses visible. The left adrenal gland measured 0.43 cm width at the caudal pole and 0.39 cm width at the cranial pole.

The region of the right adrenal gland was not clearly visualized yet without overt pathology.

### Spleen

The spleen was normal in size and shape, with a smooth capsule contour. The parenchyma was finely textured and homogeneous.

### Liver

The liver was normal in size and shape, with a smooth capsule contour. The hepatic parenchyma displayed normal echotexture and portal markings. The hepatic vasculature was normal in volume and structure.

The gallbladder was increased in size and rounded in shape. The contents were primarily anechoic. There was no visible obstruction in the visible portions of cystic and common bile duct.

### Gastrointestinal



**PATIENT**

Skai Simoni

The stomach was over-distended with shadowing and non-shadowing suspected ingesta, although foreign material could be possible as well. The contents did not appear to extend into the pylorus. The visible stomach wall was normal in thickness with distinct layering.

**SPECIES**

Canine

The small intestines were normal in thickness and layering. There were variable amounts of intestinal luminal contents. Some appeared of the same echogenicity as the contents of the stomach. There was no overt obstructive pattern. There was a possible hyperperistalsis in the small intestine. The colon is normal.

**BREED**

Dachshund

**Pancreas**

The left pancreas appeared normal, isoechoic to the surrounding parenchyma. The right pancreas was hypoechoic, mildly enlarged with a rounded capsule contour. There was mild adjacent inflammation. Portions of the pancreas were obscured by the over-distended stomach.

**SEX**

Female

**ULTRASONOGRAPHIC FINDINGS**

**AGE**

2 Years

- Structurally normal kidneys, no current evidence of insult/abnormalities
- Full urinary bladder with sediment
- Over-distended stomach - ddx ingesta vs foreign material
- Similar density intestinal contents
- Right limb pancreatitis

**WEIGHT**

15.6

**INTERPRETATION OF THE FINDINGS & FURTHER RECOMMENDATIONS**

**INTERPRETED BY**

IVF, electrolyte management, and supportive care is recommended for suspected NSAID exposure.

Karen Ebersole, DVM,  
DABVP (Canine and  
Feline practice)

Continued monitoring of the stomach contents is recommended; this could be over-distension of food or possibly foreign material. It does not appear obstructive at the time of the sonogram. Fluid therapy will improve gastric motility.

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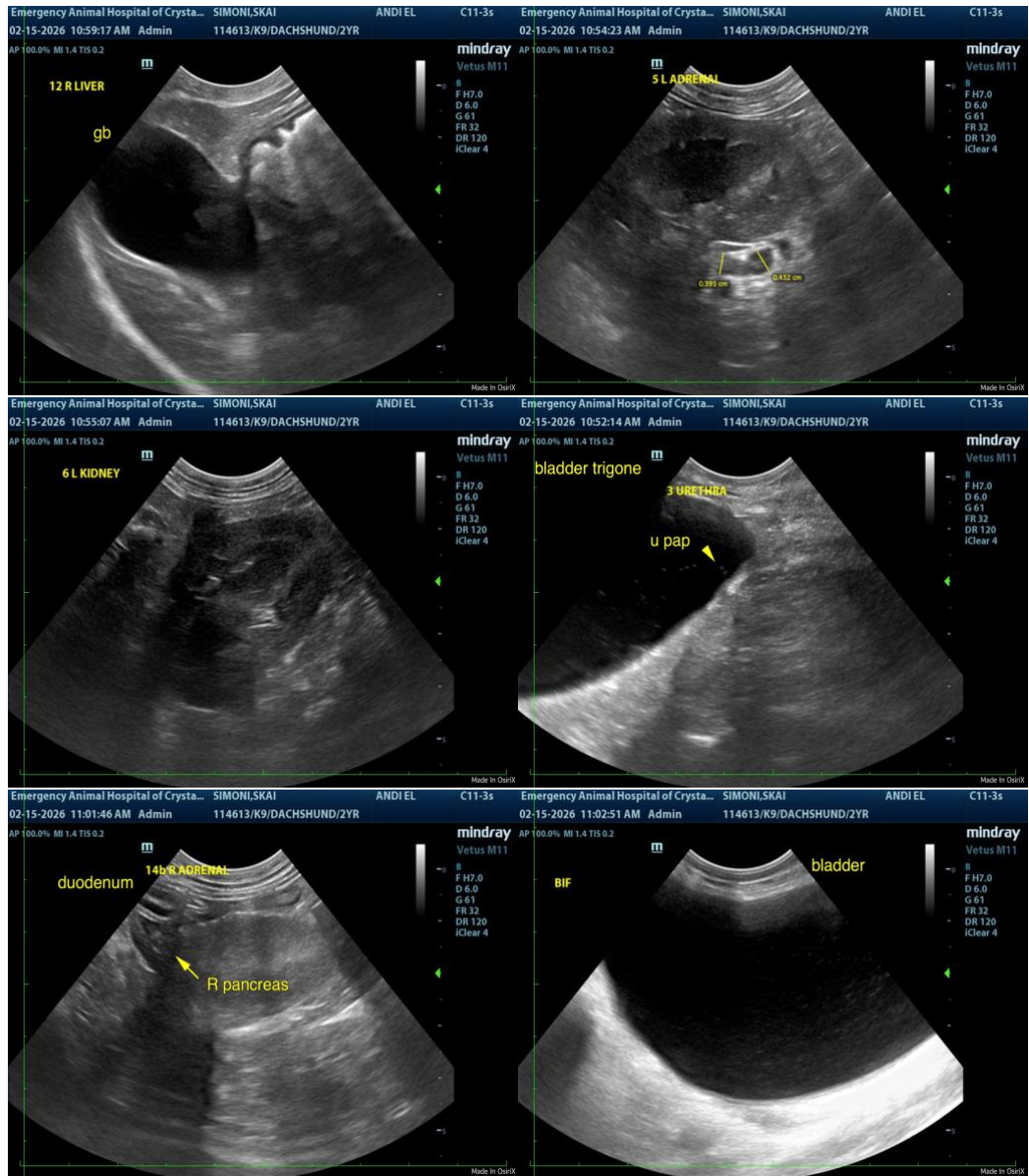
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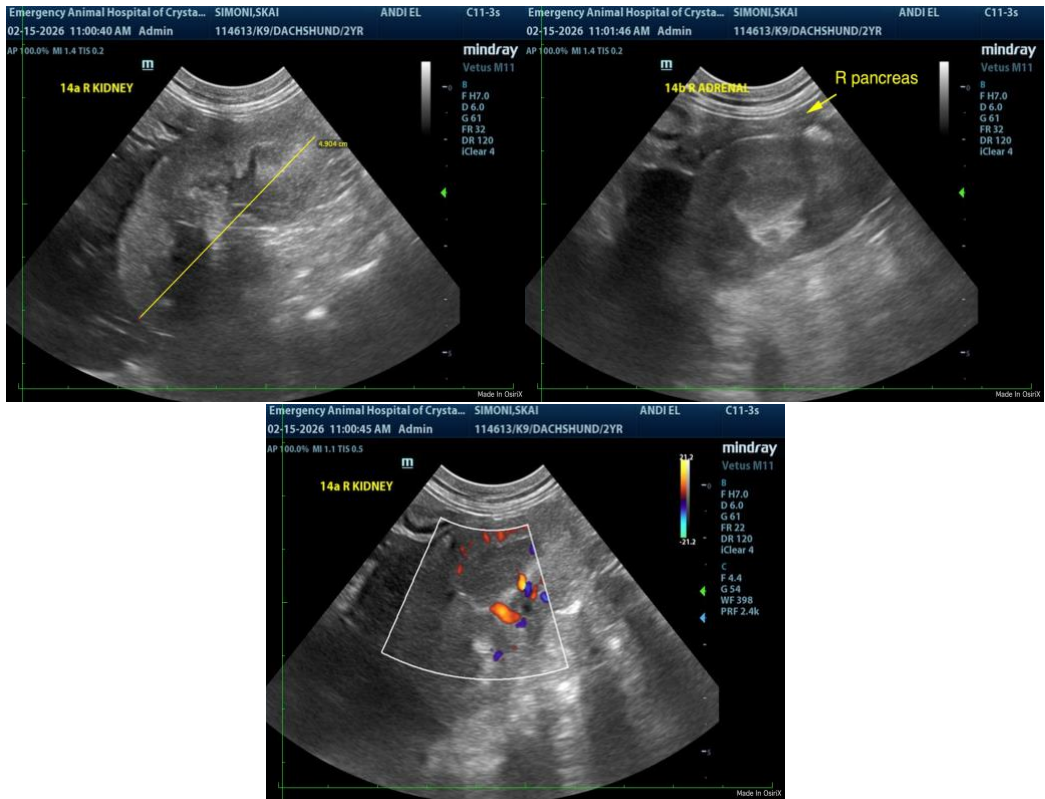
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The information and recommendations provided are based on the images presented by the referring veterinarian/sonographer. No evaluation can be communicated regarding pathology that was not visible in the image/video clips provided.

Thank you for this referral. If the clinical or image interpretation does not parallel your findings or if I can be of any further assistance please contact me.

Karen Ebersole, DVM, DABVP (Canine and Feline practice)

info@SonoPath.com