



PATIENT

Stella Davidson

PRESENTING CLINICAL SIGNS

History: Diarrhea occasionally Urinates in her sleep occasionally E/D/U/D OK NO C/S/V
 Abnormal PE/Chem/CBC/UA Results: CBC- WNL Diag- WNL CPL- Normal Giardia test in house-
 Negative UA and culture to lab via Cysto- Pending

SPECIES

Canine

RADIOGRAPHIC STUDY OF THE THORAX

BREED

Mixed

The body condition score is 7/9 with smooth alternating layers of fat and soft tissue opacity.

The bony structures appear physiological.

Thorax

SEX

Spayed Female

The lungs are in contact with the thoracic boundaries and the tips are pointed. The lobar vessels are clearly visible to the tertiary branches. The bronchial tree is thin walled and tapers uniformly towards the periphery.

AGE

6 Years

The cranial mediastinum is of physiological size and opacity. The trachea diverges from the thoracic vertebrae and the carina is located at T5.

The cardiac silhouette occupies 75% of the chest height and 2.5 intercostal spaces (VHS 9.75). No chamber or outflow tract enlargement is evident.

INTERPRETED BY

Heike Rudolf, DVM,
 Dr. med. Vet.,
 DipECVDI DVR

Abdomen

The abdominal detail is good; diaphragm and abdominal wall are intact.

The liver is located within the costal arch and the caudo-ventral lobe is pointed.

HOSPITAL NAME

Animal Paradise
 Hospital

The spleen is prominent with smooth surfaces.

The stomach is empty; the small intestinal loops have a physiological distribution and size. Colon and rectum contain a moderate amount of formed fecal matter.

REFERRING VET

Dr. Mostafa Elshafie

Both renal shadows appear have a physiological size, shape and opacity. The bladder is located in the abdominal cavity and contains a moderate amount of homogeneous fluid opacity.

The sublumbar region appears physiological.

INVOICE

12793

RADIOGRAPHIC DIAGNOSIS

- I can see no changes that would explain the clinical signs
- Mild splenomegaly

DATE

12/2/21



PATIENT INTERPRETATION OF THE FINDINGS & FURTHER RECOMMENDATIONS

PATIENT Stella Davidson
INTERPRETATION OF THE FINDINGS & FURTHER RECOMMENDATIONS The apparent, mild splenomegaly is most likely the result of the position of the organ within the abdomen.

SPECIES Further examinations can include abdominal ultrasound to assess specifically gastro-intestinal wall thickness and layering. Intestinal biopsies may be warranted if medical management, including change of diet, does not provide relieve.
Canine

BREED

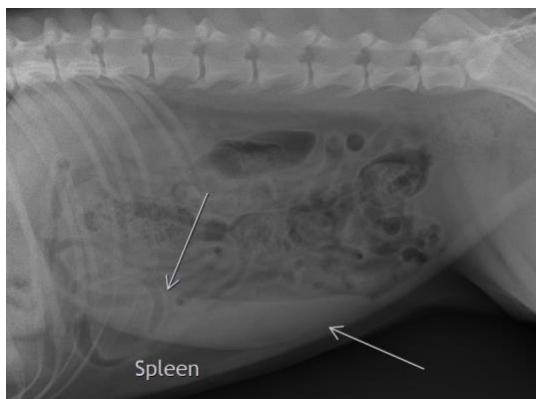
Mixed

SEX

Spayed Female

AGE

6 Years



The information and recommendations provided are based on the images presented by the referring veterinarian. No evaluation can be communicated regarding pathology that was not visible in the image/video clips provided.

INTERPRETED BY

Heike Rudolf, DVM,
 Dr. med. Vet.,
 DipECVDI DVR

Thank you for this referral. If the clinical or image interpretation does not parallel your findings or if I can be of any further assistance please contact me.

Heike Rudolf, DVM, Dr. med. vet., DipECVDI, DVR
 dr.h.rudorf@gmail.com

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