



PATIENT PRESENTING CLINICAL SIGNS

Riley Arruda Reason for Visit: ATE A TAMPON/PAD? C/S/V/D: VOMITED 2 DAYS AGO, MUCUSY STOOL E/D/U/D: APPETITE DECREASE

SPECIES

Canine

BREED

Mixed

Abnormal PE/Chem/CBC/UA Results: Hydration: Slightly dehydrated Mentation: BAR EENT: No nasal discharge; nuclear sclerosis OU; clean no exudate AU; No cough on tracheal palpation. Oral Cavity: moderate dental tartar present Lymph Nodes: Symmetrical, no changes in size, shape, consistency Skin: Good hair coat, no signs of ectoparasites. ~3 - 4 cm dermal mass caudal to L axilla CV/Respiratory: No murmur/arrhythmia or crackles/wheezing auscultated. Synchronous pulses, normal rate. Normal bronchovesicular sounds. Abd/GI: Soft non painful abdomen, no organomegaly, no abnormalities on abdominal palpation Uro/Perineum: N Musculoskeletal: Normal ambulation, no lameness noted. No pain on palpation of limbs. Generalized muscle wasting. BCS 6/9 Neurological: Appropriate

RADIOGRAPHIC STUDY OF THE ABDOMEN

SEX

Female

2 orthogonal views

RADIOGRAPHIC FINDINGS

AGE

10 Years, 6 Months

The body condition score is 6/9 and the abdominal wall is displaced laterally and ventrally.

New bone formation surrounds the L hip joint.

INTERPRETED BY

Heike Rudolf, DVM,
Dr. med. Vet.,
DipECVDDI DVR

The abdominal detail is reduced; diaphragm and abdominal wall are intact.

The liver is located within the costal arch and the caudo-ventral lobe is pointed.

The spleen is not clearly identifiable.

HOSPITAL NAME

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The stomach contains a air and mottled material. The gastric body is compressed by a large (approx. 5cm), seemingly tubular soft tissue loop which extends from ventral L5/6 in a semicircle to the caudal aspect of the stomach. Another soft tissue opaque "loop" is located between the first and the ventral abdominal wall. On the VD view these loops are peripherally located on either side of the abdomen. Physiologically sized small intestinal loops are compressed into the right middle portion of the abdomen small intestinal loops have a physiological distribution and size. Colon and rectum contain a moderate amount of fecal matter.

REFERRING VET

Dr. White

The space between colon and bladder is physiological.

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The L renal shadow appears physiological; the R is obscured by the loops. The bladder is located in the abdominal cavity and contains a moderate amount of homogeneous fluid opacity.

DATE

11-12-21

RADIOGRAPHIC DIAGNOSIS

- Large tubular structures in abdomen
- Arthrosis hips



PATIENT

Riley Arruda

INTERPRETATION OF THE FINDINGS & FURTHER RECOMMENDATIONS

The distribution and the lack of ileus suggest the tubular structures to be uterine in origin. The region of the uterine body appears physiological but both horns are most likely enlarged. The most likely cause is a pyometra or hemometra. Ultrasound is needed to rule out pregnancy. Obstruction of the duodenum is unlikely due to its size and lack of gastric distension. Splenic and colonic torsion are differential diagnoses but less likely considering the distribution and mild clinical signs. Surgery is likely to be necessary.

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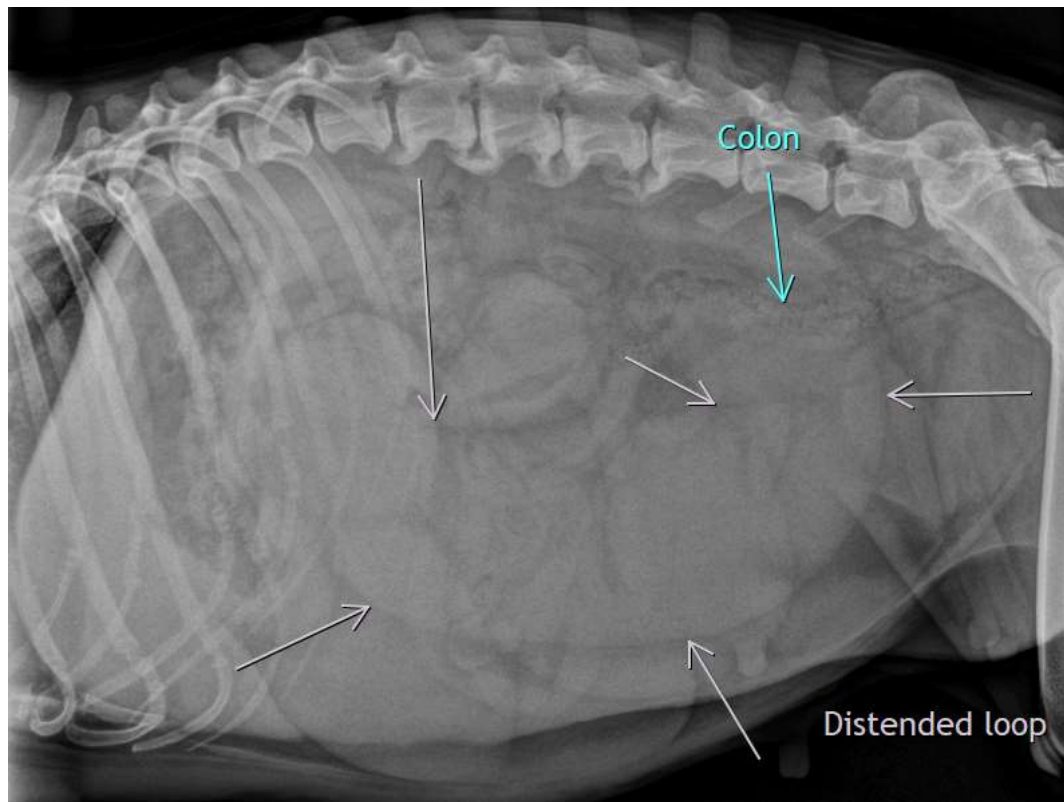
10 Years, 6 Months

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REFERRING VET

Dr. White

The information and recommendations provided are based on the images presented by the referring veterinarian. No evaluation can be communicated regarding pathology that was not visible in the image/video clips provided.

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Thank you for this referral. If the clinical or image interpretation does not parallel your findings or if I can be of any further assistance please contact me.

DATE

11-12-21

Heike Rudorf, DVM, Dr. med. vet., DipECVDDI, DVR
Dr.H.Rudorf@gmail.com