



PATIENT	PRESENTING CLINICAL SIGNS
Mia Jaramillo	P is here to check on tumor growing on belly area also discharge of dark color coming out of the mammal and bad smell Abnormal PE/Chem/CBC/UA Results: Diag- WNL CBC- WNL CPL- Normal T4- 3.6 4DX test- Negative recommended radical mastectomy vs mammary gland lumpectomy for 3 sites and biopsy and OVH- Gave O estimates
SPECIES	
Canine	
BREED	RADIOGRAPH OF THORAX AND ABDOMEN
Chihuahua	Thorax: 2 orthogonal views Abdomen: 2x lateral, 1xVD
SEX	RADIOGRAPHIC FINDINGS
FS	The body condition score is 7/9 with a larger, subcutaneous fat accumulation on the left thoracic wall. The ventral abdominal wall has an undulating outline with a moderately thick (0.4cm) soft tissue thickens.
AGE	The bony structures appear physiological.
10 Years	<u>Thorax</u>
INTERPRETED BY	The lungs are in contact with the thoracic boundaries and the tips are pointed. The lobar vessels are visible. The degree of pulmonary expansion is fair.
Heike Rudolf, DVM, Dr. med. Vet., DipECVDI DVR	The cranial mediastinum is of physiological size and opacity. The trachea runs parallel to the thoracic vertebrae and dips slightly at the carina. The cervical trachea is more ventrally located than the thoracic one.
HOSPITAL NAME	The cardiac silhouette occupies 85% of the chest height and 3.5 intercostal spaces (VHS 10.5). No chamber or outflow tract enlargement is evident.
Animal Paradise Hospital	<u>Abdomen</u>
REFERRING VET	The abdominal detail is good; diaphragm and abdominal wall are intact.
Dr. Elshafie	The liver is located well within the costal arch and the caudo-ventral lobe is pointed. The spleen appears physiological.
INVOICE	The stomach contains a moderate amount of air; the small intestinal loops have a physiological distribution and size. Colon and rectum contain a moderate amount of formed fecal matter.
49388	Both renal shadows appear to have a physiological size. The bladder is located in the abdominal cavity and contains a small amount of homogeneous fluid opacity.
DATE	The sublumbar region appears physiological.
1-7-22	



PATIENT

Mia Jaramillo

RADIOGRAPHIC DIAGNOSIS

- Soft tissue thickening ventral abdominal wall

SPECIES

Canine

INTERPRETATION OF THE FINDINGS & FURTHER RECOMMENDATIONS

I can see no radiographic evidence of metastases. However, a CT examination is the method of choice for the detection of small pulmonary nodules and mild lymphadenomegaly. Obtaining an additional inflated left lateral recumbent view is recommended prior to surgery.

BREED

Chihuahua

The varying position of the trachea is most likely due to a flexed neck in combination with a moderate rotation of the thorax.

SEX

FS

AGE

10 Years

INTERPRETED BY

Heike Rudolf, DVM,
Dr. med. Vet.,
DipECVDDI DVR

HOSPITAL NAME

Animal Paradise
Hospital



REFERRING VET

Dr. Elshafie

The information and recommendations provided are based on the images presented by the referring veterinarian. No evaluation can be communicated regarding pathology that was not visible in the image/video clips provided.

INVOICE

49388

Thank you for this referral. If the clinical or image interpretation does not parallel your findings or if I can be of any further assistance please contact me.

DATE

1-7-22

Heike Rudolf, DVM, Dr. med. vet., DipECVDDI, DVR
Dr.H.Rudorf@gmail.com