



PATIENT PRESENTING CLINICAL SIGNS

Sushi Tise History: P presented for decreased appetite and suspected phlegm/bloody mucoid vomitus/cough. O showed small sample of this vomitus in room w/ suspected blood clot in it. O noted that P is eating somewhat normally now but was recently required hand feeding to get nutrition.

SPECIES

Feline Abnormal PE/Chem/CBC/UA Results: Grade III/IV dental disease Weight loss (last visit in 2015 4.3kg) BW pending

RADIOGRAPHIC STUDY OF THE ABDOMEN

BREED

DMH The body condition score is 7/9 with smooth alternating layers of fat and soft tissue opacity.
A small spur is located on the caudo-ventral endplate of L7.

SEX

Spayed Female A mottled increase in opacity is located in the left cranial abdomen between desc. colon and spleen and on the lateral views the head of the spleen is not clearly outlined.
The liver is located within the costal arch and the caudo-ventral lobe is pointed.

AGE

11 Years The spleen appears physiological but is poorly outlined on the VD view.
The stomach contains some food; the small intestinal loops have a physiological distribution and size. Colon and rectum contain a moderate amount of formed fecal matter.

INTERPRETED BY

Heike Rudolf, DVM, Dr. med. Vet., DipECVDI DVR

Both renal shadows have a physiological size, shape and opacity; the surfaces are smooth. The bladder is located in the abdominal cavity and contains a moderate amount of homogeneous fluid opacity.
The sublumbar region appears physiological.
A localized, alveolar pattern is present in the right lung between ribs 8 and 9.

HOSPITAL NAME

Boca Park AH

RADIOGRAPHIC DIAGNOSIS

- Localized mild loss of abdominal detail

REFERRING VET

Tifanie Silver

Incidental finding

- Alveolar pattern overlying heart
- Spondylosis, mild

INVOICE

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INTERPRETATION OF THE FINDINGS & FURTHER RECOMMENDATIONS

The region of the pancreas is affected by the apparent loss of detail which could be due to pancreatic disease (pancreatitis, tumor) or an artefact due to wet fur. An fPLI test is recommended as well as full

DATE

1/20/22



PATIENT biochemistry and hematology, if it has not already been carried out. To rule out gastric ulceration and/or tumor, gastroscopy is necessary.

Sushi Tise

The alveolar pattern is present in the right caudal lobe and may be due to infiltrate such as aspiration pneumonia or tumor (especially in association with the weight loss). Further studies of the thorax should include CT and BAL. Echocardiography is necessary to detect the source of the murmur and HCM is suspected.

SPECIES

Feline

BREED

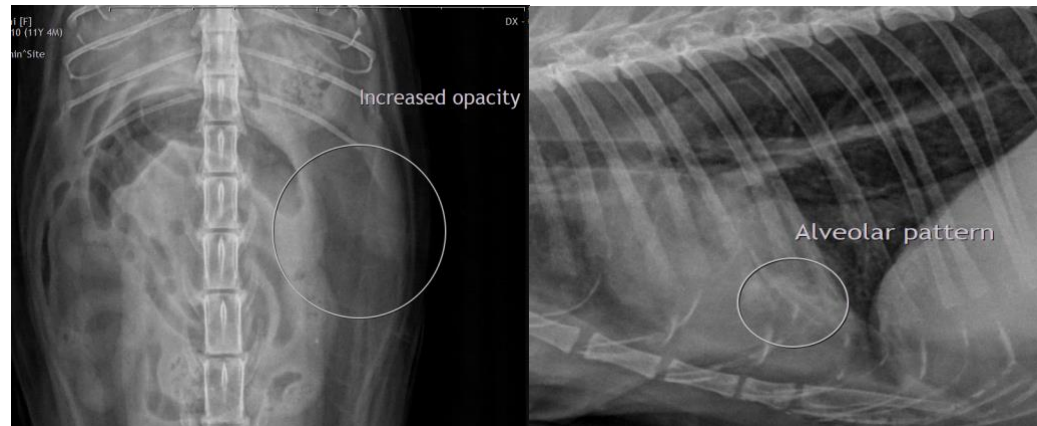
DMH

SEX

Spayed Female

AGE

11 Years



The information and recommendations provided are based on the images presented by the referring veterinarian/sonographer. No evaluation can be communicated regarding pathology that was not visible in the image/video clips provided.

INTERPRETED BY

Heike Rudolf, DVM,
Dr. med. Vet.,
DipECVDI DVR

Thank you for this referral. If the clinical or image interpretation does not parallel your findings or if I can be of any further assistance please contact me.

Heike Rudolf, DVM, Dr. med. vet., DipECVDI, DVR
dr.h.rudorf@gmail.com

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