



PATIENT

Dina Ruggerio

SPECIES

Canine

BREED

German Shepherd

SEX

Spayed female

AGE

10 years

WEIGHT

69.8 lbs

INTERPRETED BY

Eric Lindquist, DMV
DABVP, Cert. IVUSS

IMAGING PERFORMED BY

Dr. Ken Leal

HOSPITAL NAME

Animal Generla VH

REFERRING VET

Dr. Pileci

INVOICE

76405

DATE

8/2/23

PRESENTING CLINICAL SIGNS

History: Collapsing episodes with exertion for last 3 weeks. Currently on Doxy and reglan.
Abnormal PE/Chem/CBC/UA Results: Lyme / anaplasmosis positive. increased SDMA. No other bloodwork at this time.

ULTRASONOGRAPHIC EXAMINATION OF THE ABDOMEN

Urinary System

The **urinary bladder**, trigone, and pelvic urethra presented normal thicknesses and normal tone. The ureters were not visible which is normal. No uroliths or sediment were visualized and anechoic urine was present. No evidence of inflammatory or neoplastic changes was noted. Ureteral papillae were normal.

The **kidneys** revealed normal size and structure, corticomedullary definition and ratio for this age. The cortices presented largely uniform texture with normal echogenic relationship to liver and spleen. Medullary structure differed distinctly from the cortex and no evidence of pelvic dilatation was present. The capsules were acceptably uniform without significant irregularities. The right kidney measured 5.92 cm. The left kidney measured 6.7 cm.

Adrenal Glands

Both **adrenal glands** were visualized and recognized as having normal shape, size, position and echogenicity for this breed. The phrenic vasculature, glandular echogenicity and detail were unremarkable. Capsule, cortex, and medullary definition were normal for this age patient. The right adrenal gland measured 2.94 x 1.3 cm at the cranial pole and 0.6 cm at the caudal pole. The left adrenal gland measured 3.32 x 0.5 cm.

Spleen

The **spleen** was uniformly enlarged with relatively uniform parenchyma without evidence of masses. The capsule was mildly swollen. This is most consistent with hypersplenism and reactive hyperplasia deriving from splenic white or red pulp. However, early infiltrative disease, such as lymphoma or mast cell neoplasia can, at times, present in this manner. True hypersplenism from an internal medicine standpoint causes sequestering of thrombocytes resulting in thrombocytopenia and anemia. Clinical manifestation of this phenomenon should be considered. US-guided FNA would be best in order to ensure only reactive hyperplasia is present. If clinical signs fit with potential neoplasia or mast cell disease, then Benadryl injection (1 mg/pound IM) 15 minutes prior to FNA would be recommended.

Liver

The **liver** images submitted revealed subjectively normal liver size, contour, and structure. Parenchymal echogenicity was naturally coarse and hypoechoic to the spleen. Vascular and biliary tracts were of normal volume with no evidence of congestion. The gallbladder presented acceptably thin walls with primarily anechoic content. The cystic and common bile ducts were normal. No pathological hepatic



PATIENT

Dina Ruggerio

lymphadenopathy was evident. No overt structural evidence of inflammatory, infiltrative or regenerative pathology was evident.

SPECIES

Canine

Gastrointestinal

Examination of the **gastrointestinal tract** revealed a stomach and intestine free of stasis, of normal wall thickness, acceptable curvilinear mural detail, and peristaltic activity. Small and large intestine demonstrated normal luminal chyme and stool consistency respectively. No obstructive or overt infiltrative disease was noted. No associated abnormal lymphatic activity was noted.

BREED

German Shepherd

Pancreas

SEX

Spayed female

The base and limbs of the **pancreas** were observed to be largely isoechoic to surrounding omental fat. Pancreatic duct and capsular contour were acceptably normal and parenchyma respected normal curvilinear patterns. No overt evidence of active inflammatory or neoplastic disease was noted.

AGE

10 years

Heart

Rapid view of the heart revealed persistent tachyarrhythmia in this patient.

WEIGHT

69.8 lbs

ULTRASONOGRAPHIC FINDINGS

Splenic enlargement, typical for the breed, not pathological.

Tachyarrhythmia was noted.

INTERPRETED BY

Eric Lindquist, DMV
DABVP, Cert. IVUSS

INTERPRETATION OF THE FINDINGS & FURTHER RECOMMENDATIONS

EKG is indicated. Holter monitor would be ideal for further definition. This can be obtained from our office. The tachyarrhythmia is likely the underlying cause of the clinical status.

IMAGING PERFORMED BY

Dr. Ken Leal

HOSPITAL NAME

Animal Generla VH

REFERRING VET

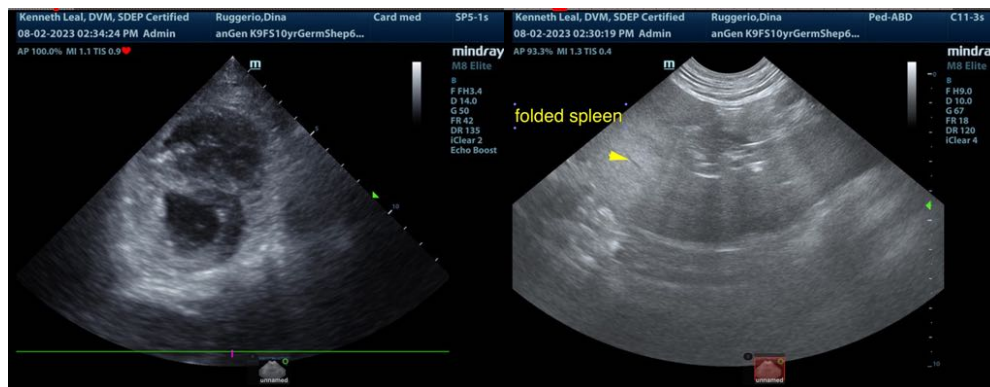
Dr. Pileci

INVOICE

76405

DATE

8/2/23





PATIENT

Dina Ruggerio

SPECIES

Canine

BREED

German Shepherd

SEX

Spayed female

AGE

10 years

WEIGHT

69.8 lbs

INTERPRETED BY

Eric Lindquist, DMV
DABVP, Cert. IVUSS

IMAGING PERFORMED BY

Dr. Ken Leal

HOSPITAL NAME

Animal Generla VH

REFERRING VET

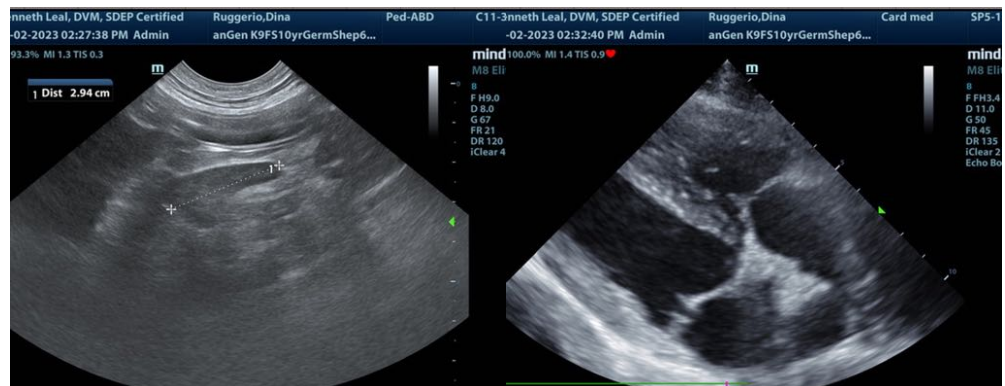
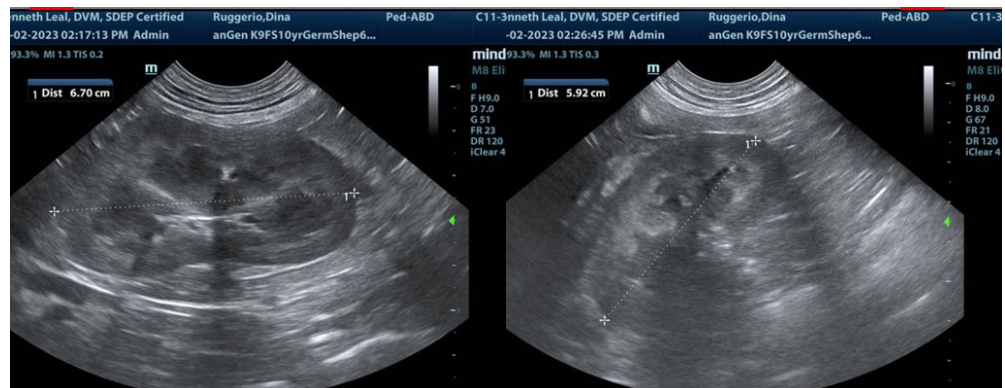
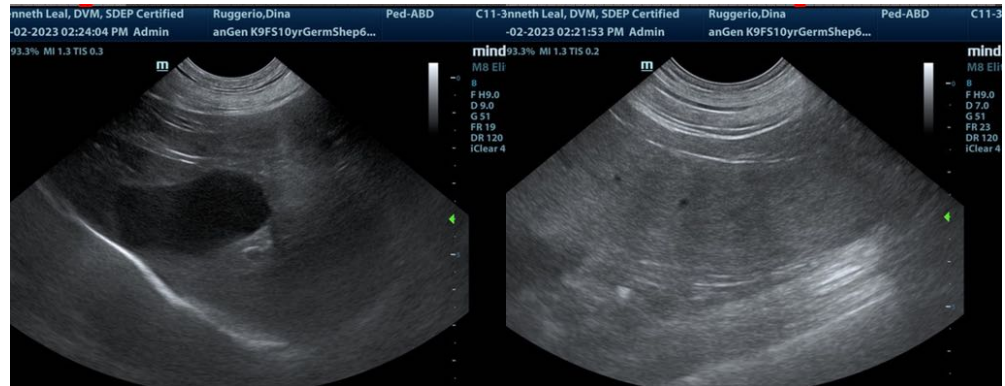
Dr. Pileci

INVOICE

76405

DATE

8/2/23





PATIENT

Dina Ruggerio

The information and recommendations provided are based on the images presented by the referring veterinarian/sonographer. No evaluation can be communicated regarding pathology that was not visible in the image/video clips provided.

SPECIES

Canine

Thank you for this referral. If the clinical or image interpretation does not parallel your findings or if I can be of any further assistance please contact me.

BREED

German Shepherd

Eric Lindquist, DMV, DABVP, Cert. IVUSS, CEO of SonoPath.com
info@SonoPath.com

SEX

Spayed female

AGE

10 years

WEIGHT

69.8 lbs

INTERPRETED BY

Eric Lindquist, DMV
DABVP, Cert. IVUSS

IMAGING PERFORMED BY

Dr. Ken Leal

HOSPITAL NAME

Animal Generla VH

REFERRING VET

Dr. Pileci

INVOICE

76405

DATE

8/2/23