



**PATIENT**

Henri Morsles

**PRESENTING CLINICAL SIGNS**

Adenocarcinoma. Metastasis check

**SPECIES**

Canine

**ULTRASONOGRAPHIC EXAMINATION OF THE ABDOMEN**

**Urinary System**

**BREED**

Springer Spaniel

The **urinary bladder** and visible pelvic urethra were unremarkable for the level of repletion presented. The urine, however, did present some mildly echogenic debris consistent with mucous, exfoliated cells from renal or bladder origin, and/or blood clots as these echogenic changes can all present similarly. A 2.0 cm grouping of calculi were noted. The largest of which measured 1.3 cm. This is often related to urinary tract infection but may represent simple evidence of exfoliated debris or sterile inflammation. Cystocentesis, urinalysis, +/- culture would be recommended to rule out and define any UTI.

**SEX**

Neutered male

The **kidneys** revealed largely normal size and structure, corticomedullary definition and ratio (cortex 1/3 of medulla) were essentially maintained with some age-related loss of curvilinear patterns regarding the capsule and C/M junction. The cortices presented largely uniform texture with some increased echogenicity expected for this age patient. Medullary structure differed distinctly from that of the cortex and no evidence of pelvic dilation was present. Slight mineralization was noted in the kidneys. The left kidney measured 5.4 cm. The right kidney measured 6.09 cm.

**AGE**

12 years

**INTERPRETED BY**

Eric Lindquist, DMV  
DABVP, Cert. IVUSS

**Adrenal Glands**

Both **adrenal glands** were visualized and recognized as having normal shape, size, position and echogenicity for this breed. The phrenic vasculature, glandular echogenicity and detail were unremarkable. Capsule, cortex, and medullary definition were normal for this age patient. The right adrenal gland measured 1.87 x 1.12 cm at the cranial pole and 0.82 cm at the caudal pole. The left adrenal gland measured 2.0 x 0.5 cm.

**IMAGING PERFORMED BY**

Eric Lindquist, DMV  
DABVP, Cert. IVUSS

**HOSPITAL NAME**

Franklin Lakes AH

**Spleen**

The **spleen** presented a smooth homogeneous parenchyma hyperechoic to liver and renal cortical parenchyma. The capsule was smooth without noticeable expansion or deviation from within the spleen or adjacent pathology. The splenic vasculature demonstrated normal volume without signs of congestion or thrombosis. No sonographic evidence of acute or chronic inflammatory, neoplastic, or infarctual changes was noted.

**REFERRING VET**

Dr. Hudson

**INVOICE**

30789

**Liver**

The **liver** images from right and left intercostal as well as subcostal views revealed subjectively normal liver size, contour, and structure. Some age-related parenchymal remodeling was noted but likely not clinically significant at this time. Vascular and biliary tracts were of normal volume and no evidence of congestion was noted. The gallbladder presented some dependent debris with essentially normal contour. The cystic and common bile ducts were normal. No overt evidence of active inflammatory, infiltrative or regenerative pathology was noted but should be paired with current or past LE elevations regarding any clinical significance to this presentation. The hepatic lymph nodes were unremarkable.

**DATE**

5/31/22



**PATIENT**

**Gastrointestinal**

Henri Morsles

The **stomach** revealed a 3.3 cm foreign body. This is consistent with corncob or similar material. The small intestines and colon were unremarkable.

**SPECIES**

Canine

**Pancreas**

The base and limbs of the **pancreas** were observed to be largely isoechoic to surrounding omental fat. Pancreatic duct and capsular contour were acceptably normal and parenchyma respected normal curvilinear patterns. No overt evidence of active inflammatory or neoplastic disease was noted.

**BREED**

Springer Spaniel

**SEX**

Neutered male

**ULTRASONOGRAPHIC FINDINGS**

Bladder calculi and debris, likely concurrent UTI.

Gastric foreign body.

**AGE**

12 years

There was no evidence of metastatic disease from the anal gland tumor.

**INTERPRETATION OF THE FINDINGS & FURTHER RECOMMENDATIONS**

Cystotomy, stone analysis and culture +/- gastrotomy is indicated. However, if gastrotomy is to be performed then ideally ultrasound would be performed just prior to the surgical intervention to ensure that the structure has not moved or been evacuated.

**INTERPRETED BY**

Eric Lindquist, DMV  
DABVP, Cert. IVUSS

**IMAGING PERFORMED BY**

Eric Lindquist, DMV  
DABVP, Cert. IVUSS

**HOSPITAL NAME**

Franklin Lakes AH

**REFERRING VET**

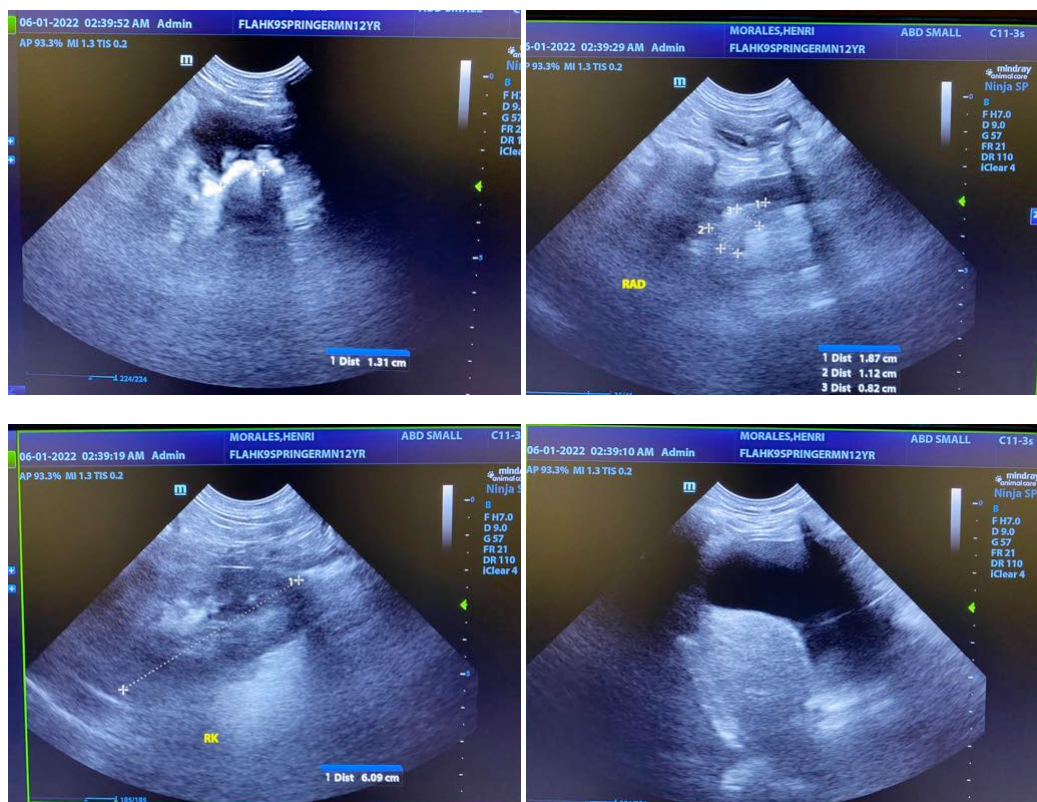
Dr. Hudson

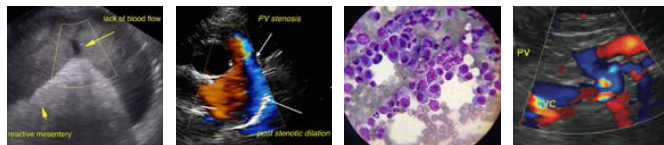
**INVOICE**

30789

**DATE**

5/31/22





**PATIENT**

Henri Morsles

**SPECIES**

Canine

**BREED**

Springer Spaniel

**SEX**

Neutered male

**AGE**

12 years

**INTERPRETED BY**

Eric Lindquist, DMV  
DABVP, Cert. IVUSS

**IMAGING  
PERFORMED BY**

Eric Lindquist, DMV  
DABVP, Cert. IVUSS

**HOSPITAL NAME**

Franklin Lakes AH

**REFERRING VET**

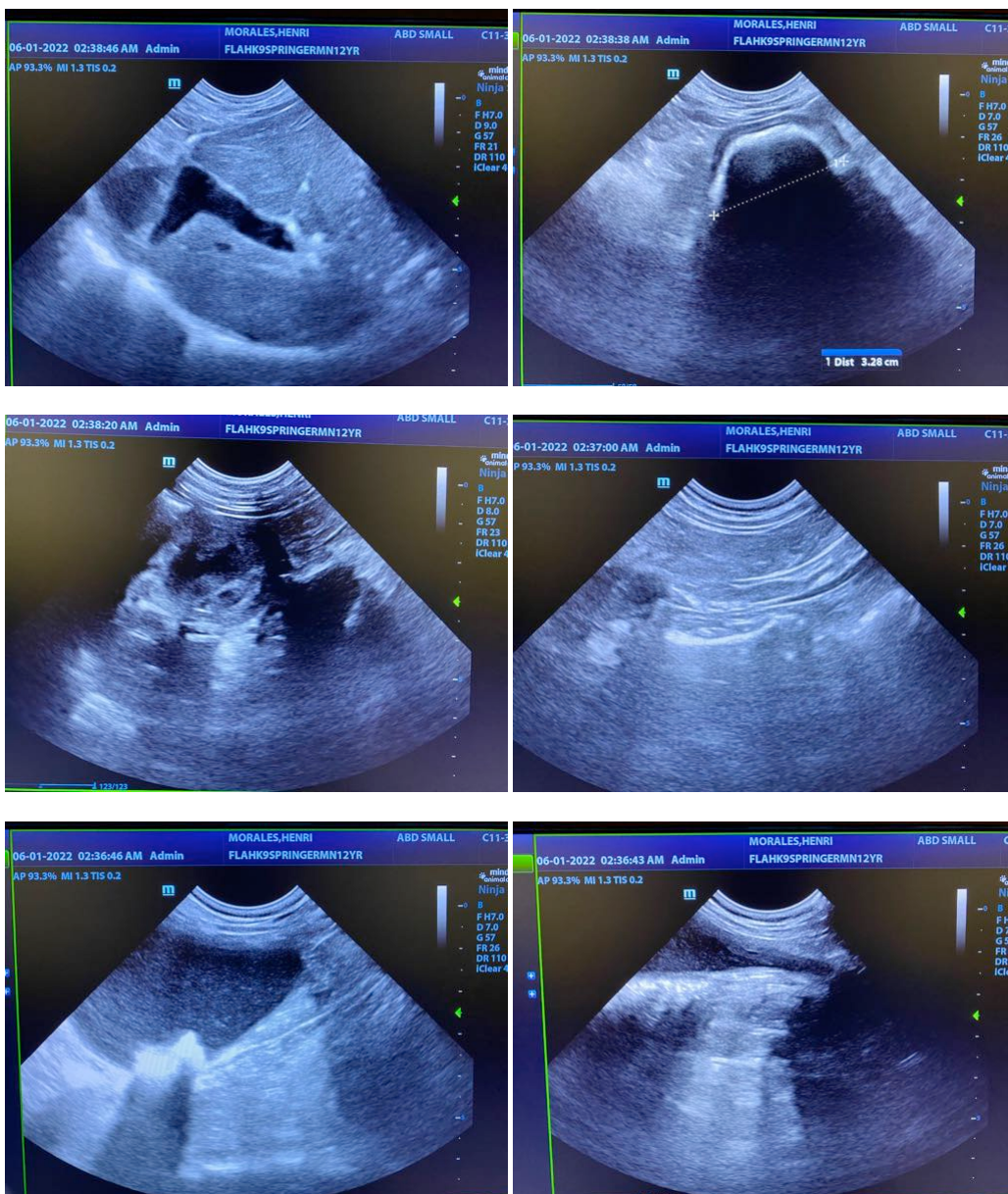
Dr. Hudson

**INVOICE**

30789

**DATE**

5/31/22



The information and recommendations provided are based on the images presented by the referring veterinarian/sonographer. No evaluation can be communicated regarding pathology that was not visible in the image/video clips provided.

Thank you for this referral. If the clinical or image interpretation does not parallel your findings or if I can be of any further assistance please contact me.

Eric Lindquist, DMV, DABVP, Cert. IVUSS, CEO of SonoPath.com  
Info@SonoPath.com