



**PATIENT**

Lebeau Muknerjee

**SPECIES**

Canine

**BREED**

Poodle

**SEX**

Neutered male

**AGE**

2 years

**WEIGHT**

7.56 lbs

**INTERPRETED BY**

Eric Lindquist, DMV  
DABVP, Cert. IVUSS

**IMAGING PERFORMED BY**

Shari Reffi, CVT

**HOSPITAL NAME**

Banfield Bridgewater

**REFERRING VET**

Dr. Baker

**INVOICE**

42357

**DATE**

10/31/22

**PRESENTING CLINICAL SIGNS**

History: Pre-general anesthetic work up. Elevated liver enzymes.  
Abnormal PE/Chem/CBC/UA Results: 10/24/2022-ALT 290, bile acid pre: <1; post 69.3

**ULTRASONOGRAPHIC EXAMINATION OF THE ABDOMEN**

**Urinary System**

The **urinary bladder**, trigone, and pelvic urethra presented normal thicknesses and normal tone. The ureters were not visible which is normal. No uroliths or sediment were visualized and anechoic urine was present. No evidence of inflammatory or neoplastic changes was noted. Ureteral papillae were normal.

The residual prostate was uniform and measured 0.83 cm.

The **kidneys** revealed normal size and structure, corticomedullary definition and ratio for this age. The cortices presented largely uniform texture with normal echogenic relationship to liver and spleen. Medullary structure differed distinctly from the cortex and no evidence of pelvic dilation was present. The capsules were acceptably uniform without significant irregularities. The right kidney measured 3.37 cm. The left kidney measured 3.25 cm.

**Adrenal Glands**

Both **adrenal glands** were visualized and recognized as having normal shape, size, position and echogenicity for this breed. The phrenic vasculature, glandular echogenicity and detail were unremarkable. Capsule, cortex, and medullary definition were normal for this age patient. The right adrenal gland measured 1.18 x 0.64 cm at the cranial pole and 0.49 cm at the caudal pole. The left adrenal gland measured 1.31 x 0.35 cm at the cranial pole and 0.44 cm at the caudal pole.

**Spleen**

The **spleen** presented a smooth homogeneous parenchyma hyperechoic to liver and renal cortical parenchyma. The capsule was smooth without noticeable expansion or deviation from within the spleen or adjacent pathology. The splenic vasculature demonstrated normal volume without signs of congestion or thrombosis. No sonographic evidence of acute or chronic inflammatory, neoplastic, or infarctual changes was noted.

**Liver**

The **liver** images submitted revealed subjectively normal liver size, contour, and structure. Increased portal markings were noted. This is indicative of inflammatory disease. Parenchymal echogenicity was naturally coarse and hypoechoic to the spleen. The portal vein to vena cava ratio was 1:1. The portal vein at the branching measured 0.52 cm, vena cava measured 0.5 cm. There was no evidence of extrahepatic shunting. The gallbladder and common bile duct were unremarkable.



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**Gastrointestinal**

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Examination of the **gastrointestinal tract** revealed a stomach and intestine free of stasis, of normal wall thickness, acceptable curvilinear mural detail, and peristaltic activity. Small and large intestine demonstrated normal luminal chyme and stool consistency respectively. No obstructive or overt infiltrative disease was noted. No associated abnormal lymphatic activity was noted.

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**Pancreas**

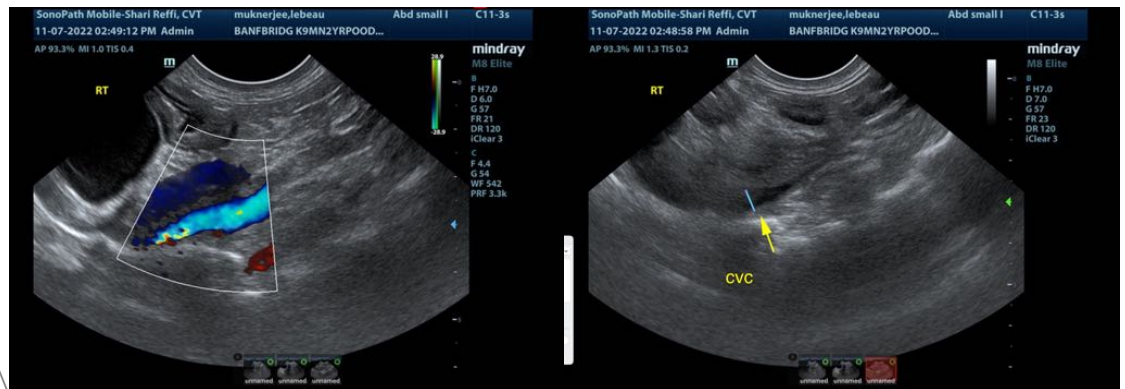
The base and limbs of the **pancreas** were observed to be largely isoechoic to surrounding omental fat. Pancreatic duct and capsular contour were acceptably normal and parenchyma respected normal curvilinear patterns. No overt evidence of active inflammatory or neoplastic disease was noted.

**ULTRASONOGRAPHIC FINDINGS**

Microhepatica with no evidence of intrahepatic or extrahepatic shunting.

**INTERPRETATION OF THE FINDINGS & FURTHER RECOMMENDATIONS**

Chronic inflammatory process such as chronic hepatitis, possible underlying primary copper storage should be considered and/or chronic infectious disease such as Leptospirosis. Core liver biopsy is warranted preferably by endoscopy or surgical approach in order to obtain large samples for copper quantification. However, ultrasound-guided biopsy can be considered as well. Prognosis long term is guarded given the small hepatic size. Nutraceuticals, liver oriented diet, Ampicillin and Metronidazole are all indicated to cover for infectious agents.





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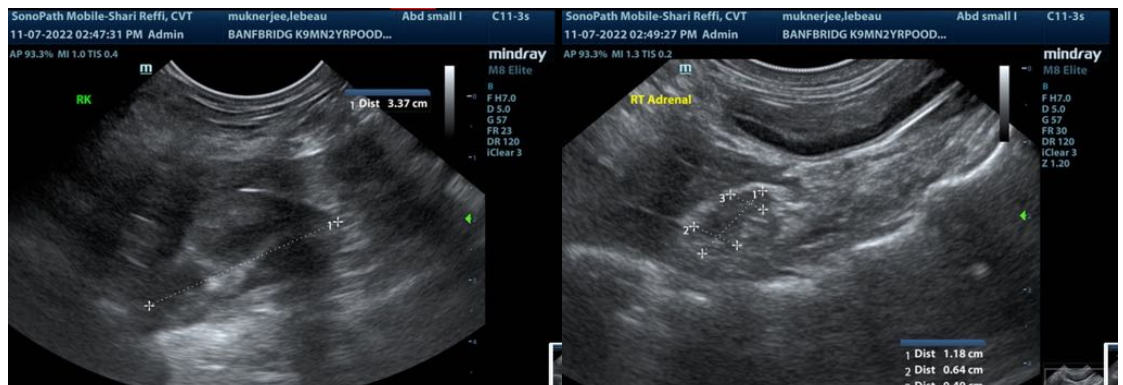
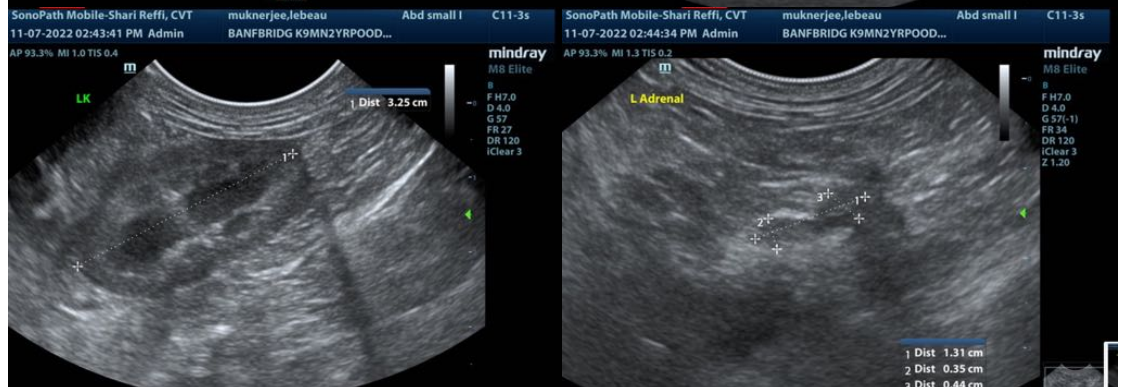
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The information and recommendations provided are based on the images presented by the referring veterinarian/sonographer. No evaluation can be communicated regarding pathology that was not visible in the image/video clips provided.

Thank you for this referral. If the clinical or image interpretation does not parallel your findings or if I can be of any further assistance please contact me.

**Eric Lindquist**, DMV, DABVP, Cert. IVUSS, CEO of SonoPath.com  
Info@SonoPath.com