



PATIENT

Matias Martinez

SPECIES

Canine

BREED

Labrador Retriever

SEX

Neutered male

AGE

5 years

WEIGHT

86.7 lbs

INTERPRETED BY

Eric Lindquist, DMV,
DABVP (CFM), Cert.
IVUSS, CEO of
SonoPath.com

IMAGING PERFORMED BY

Vincent Ravancho

HOSPITAL NAME

AHAnimal Paradise
Hospital

REFERRING VET

Dr. Elshafie

INVOICE

69602

DATE

12/24/25

PRESENTING CLINICAL SIGNS

History: Possible Pancreatitis r/o FB vs IBD vs EPI vs Addison's vs others Otitis Externa

ULTRASONOGRAPHIC EXAMINATION OF THE ABDOMEN

Urinary System

The **urinary bladder**, trigone, and pelvic urethra presented normal thicknesses and normal tone. The ureters were not visible which is normal. No uroliths or sediment were visualized and anechoic urine was present. No evidence of inflammatory or neoplastic changes was noted. Ureteral papillae were normal.

The **kidneys** revealed normal size and structure, corticomedullary definition and ratio for this age. The cortices presented largely uniform texture with normal echogenic relationship to liver and spleen. Medullary structure differed distinctly from the cortex and no evidence of pelvic dilation was present. The capsules were acceptably uniform without significant irregularities. The left kidney measured 6.3 cm. The right kidney measured 6.03 cm.

Adrenal Glands

Both **adrenal glands** were visualized and recognized as having normal shape, size, position and echogenicity for this breed. The phrenic vasculature, glandular echogenicity and detail were unremarkable. Capsule, cortex, and medullary definition were normal for this age patient. The left adrenal gland measured 2.36 x 0.54 cm at the cranial pole and 0.48 cm at the caudal pole. The right adrenal gland measured 1.8 x 1.14 cm at the cranial pole and 0.7 cm at the caudal pole.

Spleen

The **spleen** presented a smooth homogeneous parenchyma hyperechoic to liver and renal cortical parenchyma. The capsule was smooth without noticeable expansion or deviation from within the spleen or adjacent pathology. The splenic vasculature demonstrated normal volume without signs of congestion or thrombosis. No sonographic evidence of acute or chronic inflammatory, neoplastic, or infarctual changes was noted.

Liver

The **liver** images submitted revealed subjectively normal liver size, contour, and structure. Parenchymal echogenicity was naturally coarse and hypoechoic to the spleen. Vascular and biliary tracts were of normal volume with no evidence of congestion. The gallbladder presented acceptably thin walls with primarily anechoic content. The cystic and common bile ducts were normal. No pathological hepatic lymphadenopathy was evident. No overt structural evidence of inflammatory, infiltrative or regenerative pathology was evident.



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Gastrointestinal

Examination of the **gastrointestinal tract** revealed an unremarkable stomach. There were minor areas of luminal fluid noted. There was no evidence of obstructive pattern. Variable small intestinal thickening was noted. Areas of hyperperistalsis were noted. This is consistent with response to irritation. Fluid filled cecum was noted. The mesenteric lymph nodes were enlarged and reactive measuring up to 3.0 x 2.0 cm.

Pancreas

The base and limbs of the **pancreas** were observed to be largely isoechoic to surrounding omental fat. Pancreatic duct and capsular contour were acceptably normal and parenchyma respected normal curvilinear patterns. No overt evidence of active inflammatory or neoplastic disease was noted.

ULTRASONOGRAPHIC FINDINGS

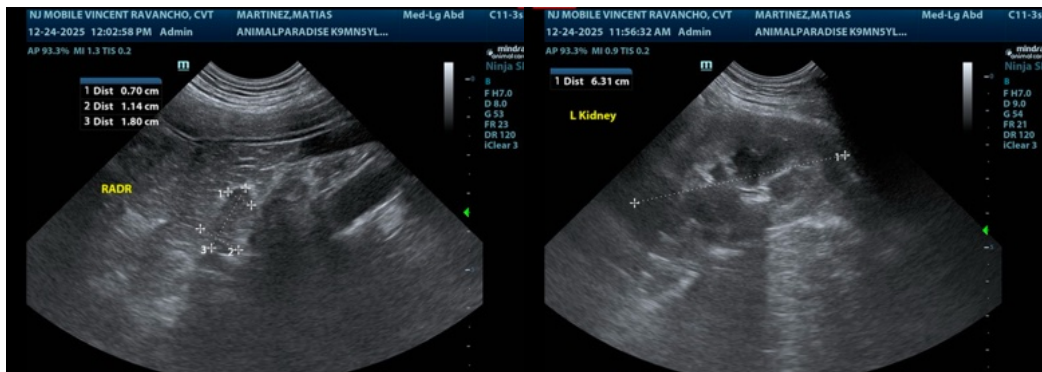
Acute on chronic inflammatory bowel type presentation.

Enlarged mesenteric lymph nodes.

INTERPRETATION OF THE FINDINGS & FURTHER RECOMMENDATIONS

Dietary indiscretion, food intolerance, structurally significant inflammatory bowel or occult parasitism and occult Addison's are all potentials.

Parasite management and screening for Addison's with baseline cortisol even though the adrenal glands appear normal. Treatment for enterotoxins are warranted if clinical signs persist. Ultrasound-guided FNA of the most accessible mesenteric lymph nodes, cytology and culture are indicated.





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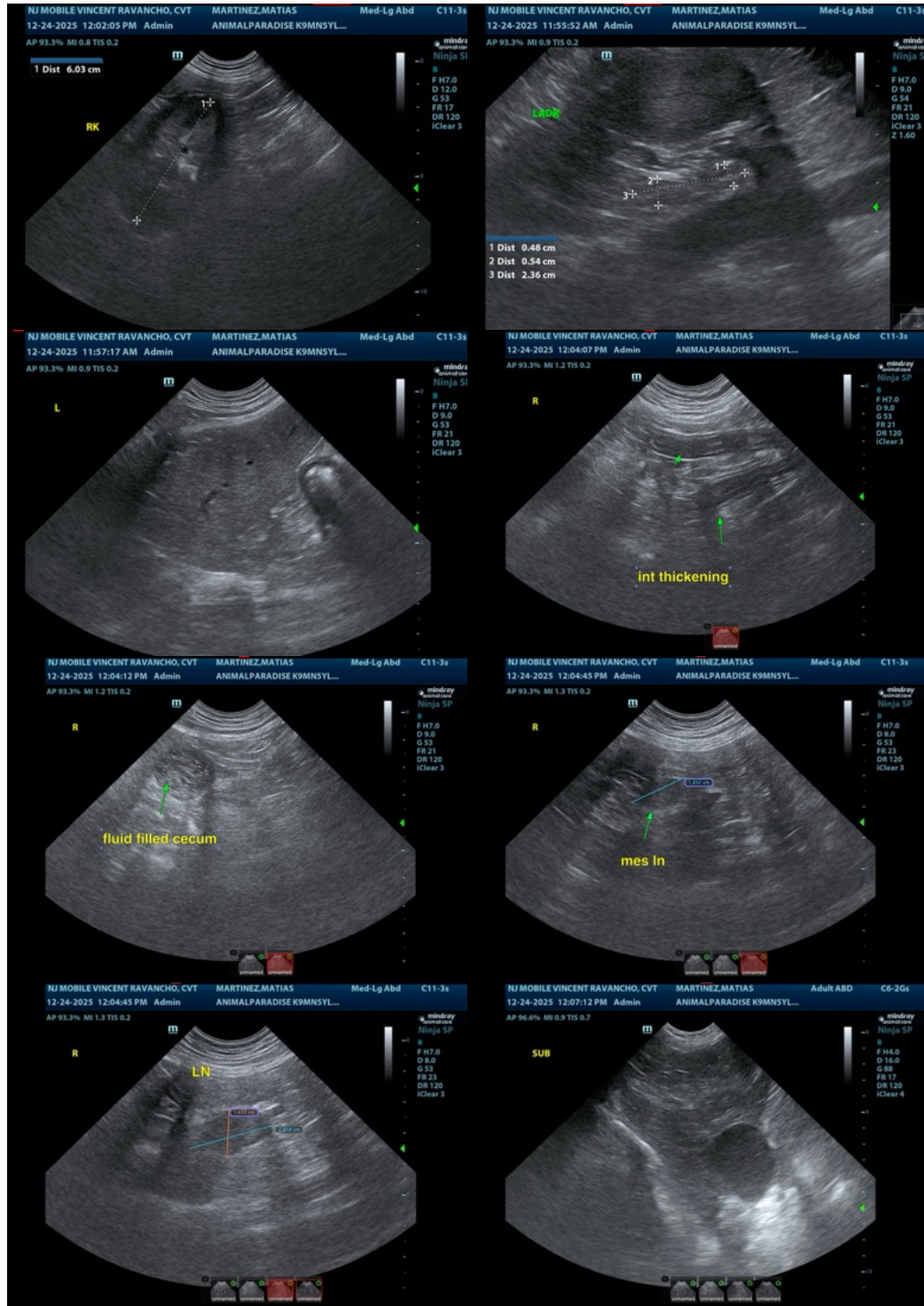
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The information and recommendations provided are based on the images presented by the referring veterinarian/sonographer. No evaluation can be communicated regarding pathology that was not visible in the image/video clips provided.



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Thank you for this referral. If the clinical or image interpretation does not parallel your findings or if I can be of any further assistance please contact me.

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