



PATIENT

Bella Henry

SPECIES

Canine

BREED

Labrador

SEX

Spayed female

AGE

10 years

WEIGHT

106 lbs

INTERPRETED BY

Eric Lindquist, DMV,
DABVP (CFM), Cert.
IVUSS, CEO of
SonoPath.com

IMAGING PERFORMED BY

Kerri Becker

HOSPITAL NAME

Paws, Wings, Scales AH

REFERRING VET

Dr. Stancel

INVOICE

69192

DATE

12/1/25

PRESENTING CLINICAL SIGNS

History: Elevated liver values. overweight, DJD, panting. Carprofen gaba and tramadol
Abnormal PE/Chem/CBC/UA Results: ALP-1097 PLT-411 mono-973

ULTRASONOGRAPHIC EXAMINATION OF THE ABDOMEN

Urinary System

The **urinary bladder**, trigone, and pelvic urethra presented normal thicknesses and normal tone. The ureters were not visible which is normal. No uroliths or sediment were visualized and anechoic urine was present. No evidence of inflammatory or neoplastic changes was noted. Ureteral papillae were normal.

The **kidneys** revealed largely normal size and structure, corticomedullary definition and ratio (cortex 1/3 of medulla) were essentially maintained with some age-related loss of curvilinear patterns regarding the capsule and C/M junction. The cortices presented largely uniform texture with some increased echogenicity expected for this age patient. Medullary structure differed distinctly from that of the cortex and no evidence of pelvic dilation was present. The right kidney measured 6.3 cm. The left kidney measured 7.0 cm.

Adrenal Glands

The left **adrenal gland** was visualized and recognized as having normal shape, size, position and echogenicity for this breed. The phrenic vasculature, glandular echogenicity and detail were unremarkable. Capsule, cortex, and medullary definition were normal for this age patient. The left adrenal gland measured 0.5 cm. The region of the right adrenal gland was imaged with no evidence of gross pathology.

Spleen

The **spleen** presented a smooth homogeneous parenchyma hyperechoic to liver and renal cortical parenchyma. The capsule was smooth without noticeable expansion or deviation from within the spleen or adjacent pathology. The splenic vasculature demonstrated normal volume without signs of congestion or thrombosis. No sonographic evidence of acute or chronic inflammatory, neoplastic, or infarctual changes was noted.

Liver

The **liver** images from right and left intercostal as well as subcostal views revealed subjectively normal liver size, contour, and structure. Some age-related parenchymal remodeling was noted but likely not clinically significant at this time. Vascular and biliary tracts were of normal volume and no evidence of congestion was noted. The gallbladder presented some dependent debris with essentially normal contour. The cystic and common bile ducts were normal. No overt evidence of active inflammatory,



PATIENT

Bella Henry

SPECIES

Canine

BREED

Labrador

SEX

Spayed female

AGE

10 years

WEIGHT

106 lbs

INTERPRETED BY

Eric Lindquist, DMV,
DABVP (CFM), Cert.
IVUSS, CEO of
SonoPath.com

IMAGING PERFORMED BY

Kerri Becker

HOSPITAL NAME

Paws, Wings, Scales AH

REFERRING VET

Dr. Stancel

INVOICE

69192

DATE

12/1/25

infiltrative or regenerative pathology was noted but should be paired with current or past LE elevations regarding any clinical significance to this presentation. The hepatic lymph nodes were unremarkable.

Gastrointestinal

Examination of the **gastrointestinal tract** revealed a stomach and intestine free of stasis, of normal wall thickness, acceptable curvilinear mural detail, and peristaltic activity. Small and large intestine demonstrated normal luminal chyme and stool consistency respectively. No obstructive or overt infiltrative disease was noted. No associated abnormal lymphatic activity was noted.

Pancreas

The base and limbs of the **pancreas** were observed to be largely isoechoic to surrounding omental fat. Pancreatic duct and capsular contour were acceptably normal and parenchyma respected normal curvilinear patterns. No overt evidence of active inflammatory or neoplastic disease was noted.

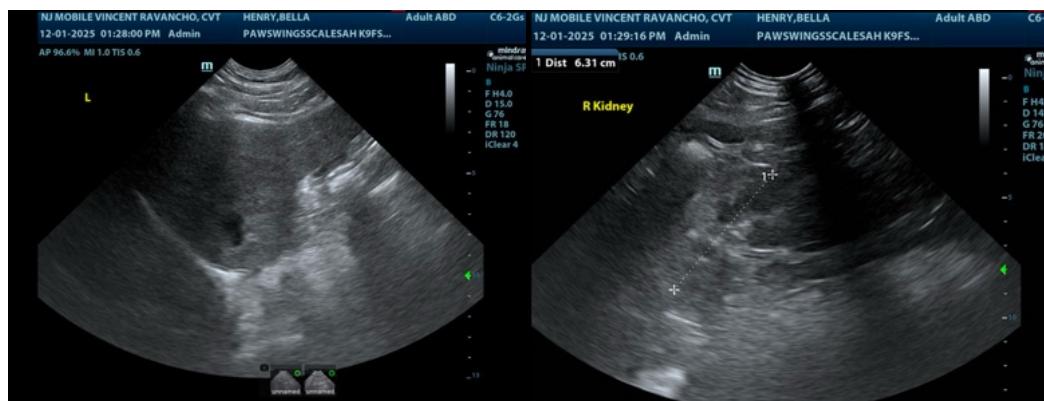
ULTRASONOGRAPHIC FINDINGS

Unremarkable abdomen.

Right adrenal gland was not imaged.

INTERPRETATION OF THE FINDINGS & FURTHER RECOMMENDATIONS

If adrenal disease is suspected then heavier sedation would be necessary to image the right adrenal gland, yet the region was adequately imaged with no gross pathology noted.





PATIENT

Bella Henry

SPECIES

Canine

BREED

Labrador

SEX

Spayed female

AGE

10 years

WEIGHT

106 lbs

INTERPRETED BY

Eric Lindquist, DMV, DABVP (CFM), Cert. IVUSS, CEO of SonoPath.com

IMAGING PERFORMED BY

Kerri Becker

HOSPITAL NAME

Paws, Wings, Scales AH

REFERRING VET

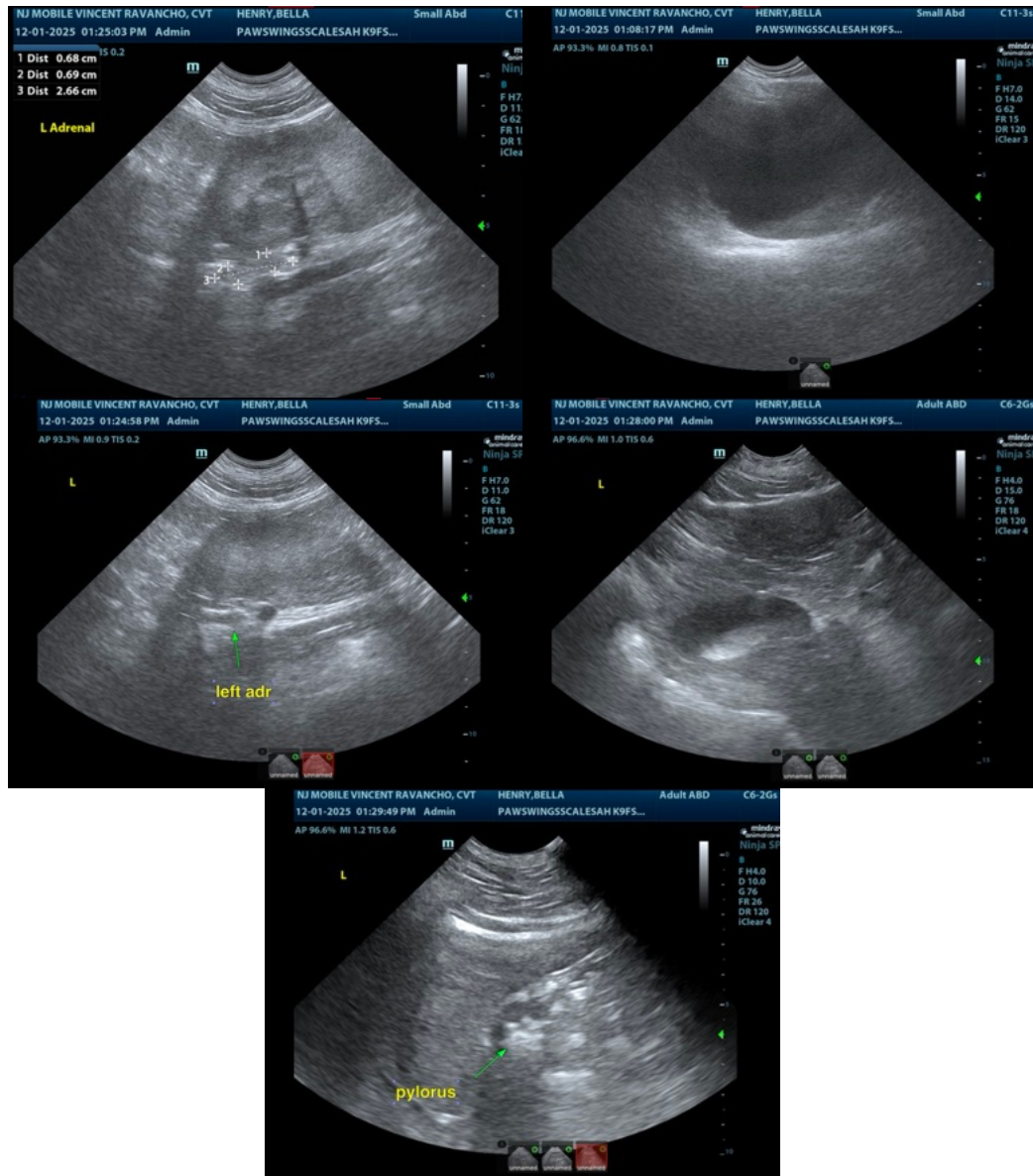
Dr. Stancel

INVOICE

69192

DATE

12/1/25



The information and recommendations provided are based on the images presented by the referring veterinarian/sonographer. No evaluation can be communicated regarding pathology that was not visible in the image/video clips provided.

Thank you for this referral. If the clinical or image interpretation does not parallel your findings or if I can be of any further assistance please contact me.

Eric Lindquist, DMV, DABVP (CFM), Cert. IVUSS, CEO of SonoPath.com

Info@SonoPath.com