

PATIENT

Cosmo Smith

SPECIES

Canine

BREED

Dachshund Mix

SEX

Neutered male

AGE

10 years

WEIGHT

17 lbs

INTERPRETED BY

Eric Lindquist, DMV,
DABVP, Cert. IVUSS

IMAGING PERFORMED BY

Sara Hansen

HOSPITAL NAME

Amazon Park AC

REFERRING VET

Dr. Jones

DATE

2/24/22

Invoice
96389

PRESENTING CLINICAL SIGNS

History of lethargy and increased respiratory effort over a few days Exam showed RR of 36, HR 120. Slight wheeze in lung fields noted. Platelets at 25,000 RBC 4.6 million HCT 29% Retic at 216,000 Heart Rate and Respiratory Rates HR 120 and RR 36 Current Medications Prednisone 7.5 mg PO bid

ULTRASONOGRAPHIC EXAMINATION OF THE ABDOMEN

Urinary System

The **urinary bladder**, trigone, and pelvic urethra presented normal thicknesses and normal tone. The pelvic urethra was imaged 2.0 cm beyond the cystourethral junction. The ureters were not visible which is normal. No uroliths or sediment were visualized and anechoic urine was present. No evidence of inflammatory or neoplastic changes was noted. Ureteral papillae were normal.

The **kidneys** revealed largely normal size and structure, corticomedullary definition and ratio (cortex 1/3 of medulla) were essentially maintained with some age-related loss of curvilinear patterns regarding the capsule and C/M junction. The cortices presented largely uniform texture with some increased echogenicity expected for this age patient. Medullary structure differed distinctly from that of the cortex and no evidence of pelvic dilation was present. The left kidney measured 4.52 cm. The right kidney measured 3.9 cm.

Adrenal Glands

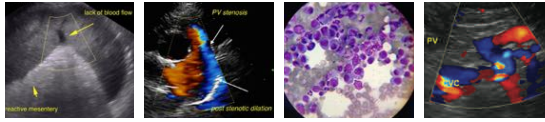
Both **adrenal glands** were visualized and recognized as having normal shape, size, position and echogenicity for this breed. The phrenic vasculature, glandular echogenicity and detail were unremarkable. Capsule, cortex, and medullary definition were normal for this age patient. The left adrenal gland measured 2.12 x 0.38 cm at the caudal pole and 0.52 cm at the cranial pole. The right adrenal gland measured 0.8 cm at the cranial pole and 0.4 cm at the caudal pole.

Spleen

The **spleen** presented a smooth homogeneous parenchyma hyperechoic to liver and renal cortical parenchyma. The capsule was smooth without noticeable expansion or deviation from within the spleen or adjacent pathology. The splenic vasculature demonstrated normal volume without signs of congestion or thrombosis. No sonographic evidence of acute or chronic inflammatory, neoplastic, or infarctual changes was noted.

Liver

The **liver** revealed coarse architecture with a cystic and nodular mass noted in the left liver. Increased portal markings were noted in the liver. Nodular irregular changes were noted throughout the caudate process of the liver. The gallbladder presented acceptably thin walls with primarily anechoic content.



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The cystic and common bile ducts were normal. No pathological hepatic lymphadenopathy was evident. No overt structural evidence of inflammatory, infiltrative or regenerative pathology was evident.

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Gastrointestinal

Examination of the **gastrointestinal tract** revealed a stomach and intestine free of stasis, of normal wall thickness, acceptable curvilinear mural detail, and peristaltic activity. Small and large intestine demonstrated normal luminal chyme and stool consistency respectively. No obstructive or overt infiltrative disease was noted. No associated abnormal lymphatic activity was noted.

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Pancreas

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The base and limbs of the **pancreas** were observed to be largely isoechoic to surrounding omental fat. Pancreatic duct and capsular contour were acceptably normal and parenchyma respected normal curvilinear patterns. No overt evidence of active inflammatory or neoplastic disease was noted.

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ULTRASONOGRAPHIC FINDINGS

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Undefined nodular disruptive hepatic changes with left cranial liver mass, cystic mass and coalescing nodules of the right liver.

Hepatic cirrhosis, hepatic neoplasia are the primary differentials, abscessation is less likely.

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INTERPRETATION OF THE FINDINGS & FURTHER RECOMMENDATIONS

Ultrasound-guided FNA is indicated after coagulation panel and VonWillebrand's assessment given the breed. Three view chest radiographs are warranted if not already performed to assess for metastatic disease. Bile acid profile is also warranted. CBC path review is warranted. There is no evidence of free abdominal bleeding; however, bleeding into the cystic portions of the hepatic pathology is possible and may be the cause of anemia. The prognosis is guarded.

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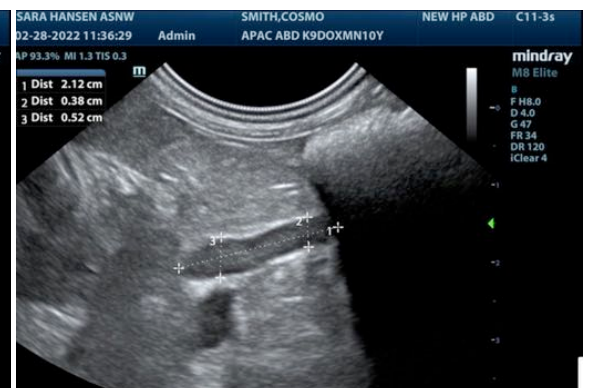
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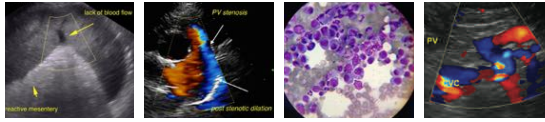
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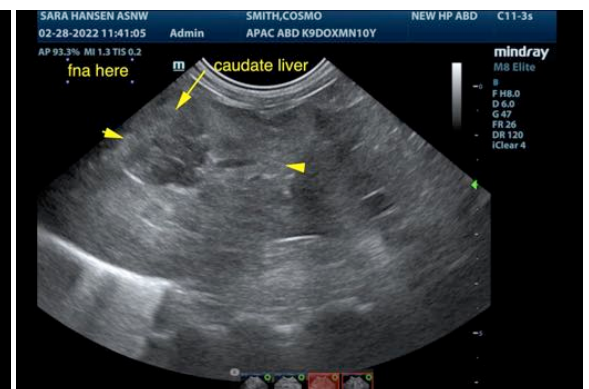
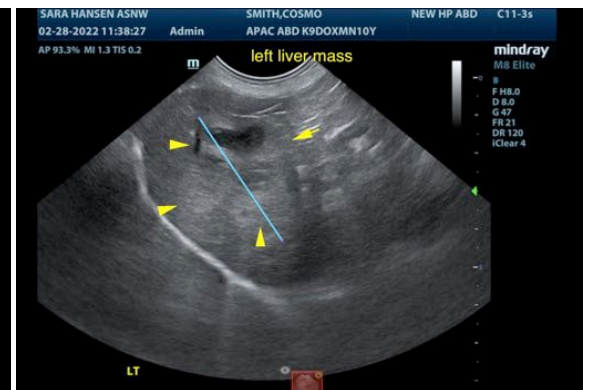
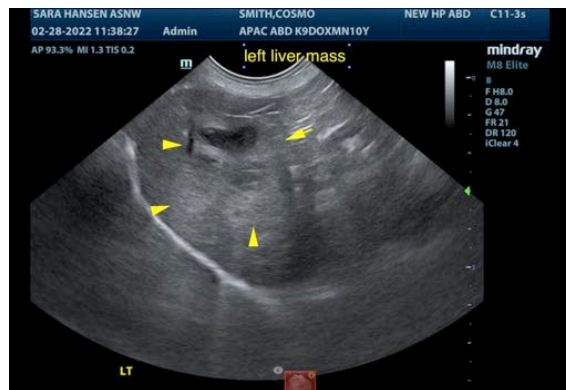
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The information and recommendations provided are based on the images presented by the referring veterinarian/sonographer. No evaluation can be communicated regarding pathology that was not visible in the image/video clips provided.

Thank you for this referral. If the clinical or image interpretation does not parallel your findings or if I can be of any further assistance please contact me.

Eric Lindquist, DMV, DABVP, Cert. IVUSS

CEO of SonoPath.com

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